Corporate Governance Report '18

Millennium bcp
Corporate Governance Report
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Introduction

Banco Comercial Português, S.A., (hereinafter referred to as “Company, Bank, BCP, Millennium bcp”) structured this Corporate Governance Report regarding the financial year of 2018, in compliance with the guidelines set forth by CMVM Circular - “Supervision of the recommendation regime of the Corporate Governance - new rules and procedures for 2019”, of 11 January 2019 - and made it in accordance with the Annex to the Regulation of CMVM nr. 4/2013 of 1 August 2013 and the Corporate Governance Code of IPCG – Instituto Português de Corporate Governance, which entered into effect on 1 January 2018, having also taken into consideration the legislation in force, namely the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies (LFCIFC), the Securities Code (SC), the Companies Code, Law nr. 62/2017 of 1 August, the Regulation from CMVM nr. 7/2018, the guidelines from the European Bank Association EBA/GL/2017/11, EBA/GL/2017/12, both from 26 September 2017 and EBA/GL/2015/22, 27/06/2016, and the Regulation (EU) nr. 596/2014 of 16 April 2014.

During the process for the replacement and transition of the CMVM Corporate Governance Code into a self-regulation model of the corporate governance recommendation regime represented by the Companies Corporate Code issued by IPCG-Instituto Português de Corporate Governance, the Bank voluntarily adhered to this Code which, similar to the precedent one does not present a mandatory nature, being based on principles and recommendations and also on the comply or explain rule.

This Report is composed of two parts:

**Part I** – regarding table I - Items 1 to 92 of the Annex to the Regulation of CMVM nr. 4/2013 on information on the shareholding structure, organization and company governance;

and,

**Part II** – regarding table II - Evaluation of the Corporate Governance - including the declaration of compliance with the Corporate Governance Code of IPCG and provision of additional information comprising an index referring to the contents of Part I.
## A. SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE

### I. Capital Structure

1. The capital structure (share capital, number of shares, distribution of capital by shareholders, etc.), including an indication of shares that are not admitted to trading, different classes of shares, rights and duties of same and the capital percentage that each class represents (article 245-A/1/a).

2. Restrictions on the transfer of shares, such as clauses on consent for disposal, or limits on the ownership of shares (Article 245-A/1/b).

3. Number of own shares, the percentage of share capital that it represents and corresponding percentage of voting rights that corresponded to own shares (Article 245-A/1/a).

4. Important agreements to which the company is a party and that come into effect, amend or terminated in cases such as a change in the control of the company after a takeover bid, and the respective effects, except where due to their nature, the disclosure thereof would be seriously detrimental to the company; this exception does not apply where the company is specifically required to disclose said information pursuant to other legal requirements (Article 245-A/1/j).

5. A system that is subject to the renewal or withdrawal of countermeasures, particularly those that provide for a restriction on the number of votes capable of being held or exercised by only one shareholder individually or together with other shareholders.

6. Shareholders’ agreements that the company is aware of and that may result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or voting rights (Article 245-A/1/g).

(continuation...)

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Match in Recommendation II.6.

Partial match as nr. 5 is broader than Recommendation II.5.
II. Shares and Bonds Held

7. Details of the natural or legal persons who, directly or indirectly, are holders of qualifying holdings (Article 245-A/1/c & d and Article 16) with details of the percentage of capital and votes attributed and the source and causes of the attribution.

8. Indication of the number of shares and bonds held by members of the management and supervisory bodies. (NOTE: the information must be provided in order to comply with the provisions of Article 447/5 of the Companies Code)

9. Special powers of the Board of Directors, especially as regards resolutions on the capital increase (Article 245-A/1/i) with an indication as to the allocation date, time period within which said powers may be carried out, the upper ceiling for the capital increase, the amount already issued pursuant to the allocation of powers and mode of implementing the powers assigned.

10. Significant business relations between holders of qualifying stakes and the company.

B. GOVERNING BODIES AND COMMITTEES

I. GENERAL MEETING

a) Composition of the Board of the General Meeting (throughout the reference year)

11. Identification and position of the members of the board of the general meeting and respective term of office (beginning and end).

b) Exercise of Voting Rights

12. Any restrictions on the right to vote, such as restrictions on voting rights subject to holding a number or percentage of shares, deadlines for exercising voting rights, or systems whereby the financial rights attaching to securities are separated from the holding of securities (Article 245-A/1/f).

13. Indication of the maximum percentage of voting rights that can be exercised by a single shareholder or by shareholders related to the former in any manner described in number 1 of article 20

(cont.)
14. Details of shareholders’ resolutions that, imposed by the articles of association, may only be taken with a qualified majority, in addition to those legally provided, and details of said majority.  
Indirect match in recommendation II.2.

II. MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION  
(Board of Directors, Executive Board of Directors and General and Supervisory Board)

a) Composition (throughout the reference year)

15. Identification of the endorsed governance model.  
No match

16. Articles of association rules on the procedural requirements governing the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable. (Article 245-A/1/h)).  
Partial match in Recommendation I.2.1.

17. Composition of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable, with details of the articles of association’s minimum and maximum number of members, duration of term of office, number of effective members, date when first appointed and end of the term of office of each member.  
No match

18. Distinction of the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors and, relating to the non-executive members, identification of the members who may be considered independent or, if applicable, identification of the independent members of the Supervisory Board  
Recommendations III.2. and III.3.

18.1. The independence of the members of the Supervisory Board and members of the Audit Committee is appraised pursuant to the legislation in force. Regarding the other members of the Board of Directors, an independent person is considered a person who is neither associated to any specific group of interests in the company of the Bank, or under any circumstance capable of influencing the impartiality of his analysis or decision making, namely as a result of:

18.1.a. Having been an employee of the company over the last three years or of a company which is in a controlling or group relationship;  
Recommendation III.4.i.

18.1.b. Having, in the last three years, provided services or established a significant business relationship with the company or company with which said company is in a control or group relationship, either directly or as a partner, board member, manager or director of the legal person;  
Recommendation III.4.ii.

18.1.c. Receiving remuneration paid by the company or by a company that is in a controlling or group relationship in addition to the remuneration derived from carrying out the tasks as a Board Member;  
Recommendation III.4.iii.
| 18.1.d. Living in non-marital cohabitation or being the spouse, relative or relative-in-law in a straight line and until the 3rd degree, inclusively, in the collateral line, of directors or natural persons directly or indirectly holding qualifying stakes; | Recommendation III.4.v. |
| 18.1.e. Being the holder of a qualifying stake or representative of a shareholder with qualifying stake. | Recommendation III.4.vi. |
| 19. Professional qualifications and other relevant curricular details of each member of the, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, The Supervisory Board and of the Executive Board of Directors. | Recommendation I.2.1 |
| 20. Customary and meaningful family, professional or business relationships of members of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, with shareholders that are assigned qualifying holdings that are greater than 2% of the voting rights. | Partial match in Recommendation III.4. (Attachment mentions commercial or professional relations and the CGC mentions family relations in paragraphs ii) and iii) . |
| 21. Organisational charts or flowcharts concerning the allocation of powers between the various corporate boards, committees and/or departments within the company, including information on delegating powers, particularly as regards the delegation of the company's daily management | 1st part: no match. There is a match in the 2nd part regarding the delegation of powers (IV.2.) |

**b) Functioning**

| 22. Existence and local where it may be consulted the regulations, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and of the Executive Board of Directors. | Recommendations I.2.2. and I.2.3. |
| 23. Number of meeting held and degree of assiduity of each member, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and the Executive Board of Directors, in the meetings held. | Recommendation I.2.4. |
| 24. Details of competent corporate boards undertaking the performance appraisal of executive directors. | Recommendations V.1.1. and V.1.2. |
| 26. The availability of each member of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and details of the positions held at the same time in other companies within and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these boards throughout the financial year. | Indirect match in Recommendation I.2.1 |
c) Committees of the Board of Directors or of the supervisory body and delegated directors

27. Details of the committees created within the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and the place where the rules on the functioning thereof is available. Recommendations III.9. and I.2.2.

28. Composition of the executive Board and/or details of the board delegate/s, where applicable. No direct match The recommendations IV.1. and IV.2. referring to the Delegation of powers do not require the identification of the members of the Executive Committee and/or delegated directors.

29. Description of the powers of each of the committees established and a summary of activities undertaken in exercising said powers. Partial match in Recommendation III.9.

III. SUPERVISION (Board of Auditors, Audit Committee or Supervisory Board)

a) Composition (throughout the reference year)

30. Identification of the supervisory body matching the adopted model No match

31. Composition, as applicable, of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board or the Financial Matters Committee, with the indication of the minimum and maximum statutory numbers, statutory duration of the mandate, number of permanent members, date of the first designation and date of each member’s the end of mandate, being allowed a remittance to an item of the report where that information is already disclosed due to the provided in nr 17. No match

32. Indication, as applicable, of the members of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board or the Financial Matters Committee that are considered to be independent, as provided for in Article 414/5 of the Companies Code, being allowed a remittance to an item of the report where that information is already disclosed due to the provided in nr 18. No match

33. Indication, as applicable, of the members of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board or the Financial Matters Committee that are considered to be independent, as provided for in Article 414/5 of the Companies Code, being allowed a remittance to an item of the report where that information is already disclosed due to the provided in nr 21. Recommendation I.2.1
b) Functioning

34. Availability and place where the rules on the functioning of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, may be viewed, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears due to the provided in nr. 22. Recommendations I.2.2. and I.2.3.

35. Availability and place where the rules on the functioning of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, may be viewed, and reference to the section of the Report where said information already appears due to the provided in nr. 23. Recommendation I.2.4.

36. The availability of each member of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board or the Financial Matters Committee, as applicable, and details of the positions held at the same time in other companies within and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these boards throughout the financial year, being allowed a remittance to an item of the report where that information is already disclosed due to the provided in nr. 26. No direct match, in recommendation I.2.1. (includes the availability among the criteria for the evaluation of the members of the corporate bodies).

c) Competence and duties

37. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body for the purposes of hiring additional services from the external auditor. Recommendation III.12

38. Other duties of the supervisory body and, where appropriate, the Financial Matters Committee. Recommendations I.5.1., III.7., III.8., III.11., III.12., V.1.2., VII.1.1., VII.2.1., VII.2.5.

39. Identification of the statutory auditor and its representative partner statutory auditor. No match

IV. STATUTORY AUDITOR

40. State the number of years that the statutory auditor consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group. No match

41. Description of other services rendered by the statutory auditor to the company. No match

42. Identification of the external auditor appointed for the purposes of article 8 and its corresponding representative partner statutory in the performance of duties, together with the CMVM’s registry number. No match
43. Number of years that the external auditor and respective partner that represents same in carrying out these duties consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group.

44. Rotation policy and schedule of the external auditor and the respective partner that represents said auditor in carrying out such duties.

45. Details of the Board responsible for assessing the external auditor and the regular intervals when said assessment is carried out.

46. Details of services, other than auditing, carried out by the external auditor for the company and/or companies in a control relationship and an indication of the internal procedures for approving the recruitment of such services and a statement on the reasons for said recruitment.

47. Details of the annual remuneration paid by the company and/or legal entities in a control or group relationship to the auditor and other natural or legal persons pertaining to the same network and the percentage breakdown relating to the following services (For the purposes of this information, the network concept results from the European Commission Recommendation No. C (2002) 1873 of 16 May)

C. INTERNAL ORGANISATION

I. Articles of Association

48. Regras applicable to the amendment of the articles of association (Article 245-A/1/h).

II. Communication of Irregularities

49. Reporting means and policy on the reporting of irregularities in the company. Recommendation I.2.5.

III. Internal control and risk management

50. Individuals, boards or committees responsible for the internal audit and/or implementation of the internal control systems. Correspondence in Recommendations III.10., III.11. and III.12.

51. Details, even including organisational structure, of hierarchical and/or functional dependency in relation to other boards or committees of the company. No match
52. Other functional areas responsible for risk control. | No match
---
53. Details and description of the major economic, financial and legal risks to which the company is exposed in pursuing its business activity. | Recommendation VI.2.al.i)
---
54. Description of the procedure for identification, assessment, monitoring, control and risk management. | Recommendations VI.1. to VI.3.
---
55. Core details on the internal control and risk management systems implemented in the company regarding the procedure for reporting financial information (Article 245-A/1/m) | No match
---

IV. Investor Support

56. Department responsible for investor assistance, composition, functions, the information made available by said department and contact details. | Partial match in Recommendation I.1.1.
---
57. Market Liaison Officer. | Partial match in Recommendation I.1.1.
---
58. Data on the extent and deadline for replying to the requests for information received throughout the year or pending from preceding years. | Partial match in Recommendation I.1.1.
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V. Website

59. Address(es) | No match
---
60. Place where information on the firm, public company status, headquarters and other details referred to in Article 171 of the Commercial Companies Code is available. | No match
---
61. Place where the articles of association and regulations on the functioning of the boards and/or committees are available. | Recommendation I.2.3
---
62. Place where information is available on the names of the corporate boards' members, the Market Liaison Officer, the Investor Assistance Office or comparable structure, respective functions and contact details. | No match
---
63. Place where the documents are available and relate to financial accounts reporting, which should be accessible for at least five years and the half-yearly calendar on company events that is published at the beginning of every six months, including, inter alia, general meetings, disclosure of annual, half-yearly and where applicable, quarterly financial statements. | No match
64. Place where the notice convening the general meeting and all the preparatory and subsequent information related thereto is disclosed.  
No match

65. Place where the historical archive on the resolutions passed at the company’s General Meetings, share capital and voting results relating to the preceding three years are available  
No match

D. REMUNERATIONS

I. Competence for determination

66. Details of the powers for establishing the remuneration of corporate boards, members of the executive committee or chief executive and directors of the company.  
Recommendation V.2.1.

II. THE REMUNERATIONS COMMISSION

67. Composition of the remuneration committee, including details of individuals or legal persons recruited to provide services to said committee and a statement on the independence of each member and advisor.  
Correspondence in Recommendations I.2.4., V.2.1. and V.2.6.

68. Knowledge and experience in remuneration policy issues by members of the Remuneration Committee.  
No match

III. Structure of remunerations

69. Description of the remuneration policy for the management and supervisory bodies referred to in article 2 of Law 28/2009, of 19 June.  
Recommendation V.2.3.

70. Information on how remuneration is structured so as to enable the aligning of the interests of the members of the board of directors with the company’s long-term interests and how it is based on the performance assessment and how it discourages excessive risk taking.  
Recommendations V.2.3., par. i), and V.3.1.

71. Reference, where applicable, to there being a variable remuneration component and information on any potential impact of the performance appraisal on this component.  
Recommendations V.2.3., par. i), and V.3.1.

72. The deferred payment of the remuneration’s variable component and specify the relevant deferral period.  
Recommendation V.2.3.
### IV. Disclosure of remunerations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>73.</td>
<td>The criteria whereon the allocation of variable remuneration on shares is based, and also on maintaining company shares that the executive directors have had access to, on the possible share contracts, including hedging or risk transfer contracts, the corresponding limit and its relation to the total annual remuneration value. Recommendations V.2.3., par. iii), and V.3.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74.</td>
<td>The criteria whereon the allocation of variable remuneration on options is based and details of the deferral period and the exercise price. Recommendations V.2.3., par. iii), and V.3.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75.</td>
<td>The key factors and grounds for any annual bonus scheme and any additional non-financial benefits. No immediate match, but as stated in the Recommendation V.2.3., par. i)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76.</td>
<td>Key characteristics of the supplementary pensions or early retirement schemes for directors and state date when said schemes were approved at the general meeting, on an individual basis. No match</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77.</td>
<td>Details on the amount relating to the annual remuneration paid as a whole and individually to members of the company’s board of directors, including fixed and variable remuneration and as regards the latter, reference to the different components that gave rise to same. Recommendation V.2.3., par. i)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78.</td>
<td>Any amounts paid, for any reason whatsoever, by other companies in a control or group relationship, or are subject to a common control. Recommendation V.2.3., par. ii)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79.</td>
<td>Remuneration paid in the form of profit sharing and/or bonus payments and the reasons for said bonuses or profit sharing being awarded. No match but as stated in the Recommendation V.2.3., par. i)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80.</td>
<td>Compensation paid or owed to former executive directors concerning contract termination during the financial year. Recommendations V.2.3., par. vi), and V.2.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81.</td>
<td>Details of the annual remuneration paid, as a whole and individually, to the members of the company’s supervisory board for the purposes of Law No. 28/2009 of 19 June. Recommendation V.2.3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82.</td>
<td>Details of the remuneration in said year of the Chairman of the Presiding Board to the General Meeting. No match</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
V. Agreements with remunerative implications

83. The envisaged contractual restraints for compensation payable for the unfair dismissal of directors and the relevance thereof to the remunerations' variable component. Recommendation V.3.5.

84. Reference to the existence and description, with details of the sums involved, of agreements between the company and members of the board of directors and managers, pursuant to Article 248-B/3 of the Securities Code that envisages compensation in the event of resignation or unfair dismissal or termination of employment following a takeover bid. (Article 245-A/1/l)) (article 245-A/1/l)) Without direct correspondence, but in accordance with Recommendation V.3.5.

VI. Plans for the attribution of shares or stock options

85. Details of the plan and the number of persons included therein. Recommendation V.2.3., par. iii)

86. Characterization of the plan (share-assignment conditions, non-transfer of share clauses, criteria on share-pricing and the exercising of options, period during which the options may be exercised, characteristics of the shares or options to be distributed, the existence of incentives to purchase of shares and/or exercise options). Recommendation V.2.3., par. iii)

87. Option rights granted for the acquisition of stock (stock options) of which the workers and employees of the company are beneficiaries. No match

88. Control mechanisms envisaged in possible employee-participation schemes in capital to the extent that voting rights are not exercised directly by them (art. 245-A/1/l). No match

E. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

I. Control mechanisms and procedures

89. Mechanisms implemented by the Company for the purpose of controlling transactions with related parties (For this purpose, see the concept emerging from IAS 24). Recommendations I.5.1. and I.5.2.
90. Details of transactions that were subject to control in the referred year.

No match, but as stated in Recommendations I.5.1. and I.5.2.

91. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body when same provides preliminary assessment of the business deals to be carried out between the company and the holders of qualifying holdings or entity-relationships with the former, as envisaged in Article 20 of the Securities Code.

Recommendations I.5.1. and I.5.2.

II. Elements relative to business

92. Details of the place where the financial statements including information on business dealings with related parties are available, in accordance with IAS 24, or alternatively a copy of said data.

No match.
Chapter I – GENERAL PART

I.1. Company’s Investor Relations and Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principle</th>
<th>Recommendation:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Companies and, in particular, their directors must treat shareholders and other investors in an fair manner, ensuring, in particular, mechanisms and procedures for the appropriate treatment and disclosure of information.</td>
<td>I.1.1. The company must create mechanisms able of ensuring, in a strict and appropriate manner, the production, processing and the timely disclosure of information to its corporate bodies, investors and remaining stakeholders, the financial analysts and to the market in general. Compliant Items: 56., 57. and 58.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I.2. Diversity in the composition and functioning of the corporate bodies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principles:</th>
<th>Recommendations:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I.2.A The companies must ensure diversity in the composition of the respective corporate bodies and the adoption of individual merit criteria in the respective appointment processes, which pertain exclusively to the shareholders.</td>
<td>I.2.1. The companies must establish criteria and requirements regarding the profile of new members of the corporate bodies which suit the function to perform. Thus, in addition to individual attributes (such as competence, independence, integrity, availability and experience), those profiles must consider diversity requirements, notably gender, which may contribute to improve the performance of the corporate body and to the achievement of a balanced composition. Compliant Items: 16.17.,19.,26. and 33.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I.2.B The companies must have straightforward and transparent decision-making structures and ensure maximum efficiency in the functioning of its corporate bodies and commissions.</td>
<td>I.2.2. The management and supervision bodies and their internal commissions must obey to internal regulations – namely on the exercise of the respective attributions, chairmanship, periodicity of meetings, functioning and duties of their members – and detailed minutes of the respective meetings must be written-up. Compliant Items: 22., 27. and 34.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(cont.)
I.2.3. The internal regulations of the management and supervision bodies and of their internal commissions must be fully disclosed on the company’s website.

I.2.4. The composition, the number of annual meetings of the management and supervision bodies and of its internal commissions must be disclosed through the company’s website.

I.2.5. The Company’s regulations must safeguard the existence and operation of mechanisms for the detection and prevention of irregularities, as well as the adoption of a policy on communication of irregularities (whistleblowing), which guarantees adequate means for its communication and treatment, safeguarding the confidentiality of the given information and the identity of the notifier, whenever requested.

I.3. Relation between corporate bodies

Principle

Recommendations:

I.3.1. The articles or other equivalent means adopted by the company must establish mechanisms to ensure that, within the limits of applicable legislation, members of the management and supervisory body are allowed to permanently access all information and employees of the company for performance assessment, status and prospects for the development of the company, including, in particular, the minutes, supporting documentation of decisions that were made, call notices and filing meetings of the executive management body, without prejudice of access to any other documents or persons to whom clarifications may be requested.

I.3.2. Each body and committee of the company must ensure, in a timely and adequate manner, the flow of information, from the respective call notices and minutes, necessary for the exercise of the legal and statutory powers of each of the other bodies and committees.

Items: 22, 34, and 61.


Item: 49.

Items: 22.
### I.4. Conflicts of interest

**Principle**

Existing or potential conflicts of interest between members of corporate bodies or committees and the company, should be prevented. It must be ensured that the member in conflict does not interfere in the decision-making process.

**Recommendations:**

| **I.4.1.** An obligation should be put on members of corporate bodies and committees to inform, in a timely manner, their respective body or committee of the facts that may constitute or give cause to a conflict between their interests and the company’s interest. | Compliant | Items: 20, 89, 90, and 91. |
| **I.4.2.** Procedures should be adopted to ensure that the member in conflict does not interfere in the decision-making process, without prejudice to the duty to provide information and clarifications requested by the body, the committee or its members. | Compliant | Item: 20. |

### I.5. Transactions with related parties

**Principle**

Due to the potential risks involved, transactions with related parties must be justified by the interests of the company and carried out under market conditions, subject to principles of transparency and adequate supervision.

**Recommendations:**

| **I.5.1.** The management body should define, with binding prior opinion of the supervisory body, the type, scope and minimum value, individual or aggregate, of the transactions with the related parties that: (i) require the prior approval of the management body; (ii) and those that, because they are of a higher value, also require a prior favourable opinion from the supervisory body. | Compliant | Items: 37, 89, 90, and 91. |
| **I.5.2.** The management body should, every six months, report to the supervisory board all the businesses covered by Recommendation I.5.1. | Compliant | Items: 89, 90, and 91. |
Chapter II – SHAREHOLDERS AND GENERAL MEETING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principles:</th>
<th>Recommendations:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II.A The proper involvement of shareholders in corporate governance is a positive factor of corporate governance, as an instrument for the efficient performance of the company and for achieving the social purpose.</td>
<td>II.1. The company should not set an excessively large number of shares necessary to give the right to a vote, and should state in the governance report its option whenever it implies a deviation from the principle that each share corresponds to one vote.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.B The company should promote the personal participation of the shareholders in General Meetings, as space of communication of the shareholders with the corporate bodies and committees and of reflection about the company.</td>
<td>II.2. The company should not adopt mechanisms that hinder the adoption of resolutions by their shareholders, in particular establishing a deliberative quorum higher than that established by law.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.C. The company should also allow the participation of shareholders in the General Meeting using electronic means, postal ballot and, in particular, electronic vote, unless, because of the associated costs, it becomes disproportionate.</td>
<td>II.3. The company must implement adequate resources to exercise the right to use correspondence vote, including by electronic means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II.4. The company must implement adequate means for the participation of shareholders in the meeting by telematic means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II.5. Articles of association of companies which foresee the limitation of the number of votes which may be held or exercised by a single shareholder, individually or in combination with other shareholders, must also establish that, at least every five years, the alteration or maintenance of this statutory provision will be subject to deliberation by the General Meeting – without requirement of a quorum larger than that legally established – and that, in this deliberation, all the votes cast will count, without the application of this limitation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II.6. Measures should not be adopted if they determine payments or the incurrence of expenses by the company in the event of the transfer of control or change of the composition of the management body, and which might hinder the financial interest in the free transferability of shares and the free appraisal by the shareholders of the performance of Directors.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Compliant Item: 12. |
Not accepted but explained Items: 12 and 14 |
Compliant Item: 12. (First part) |
Non Compliant but explained, in the text of its Recommendation |
Compliant Items: 5 and 13 |
Compliant Item: 4. |
## Chapter III - NON-EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION

### Principles:

III.A. The members of corporate bodies with functions of non-executive management and supervision must exercise, in an effective and judicious manner, a supervisory and defiant function in relation to the executive management for the full accomplishment of the social purpose, and this action must be complemented by committees in central areas of corporate governance.

III.B. The composition of the auditing and supervisory body and all non-executive directors should provide the company with a balanced and adequate diversity of skills, knowledge and professional experience.

III.C. The supervisory body should develop a permanent supervision of the company’s management, also with a preventive goal, accompanying the activity of the company and, in particular, decisions of paramount importance for the company.

### Recommendations:

III.1. Without damaging the legal functions of the chairperson of the Board of Directors, if he/she is not independent, the independent directors must appoint amongst them a coordinator (lead independent director) to, namely: (i) act, whenever necessary, as interlocutor with the chairperson of the board of directors and with the remaining directors; (ii) endeavour that they all have the conditions and means necessary for the exercise of their functions; and (iii) coordinate them in the assessment of the performance by the administration body as foreseen in recommendation V.1.1.

III.2. The number of non-executive members of the administrative body as well as the number of members of the supervisory board and the number of members of the Financial Matters Committee should be compatible with the size of the company and the complexity of the inherent risks of its activity, but sufficient to ensure that they can efficiently carry out the tasks entrusted to them.

III.3. In any case, the number of non-executive directors must exceed that of executive directors.

III.4. Each company must include a number not less than one-third but always plural, of non-executive directors who meet the requirements of independence. For the purposes of this recommendation, a person is considered independent as long as he/she is not associated with any group of specific interests in the company, or is not in a position susceptible to affect his/her ability to make an impartial analysis or decision, in particular due to:

i. Having exercised more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any corporate body of the company;
| Item: 18.1.a. | ii. Being an employee of the company over the last three years or a company which is in a controlling or group relationship; |
| Item: 18.1 b) | iii. Having, in the last three years, provided services or established a significant business relationship with the company or company with which said company is in a control or group relationship, either directly or as a partner, board member, manager or director of the legal person; |
| Item: 18.1.c. | iv. Receiving remuneration paid by the company or by a company that is in a controlling or group relationship in addition to the remuneration derived from carrying out the tasks as a director; |
| Item: 18.1.d. | V. Living in non-marital cohabitation or being the spouse, relative or relative-in-law in a straight line and until the 3rd degree, inclusive, in the collateral line, of directors of the company, of a legal person holder of a qualifying stake in the company or of natural persons directly or indirectly holding qualifying stakes; |
| Item: 18.1.e. | vi. Being the holder of a qualifying stake or representative of a shareholder with qualifying stakes. |
| Item: 18.1.g. | III.5. The provisions of paragraph (i) of recommendation III.4 shall not preclude the qualification of a new director as independent if, between the termination of his duties in any company body and his new designation, at least three years have elapsed (off period). |
| Item: 21. - Board of Directors | III.6. Non-executive directors should participate in the definition, by the management body, of the strategy, main policies, corporate structure and decisions that are considered strategic to the company by virtue of their amount or risk, as well as in the assessment of their compliance. |
| Item: 18. and 37. | III.7. The general and supervisory board should, within the framework of its legal and statutory powers, collaborate with the executive board of directors in defining the strategy, main policies, corporate structure and decisions that should be considered strategic for the company, due to its amount or risk, as well as in the assessment of their compliance. |
III.8. In compliance with the powers conferred upon it by law, the supervisory body should, in particular, monitor, assess and give opinion on the strategic guidelines and risk policy defined by the management body.

Compliant Items: 21. Audit Committee and 37.

III.9. Companies must establish specialized internal committees that are appropriate to their size and complexity, covering, separately or cumulatively, matters of corporate governance, remuneration and performance appraisal, and appointments.

Compliant Items: 27 and 29

III.10. Risk management, internal control and internal audit systems should be structured appropriately according to the size of the company and the complexity of the risks that are inherent to its activity.

Compliant Items: 50. and 52.

III.11. The supervisory body and the financial committees should oversee the effectiveness of systems and risk management, internal control and internal audit, and propose any adjustments that may prove necessary.

Compliant Items: 37 and 50

III.12. The Supervisory Body should issue an opinion on the work plans and resources allocated to the internal control, including control of compliance with the regulations applied to the company (compliance services) and of internal audit, and should receive the reports produced by these services at least when concerning matters related to the presentation of accounts, the identification or resolution of conflicts of interests and the detection of potential irregularities.

Compliant Items: 37 and 50
### Chapter IV - EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

#### Principles:

IV.A As a way to increase the efficiency and quality of the performance of the management body and the suitable flow of information to this body, the day-to-day management of the company must belong to executive directors with the appropriate proficiency, skills and experience, that their function requires. Executive management is responsible for managing the company, pursuing the goals of the company and aiming to contribute to its sustainable development.

IV.B In determining the number of executive directors, the size of the company, the complexity of its activity and its geographical dispersion must be taken into account, in addition to the costs and the desirable agility in the way the executive management works.

#### Recommendations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendations</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Board or Committee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IV.1. The management body should approve, through internal regulations or through an equivalent means, the working regime of executives and their performance in executive functions in entities outside the group.</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
<td>Items: 21. - Executive Committee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV.2. The administration body must assure that the company acts in accordance with its objectives, and should not delegate its powers, namely, with respect to: i) definition of the strategy and general policies of the company; ii) definition of the Group's business structure; iii) decisions which should be considered strategic due to their amount, risk or special features</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
<td>Item: 21. - Board of Directors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV.3. The management body should set risk-taking goals and ensure that they are fulfilled.</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
<td>Item: 21. - Board of Directors and Recommendation IV.4.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV.4. The supervisory body should organize itself internally by implementing periodic control mechanisms and procedures to ensure that the risks effectively incurred by the company are consistent with the objectives set by the management body</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
<td>Item: 21. - Audit Committee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(cont.)
Chapter V - PERFORMANCE EVALUATION, REMUNERATION
AND NOMINATIONS

V.1 Annual Performance Evaluation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principle</th>
<th>Recommendations:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| The company should promote the evaluation of the performance of the executive body and its members individually and also of the overall performance of the management body and of the specialized committees established within it. | V.1.1. The management body should evaluate annually its performance as well as the performance of its committees and of the delegated directors, taking into account the compliance with the company's strategic plan and budget, risk management, internal performance of the management and of its committees, as well as the relationship between corporate bodies and committees.  
Compliant | Items: 24 and 25 |
| V.1.2. The supervisory body must supervise the management of the company and, in particular, evaluate annually the compliance with the company's strategic plan and budget, risk management, the internal functioning of the management body and its committees, and the relationship between bodies and committees of the company. | Compliant | Items: 24., 25. and 37. |

V.2 Remunerations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principle</th>
<th>Recommendations:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| The remuneration policy of members of management and supervision bodies must allow the company to attract, at a reasonable economic cost for their situation, qualified professionals, to induce the alignment of interests with those of the shareholders - taking into account the wealth effectively created by the company, the economic situation and the market situation - and to constitute a factor for the development of a culture of professionalisation, promotion of merit and transparency in society. | V.2.1. The establishment of remunerations should be made by a committee whose composition ensures its independence from management.  
Not applicable | Items: 66 and 67 |
V.2.2. The remunerations commission must approve, at the beginning of each term-of-office, the making and confirm, every year, the remuneration policy of the members of the corporate bodies and commissions of the company, wherein the respective fixed components are established and, regarding the executive directors or directors temporarily in charge of executive tasks, if there is a variable component of the remuneration, the respective criteria for attribution and measurement, the limitation mechanisms, the mechanisms for the deferment of the payment of the remuneration, and the remuneration mechanisms based on options or shares of the company itself.

V.2.3. The statement on the remuneration policy of the management and supervisory bodies referred to in article 2 of Law 28/2009, of 19 June, should also contain:

i. The total remuneration broken down by the different components, the relative proportion of the variable remuneration, an explanation of how the total remuneration complies with the remuneration policy adopted, including how it contributes to the long-term performance of society, and information on how performance criteria were applied.

Compliant Items: 27.b), 66., 67. and 69.

ii. The remunerations from companies part of the same group;

Compliant Items: 69 and 81.

iii. The number of shares and of options on shares granted or offered and the main conditions for the exercise of the rights, including price and the date of that exercise and any alteration in those conditions;

Compliant Items: 70. to 85.

iv. Information of the possibility of requesting the return of a variable remuneration;

Compliant Items: 69., 70. and 80.

v. Information on any deviation from the procedure for implementing the approved remuneration policy, including an explanation of the nature of the exceptional circumstances and an indication of the specific elements to be waived;

Compliant Item: 66.
vi. Information on the payability or non-payability of amounts relative to the termination of duties of directors.

Compliant Item: 80.

V.2.4. For each term of office, the remuneration committee should also approve the pension scheme of directors, if the articles will allow it, and the maximum amount of any compensation to be paid to the member of any body or committee of the company in case they leave office.

Compliant Items: 69., 76., 80., 83., e 84. and Recommendation V.2.5.

V.2.5. With the purpose to provide information or clarification to the shareholders, the chairman or, in his / her absence, another member of the remuneration committee shall be present at the annual general meeting and any other meetings if the respective agenda includes a matter related to the remuneration of the members of the bodies and committees of the company or if such presence has been requested by shareholders

Compliant Item: 67. Recommendation V.2.4.

V.2.6. Within the budgetary constraints of the company, the remuneration committee must be able to freely decide on the contracting, by the company, of the consultancy services necessary or convenient for the performance of its duties. The Remuneration Committee should ensure that the services are provided with independence and that the respective providers will not be hired for the provision of any other services to the company itself or to other companies that are in a control or group relationship without the express authorization of Committee.

Compliant Items: 27.b) and 67.

V.3 Remuneration of Directors

Principle

Directors should receive compensation:

Recommendations:

V.3.1. Bearing in mind the alignment of interests between the company and executive directors, a portion of their remuneration should be of a variable nature so as to reflect the sustained performance of the company and does not encourage excessive risk-taking.

Compliant Item: 70.
V.3.2. A significant part of the variable component must be partially deferred over time for a period of not less than three years, associating it with the confirmation of the sustainability of performance, under the terms defined in the company’s regulations.

Compliant Item: 70.

V.3.3. When variable remuneration comprises options or other instruments directly or indirectly dependent on the value of the shares, the beginning of the exercise period shall be deferred for a term of not less than three years.

Compliant Item: 70.

V.3.4. The remuneration of the non-executive directors should not include any component whose value depends on the performance or value of the company.

Compliant Item: 69.

V.3.5. The company should have the appropriate legal instruments so that the termination of functions before the term of office does not directly or indirectly result in the payment to the director of any amounts other than those set forth by the law, and should explain the legal instruments adopted in the corporate governance report.

Compliant Items: 83 and 84.

V.4. Nominations

Principle

Recommendations:

Regardless of the appointment procedure, profile, expertise and curriculum of the members of the corporate bodies and senior managers, they should be suitable to the performance of the function.

V.4.1. The company should, under such terms as it deems appropriate, but in a manner that can be demonstrated, promote that proposals for the election of members of corporate bodies are accompanied by a justification on the suitability of the profile, expertise and curriculum to the function of each candidate.

Compliant Item: 17.

V.4.2. Unless the size of the company does not justify it, the function of monitoring and supporting appointments to senior management positions should be attributed to a Committee for Nominations.

Compliant Item: 27 b) Committee for Nominations and Remuneration.
V.4.3. This commission includes a majority of independent non-executive members.

V.4.4. The Committee for Nominations should make its terms of reference available and should, to the extent of its competences, foster transparent selection procedures that include effective mechanisms for identifying potential candidates, and that those who have the greatest merit, are better suited to the requirements of the function, and promote within the organization adequate diversity including gender, should be the ones chosen for the proposal.

Chapter VI – RISK MANAGEMENT

Principle

Based on the medium and long-term strategy, the company must establish a system of risk management and control and internal audit that allows to anticipate and minimize the risks inherent to the activity.

Recommendations:

VI.1. The Board of Directors should discuss and approve the company's strategic plan and risk policy, including the formulation of acceptable risk levels.

VI.2. Based on its risk policy, the company must establish a risk management system, identifying (i) the main risks to which it is exposed in the development of its activity; (ii) the probability of their occurrence and their impact; (iii) the instruments and measures to be adopted with for the purpose of their mitigation; (iv) monitoring procedures for their follow-up; and (v) the supervisory procedure, periodic evaluation and adjustment of the system.

VI.3. The company should evaluate annually the degree of internal compliance and the performance of the risk management system, as well as the potential for change of the previously defined risk framework.
Chapter VII - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VII.1 Financial information

Principles:  
VII.A. The supervisory body should independently and diligently ensure that the management body fulfils its responsibilities in the choice of appropriate accounting policies and criteria and in the establishment of appropriate systems for financial reporting, risk management, for internal control and audit.

VII.1.1. The internal regulation of the supervisory body should impose that it supervises the adequacy of the preparation and disclosure of financial information by the management body, including the adequacy of accounting policies, estimates, judgements, relevant disclosures and their consistent application between exercises, in a duly documented and reported manner.

Items: 21 – Audit Committee and 37.

Recommendations:  
VII.B. The supervisory body should promote an adequate articulation between the work of the internal audit and the statutory audit of accounts.

VII.2 Statutory audit of accounts and supervision

Principle

It is incumbent upon the supervisory body to establish and monitor formal, clear and transparent procedures on the way the company selects and relates to the statutory auditor, and to verify if that auditor complies with the rules of independence that the law and professional standards impose.

Recommendations:  
VII.2.1. Through internal regulations, the supervisory body should define:

i. The criteria and selection process for the Statutory Auditor;

Item: 37.

ii. The methodology of communication of the company with the Statutory Auditor;

Item: 37 and Recommendation VII.2.1.
iii. The supervisory procedures designed to ensure the independence of the statutory auditor;

iv. Other than auditing services which can not be provided by the statutory auditor.

VII.2.2. The supervisory body should be the main discussion partner of the Statutory Auditor and the first to receive the reports, and should propose the respective remuneration and ensure that the company provides the appropriate conditions for the provision of the audit services.

VII.2.3. The supervisory body should evaluate annually the work, independence and suitability for the performance of duties carried out by the statutory auditor and propose, to the competent body, the auditor’s dismissal or the termination of the work contract whenever there is just cause for that.

VII.2.4. The statutory auditor should, under his duties, verify the application of the remuneration policies and systems of the governing bodies, the efficacy and operation of the internal control mechanisms and report any failures to the supervisory body.

VII.2.5. The statutory auditor should cooperate with the supervisory body and should immediately provide information on any irregularities that it has detected, relevant to the performance of the functions of the supervisory body and any difficulties encountered in the performance of its duties.
Part I – Information on Shareholder Structure, Organisation and Corporate Governance

A. SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE

I. Capital Structure

1. The capital structure (share capital, number of shares, distribution of capital by shareholders, etc.), including an indication of shares that are not admitted to trading, different classes of shares, rights and duties of same and the capital percentage that each class represents (Article 245-A/1/a).

On the date this Report was made (March 2019) the share capital of the Bank amounted to 4,725,000,000.00 Euros, represented by 15,113,989,952 shares of a single category, nominative, book-entry, without nominal value, fully subscribed and paid up, all admitted to trading in a regulated market (Euronext Lisbon). These shares represent 100% of the share capital, confer identical rights and are fungible between them.

According to the information provided by Interbolsa, as at 31 December 2018, the number of shareholders of Banco Comercial Português totalled 159,670.

The Bank’s shareholder structure continues, on 31 December 2018, to be very dispersed, with four shareholders owning more than 2% of the share capital. Of these, only two have a stake above 5%. As a whole, the shareholders with qualifying stakes represented 52.2% of the share capital.

Shareholders with more than 5 million shares represented, on 31 December of 2018, 76% of the share capital. In terms of geographic distribution, special note should be made of the weight of the shareholders in Portugal, which accounted for 31% of the total number of shareholders.

Pursuant to its articles of association, the Bank has the ability to issue shares with special rights, namely voting or non-voting preferential shares either redeemable with or without premium or not redeemable.

For the issuance of this type of shares it is necessary the adoption of a resolution by the Shareholders at the General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority of 2/3 of the votes cast.

2. Restrictions on the transfer of shares, such as clauses on consent for disposal, or limits on the ownership of shares (Article 245-A/1/b).

The shares representing the Bank’s share capital are freely transferable.

3. Number of own shares, the percentage of share capital that it represents and corresponding percentage of voting rights that corresponded to own shares (Article 245-A/1/a).

The treasury stock (BCP shares) held by entities included in the consolidation perimeter is within the limits established by the Law and Regulations.

As at 31 December 2018, Banco Comercial Português, S.A. held no treasury stock in its own portfolio, and there were no purchases or sales of own shares throughout the period. However, on that date were recorded under Treasury Shares” 323,738 shares (31 December 2017: 323,738 shares) held by Customers. Considering that for some of these customers, whose shares serve as collateral for loans granted by the Bank or by the Group BCP, there is evidence of impairment, the Bank’s shares held by these customers were considered as treasury stock and, in accordance with the accounting policies, written off from equity.

Regarding treasury stock held by associate companies of the BCP Group, pursuant to the Note to the consolidated financial statements number 52, as at 31 December 2018, Millenniumbcp Ageas - Grupo Segurador, SGPS, S.A. held 142,601,002 BCP shares, amounting to Euros 32,727,000 and on 31 December 2017, it held 142,601,002 shares, amounting to Euros 38,531,000.

The shares held by the Bank due to credit recovery process are not considered treasury stock in portfolio, as the respective sale is made in the market and in the short term.

4. Important agreements to which the company is a party and that come into effect, amend or terminated in cases such as a change in the control of the company after a takeover bid, and the respective effects, except where due to their nature, the disclosure thereof would be seriously detrimental to the company; this exception does not apply where the company is specifically required to disclose said information pursuant to other legal requirements (Article 245-A/1/j).
Banco Comercial Português, does not adopt measures that determine payments or the assumption of expenses nor is party in significant agreements, namely agreements that become in effect, be altered or cease to be in effect in case of change in control due to a takeover bid or the alteration in the composition of the corporate bodies which may seem able of jeopardizing the economic interest in the transmission of shares and the free evaluation by the shareholders of the Director’s performance.

Under its activity, the Bank has negotiated seven bilateral contracts with the European Investment Bank (EIB) and the European Investment Fund (EIF), of the overall amount of close to one thousand and three hundred million Euros, which include clauses that confer the counterparty, under certain verifiable circumstances and in line with what is usual in the type of operations in question, the right to trigger the early repayment of these values, in the event of a change to the Bank’s shareholder control.

5. A system that is subject to the renewal or withdrawal of countermeasures, particularly those that provide for a restriction on the number of votes capable of being held or exercised by only one shareholder individually or together with other shareholders.

Article 26 of the Bank’s Articles of Association establishes that votes cast by a single shareholder and its related entities, under the terms of number 1 of article 20 of the Securities Code, representing more than 30% of the votes of the total share capital, shall not be counted.

On the date this report was made there are no shareholders reaching the limit of 30% of the votes, as set forth in the article 26 of the Bank’s Articles of Association. The amendment of this statutory provision requires the approval of 2/3 of the votes cast at the General Meeting.

The Bank’s Articles of Association do not foresee the periodic review of the statutory rule that establishes the limitation of votes, however, in accordance with article 13-C of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, these limits automatically expire at the end of each five-year period, in case a resolution is not adopted regarding their maintenance. The General Meeting of Shareholders, held on 9 November 2016, approved by a majority of 96.10% of the votes cast, the maintenance of the limitation of votes foreseen in articles 25 and 26 of the Articles of Association, and the next resolution for the maintenance of the limits must be adopted until the end of 2021. On the date of the resolution, there were no shareholders holding shares exceeding the established statutory limit.

We must underline that, the Bank considers that the rule for the limitation to voting rights, commonly referred to as “statutory ceiling on voting rights”, follows the best international and national corporate governance practices in terms of statutory restrictions for significant institutions with the size, internal organisation, scope and complexity of activities such as the ones pursued by the Company.

6. Shareholders’ agreements that the company is aware of and that may result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or voting rights (Article 245-A/1/g).

The Bank is not aware of the existence of any shareholders’ agreement relative to the exercise of corporate rights or transferability of the Bank’s shares.

On 18 November 2016, BCP and Fosun Industrial Holdings Limited signed a Memorandum of Understanding and Subscription Agreement relating to the investment of this company in the share capital of BCP, according to which the company Chiado (Luxembourg) S.à r.l. (“Chiado”), an entity part of Group Fosun, agreed to invest in BCP through the private placement of 157.437.395 new shares and committed to keep the ownership of these shares for, at least, 3 years.

II. Shares and Bonds Held

7. Details of the natural or legal persons who, directly or indirectly, are holders of qualifying holdings (Article 245-A/1/c & d and Article 16) with details of the percentage of capital and votes attributed and the source and causes of the attribution.

Under the terms of the Securities Code, the qualifying stakes in the Company’s share capital as at 31 December 2018, indicating the percentage of the share capital and imputable votes, and the source and reasons of imputation, are reflected in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shareholder</th>
<th>Nr. of Shares</th>
<th>% of share capital</th>
<th>% voting rights</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chiado (Luxembourg) S.à r.l., a company held by Fosun International Holdings Ltd (Fosun Group)</td>
<td>4,118,502,618</td>
<td>27.25%</td>
<td>27.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL FOR FOSUN GROUP</td>
<td>4,118,502,618</td>
<td>27.25%</td>
<td>27.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sonangol - Sociedade Nacional de Combustíveis de Angola, E.P., directly</td>
<td>2,946,353,914</td>
<td>19.49%</td>
<td>19.49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL FOR SONANGOL GROUP</td>
<td>2,946,353,914</td>
<td>19.49%</td>
<td>19.49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BlackRock, Inc.*</td>
<td>512,328,512</td>
<td>3.39%</td>
<td>3.39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL FOR BLACKROCK GROUP</td>
<td>512,328,512</td>
<td>3.39%</td>
<td>3.39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDP Pension Fund**</td>
<td>315,336,362</td>
<td>2.09%</td>
<td>2.09%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL FOR EDP GROUP</td>
<td>315,336,362</td>
<td>2.09%</td>
<td>2.09%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL OF QUALIFYING STAKES</td>
<td>7,892,521,406</td>
<td>52.20%</td>
<td>52.20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* According to the communication of 05 March 2018.
** Allocation according to article 20 (1.1.f) of the Securities Code.
8. Indication of the number of shares and bonds held by members of the governing bodies, directors and persons closely related to these categories

On this issue, see information provided in the Annual Report 2018, in Note 52 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

9. Special powers of the Board of Directors, especially as regards resolutions on the capital increase (Article 245-A/1/I) with an indication as to the allocation date, time period within which said powers may be carried out, the upper ceiling for the capital increase, the amount already issued pursuant to the allocation of powers and mode of implementing the powers assigned.

Under the terms of article 5 (1) of the Bank’s Articles of Association, the Board of Directors has powers to, when deemed convenient and after having obtained the favourable opinion of the Audit Committee, increase the share capital, once or more times, until the limit of the value of the existing share capital when the authorisation was granted or upon renewal of this authorisation.

The last renewal of this authorisation was approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 21 April 2016, when the Bank’s share capital amounted to 4,094,235,361.88 Euros, and the General Meeting resolved that 20% of that increase could be made through the placement, without shareholders preference rights, with qualified or institutional investors.

The Bank’s share capital was increased twice under this authorization.

The first time on 18 November 2016, amounting to 174,582,327.32 Euros, an increase reserved to Chiado (Luxembourg) S.à r.l. (Group Fosun), and on 7 February 2017, in the amount of 1,331,920,364.52 euros, in an increase with preference right for shareholders. Therefore, the ceiling for authorization to increase the capital to be resolved by the Board of Directors is established, on the date this report is made, at 2,587,732,670.04 euros.

It is also important to remind that, on 11 February 2018, the shareholders resolved at a General Meeting of Shareholders to reduce the share capital in the amount of 875,738,053.72 euros, to cover losses, and the capital was then established as amounting to 4,725,000,000.00 euros.

10. Significant business relations between holders of qualifying stakes and the company

Business conducted between the company and qualifying shareholders or natural or legal persons related to them, pursuant to article 20 of the Securities Code, regardless of the amount, is always subject to appraisal and deliberation by the Board of Directors, after a prior opinion has been obtained from the Audit Committee, through proposal submitted by the Executive Committee, supported by a proposal made by the Credit Commission and an analysis and opinion issued by the Internal Audit Division, in what regarded the legal and regulatory compliance of the proposal.

During 2018, the Audit Committee issued five opinions related to operations for granting and renewing credit lines and limits, and four opinions on other credit operations regarding shareholders owners of a qualifying stake or natural or legal persons related with them. All these operations were carried out under normal market conditions.

During the year covered by this Report, regardless of the aforesaid operations, no other business or operations were conducted, namely the acquisition of supplies and services, between Banco Comercial Português and qualifying shareholders and entities related to them, which were economically significant and cumulatively carried outside market conditions, applicable to similar operations, or outside the scope of the current activity of the company. The Internal Audit Division, the Executive Committee, Audit Committee and the Board of Directors verified compliance with the conditions mentioned above.

B. GOVERNING BODIES AND COMMITTEES

I. GENERAL MEETING

a) Composition of the Board of the General Meeting

11. Identification and position of the members of the board of the general meeting and respective term of office (beginning and end)

Under the terms of article 20, number 1 of the Bank’s Articles of Association, the Board of the General Meeting is composed of a Chairperson, a Vice-Chairperson and the Company Secretary.

The chairperson and the Vice-Chairperson of the General Meeting of Shareholders were elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders which took place on 10 May 2017, for the term-of-office regarding the three-year period 2017/2019, being, therefore, exercising the first term-of-office which began on the above mentioned election date and will end on 31 December 2019. Although the members of the Board of the General Meeting were elected for a fixed term, they will remain in office until the election of new members, which is scheduled to
occur up to the end of the month of May 2020.

The Company Secretary was appointed by the Board of Directors on 24 July 2018, performing duties for the three-year period 2018/2021.

The Board of the General Meeting is composed of:

Chairman: Pedro Miguel Duarte Rebelo de Sousa (Independent)

Vice-Chairperson: Octávio Manuel de Castro Castelo Paulo (Independent)

Inherent to the position, the Board of the General Meeting is supported by secretarial services administered by the Company Secretary, Ana Isabel dos Santos de Pina Cabral.

b) Exercise of Voting Rights

12. Any restrictions on the right to vote, such as restrictions on voting rights subject to holding a number or percentage of shares, deadlines for exercising voting rights, or systems whereby the financial rights attaching to securities are separated from the holding of securities (Article 245-A/1/f)

Under the terms of the Bank’s Articles of Association, each share corresponds to one vote. Natural or legal persons that own shares which confer to them at least one vote at zero hours of the fifth trading day prior to the date of the General Meeting may participate therein, directly or through a representative.

Voting in writing, by mail or internet is permitted, provided that the vote is received by the penultimate day prior to the date of the General Meeting.

Shareholders who participate in the General Meeting directly or through representation may only exercise their voting rights at the General Meeting.

On these issues, see items 5 and 14.

13. Details of the maximum percentage of voting rights that may be exercised by a single shareholder or by shareholders that are in any relationship as set out in Article 20/1.

On this issue, see item 5.

14. Details of shareholders’ resolutions that, imposed by the articles of association, may only be taken with a qualified majority, in addition to those legally provided, and details of said majority

The Bank’s Articles of Association require the presence or representation of over one third of the share capital for the General Meeting to be held at first call. The Articles of Association also require a qualified majority of three quarters of the votes cast for approval of decisions on merger, demerger, transformation and a majority of three quarters of the fully paid up share capital for resolutions on the dissolution of the company. The amendment of articles which establish limitations to voting rights or determine majorities different from those stipulated in the law requires a qualified majority of two thirds of the votes cast.

The demand for a reinforced quorum is not intended to adopt mechanisms able of rendering more difficult the adoption of resolutions by the shareholders; on the contrary, it intends to defend minority shareholders and assure that no relevant matter is resolved on without the effective participation of a representative number of shareholders.
II. MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION

a) Composition

15. Identification of the endorsed governance model

Banco Comercial Português, S.A. has endorsed, since 2012, a one-tier corporate structure with a Board of Directors which includes an Executive Committee and an Audit Committee. It also has a Remuneration and Welfare Board and an International Strategic Board elected by the General Meeting.

16. Articles of association rules on the procedural requirements governing the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable. (Article 245-A/1/h)).

The members of the Board of Directors are elected at the General Meeting. Should the Board of Directors co-opt any Director to fill a vacant position, such co-optation must be ratified at the first General Meeting of Shareholders taking place after the co-optation. The co-opted member shall exercise functions until the end of the term of office underway.

Elections are plural and conducted by lists, with indication by the proposing shareholders, and votes are cast based on these lists.

In accordance with the Bank’s articles of association, a member of the Executive Board of Directors can be elected on its own according to article 392 (1 to 5) of the Companies Code.

Under the terms of the law, and under penalty of destitution, each Annual General Meeting of Shareholders votes on a renewal of the vote of confidence in each of the members of the management and supervisory bodies and likewise in the body as a whole.

17. Composition of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable, with details of the articles of association’s minimum and maximum number of members, duration of term of office, number of effective members, date when first appointed and end of the term of office of each member.

Under the terms of the Bank’s Articles of Association, the Board of Directors is composed of a minimum of fifteen and a maximum of nineteen members, elected for terms of office of four years, who may be re-elected one or more times.

The current Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português was elected by the General Meeting held on 30 May 2018, to exercise functions in the four-year period of 2018/2021, includes in its composition four women, representing 25% of the members of the Board of Directors in exercise since 30 May 2018, and the Bank complies, in this collegiate body, the requirements of effective balance of gender regarding the members of the Board of Directors.

The Bank places in the proposals it submits to the elective General Meeting all the documents necessary regarding the adequacy of the profile, knowledge, professional experience and curricula of the candidates to become member of the corporate bodies, which allows evaluate the adequacy of their profile and competences to the function they will exercise, keeping the Company all the information available for a period of ten years on the Bank’s website, in the page with the following address:


The competences and responsibilities attributed to the members that compose the current Board of Directors translate the improvement introduced in the corporate governance model. At the level of internal control and risk management the hierarchical responsibility for the second lines of defence was attributed to one executive director, which also includes the Boards of Directors of the subsidiary companies operating abroad, this way extending the coordination and scope of the performance of these defence lines to the entire Group. In the composition of the Board of Directors there was also a reinforcement in the capacity to provide dynamics, leadership and control on the digital transformation process incorporated in the strategic plan approved for the 2018-2021 period, by means of executive and non-executive members with specific competences in these areas.
The composition of the Board of Directors at the end of the financial year this Report refers to, as well as the date of the first appointment of each member and the date of end of term of office is identified in the following table:

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS: COMPOSITION, MANDATE (START AND END), POSITIONS AND CAPACITY OF THE NON-EXECUTIVE MEMBERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Composition of the Board of Directors (Non-Executive Members)</th>
<th>Term of Office - Start</th>
<th>Term of Office - Term</th>
<th>Justification</th>
<th>Body and Position</th>
<th>Qualification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Chairman</td>
<td>Not Independent (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Board of Directors - Vice-Chairman and Executive Committee - Chairman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28/02/2012</td>
<td>2012/2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jorge Manuel Baptista Mangalhães Correia</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td>Not Independent (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valdir Rui Dias de Barros</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td>Not Independent (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Alcobia Gray</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Not Independent (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cidália Maria Hota Lopes</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Interim-Chairwoman</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Manuel Ávila Elias da Costa</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xiao Ru (Qia) Gu</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Not Independent (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lingjiang Xu</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tapflo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wan Sin Long</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Composition of the Board of Directors (Executive Members)</th>
<th>Term of Office - Start</th>
<th>Term of Office - Term</th>
<th>Justification</th>
<th>Body and Position</th>
<th>Qualification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miguel Maya Dias Ribeiro</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Chairman</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28/02/2012</td>
<td>2012/2014</td>
<td></td>
<td>Executive Board of Directors - Member</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18/04/2011</td>
<td>2011/2013</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel de Campos Peralta de Braganca</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28/02/2012</td>
<td>2012/2014</td>
<td></td>
<td>Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Member</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>09/01/2017</td>
<td>2017/2019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Miguel Bertonman Schertel de Souza Pessanha</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Member</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria José Henrique Barreto de Matos de Campos</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Member</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28/02/2012</td>
<td>2012/2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>08/04/2011</td>
<td>2011/2012</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Telatra</td>
<td>30/05/2018</td>
<td>2018/2021</td>
<td>Election</td>
<td>Executive Committee - Member</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11/05/2015</td>
<td>2015/2017</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28/02/2012</td>
<td>2012/2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18/04/2011</td>
<td>2011/2012</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Although the end of the mandate coincides with the end of the financial year, the member that remains in office for the term of office of 2018/2021, in replacement of member that remained in office to 31 December 2017. 
(b) Director in question exercised the position of executive director in the previous term-of-office (2015/2017). The non independence is established in accordance of Item 91.a.,of the EBA/GL/2017/12 Guidelines of 26 September 2017.
(c) Director in question is connected to a shareholder with a qualifying stake.

18. Distinction of the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors and, relating to the non-executive members, identification of the members who may be considered independent or, if applicable, identification of the independent members of the Supervisory Board

On 24 July 2018 and after obtaining a decision from the supervisor so that the elected directors could initiate functions, the Board of Directors appointed, in accordance with articles 407 (3 and 4) of the Companies Code and 35 of the Articles of Association, an Executive Committee composed by six of its members, and the Chairperson of the Executive Committee was indicated by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

On 30 May 2018, the General Meeting of Shareholders elected, from amongst the members of the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee composed by four members. On the date this Report was made, the Audit Committee is composed by three members.

In article 2 of the Articles of Association, the Bank sets forth the rule that the Board of Directors is composed by a minimum of 15 and a maximum of 19 members, elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders, this way complying with domestic and international best practices observed by similar companies, since it deems that this number of members is sufficient and adequate to the size of the company and to the complexity of the risks inherent to the activities it pursues, a number that allows it to possess a transparent organizational structure with lines of responsibility that the Bank observes.

The Executive Committee performs all of the Bank’s day-to-day management duties that have not been reserved by the Board of Directors. On 31 December 2018, the Board of Directors was composed by sixteen members, with ten non-executive members and six executive members.
According to CMVM Regulation 4/2013, Annex 1, nr. 18.1, in the recommendation III.4. Of the Governance Code of the IPCG and item 91a. of the guidelines EBA/GL/2017/12, a member of the Board of Directors who is not associated with any specific interest group within the company, or under any circumstances capable of affecting their impartiality of analysing or decision making is considered to be independent.

All the non-executive members of the Board of Directors were evaluated by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations which, for that purpose and taking into account the Guide for the Assessment of Fit & Proper (May 2018) of the European Central Bank, taking consideration, apart from the profile of each one of the Directors, the following facts:

- Being an employee of the company over the last three years or a company which is in a controlling or group relationship;
- Having, in the last three years, provided services or established a significant business relationship with the company or company with which said company is in a control or group relationship, either directly or as a partner, board member, manager or director of the legal person;
- Receiving remuneration paid by the company or by a company that is in a controlling or group relationship in addition to the remuneration derived from carrying out the tasks as a Board Member;
- Living in non-marital cohabitation or being the spouse, relative or relative-in-law in a straight line and until the 3rd degree, inclusively, in the collateral line, of directors or natural persons directly or indirectly holding qualifying stakes;
- Being the holder of a qualifying stake or representative of a shareholder with qualifying stake.
- Having been re-elected for more than two, consecutive or not, terms-of-office.
- Having exercised for more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any corporate body of the company;
- Exercises or exercised in the last 5 years the position of member of the administration body, in its management function, in an institution included within the scope of the prudential consolidation.

Excluding the executive directors, four members of the Board of Directors, out of ten members, are independent. In other words, 40% of the non-executive directors are independent, and BCP considers that the proportion of independent directors, versus the total number of directors, is adequate, taking into account the endorsed governance model and the size of the company.

None of the directors has exercised for more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any corporate body of the company.

Having been pondered the content of the Recommendations III.2 and III.3. of the IPCG Code, the art. 414 (5( b), the provisions of article 31- A of the LFCIFC, the European legislation, namely the independence of mind criteria mentioned in the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of management bodies of the ECB (May 2018)”, and the EBA/GL/2017/12 guidelines of 26 September 2017, applicable since 30 June 2018, the Committee for Nomination and Remunerations considered that the number of non-executive directors qualified independent ensures them the effective capacity to monitor, supervise and assess in a critical, impartial and adequate manner the activity developed by the executive directors.

On this matter, see the table presented in item 26.

19. Professional qualifications and other relevant curricular details of each member of the, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, The Supervisory Board and of the Executive Board of Directors

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of the profile of each member of the Board of Directors are presented in Annex I to this Corporate Governance Report.

20. Customary and meaningful family, professional or business relationships of members of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, with shareholders that are assigned qualifying holdings that are greater than 2% of the voting rights.

There are no habitual and significant family or business relations between the members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee with shareholders imputed with qualifying stakes above 2% of the voting rights. As shown in the table presented in item 7 of this Report, the shareholders owning stakes above 2% are legal persons. Under these terms, and by nature, there are no family relations between the members of the Board of Directors and shareholders with a stake above 2%. Furthermore, there are also no family relations between the members of the Bank’s Board of Directors and Executive Committee and the members of the Boards of Directors of the shareholders with a stake above 2%. 

The members of the Board of Directors who have professional/business relations with shareholders to whom, on 31 December 2018, a qualifying stake above 2% of the voting rights is imputable are listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Member of the Board of Directors of BCP</th>
<th>Professional or Business Relationship</th>
<th>Shareholder owning more than 2% of Voting Rights</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia</td>
<td>Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors of Fidelidade – Companhia de Seguros, S.A.</td>
<td>Grupo Fosun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Alcobia Gray</td>
<td>(By indication of Sonangol)</td>
<td>Sonangol Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lingjiang Xu</td>
<td>Non-executive member of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade – Companhia de Seguros, S.A.</td>
<td>Grupo Fosun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xiao Gu (Julia Gu)</td>
<td>Vice-Chairwoman of Group Fosun High Technology (Group) Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Grupo Fosun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valter Rui Dias de Barros</td>
<td>Chairman of the Board of Directors of Instituto de Gestão de Activos e Participações do Estado, (Angola)</td>
<td>Considered as related by the fact that the Angola State controls the Sonangol Group</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21. Organisational charts or flowcharts concerning the allocation of powers between the various corporate boards, committees and/or departments within the company, including information on delegating powers, particularly as regards the delegation of the company’s daily management

Pursuant to the corporate governance model adopted by the Bank - the one-tier model - the company has a Board of Directors, which includes an Audit Committee, composed solely of non-executive members and an Executive Committee to which the Board of Directors has delegated the Bank’s current management, as per the provisions of article 35 of the Articles of Association and articles 5 (2) (a) and 6 (1) of its Regulations.

The Board of Directors has appointed three other specialised committees, whose essential purpose is the permanent monitoring of certain specific or highly complex matters. There is also a Remuneration and Welfare Board.

To advise on daily management, the Executive Committee has also appointed different commissions and sub-commissions that, besides two or more Executive Directors, are permanently composed of various first line Directors who report to them.

The diagram below represents the Bank’s Corporate Governance Model structure during 2018:
**Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors (BoD) is the governing body of the Bank vested with the most ample powers of management and representation of the company.

During the performance of their duties, the directors use their competences, qualifications and professional experience to assure, in a permanent and responsible way, a sound, effective, rigorous and prudent management of the Bank, respecting the characteristics of the institution, its size and the complexity of its business activities.

The members of the Board of Directors observe duties of zeal, care and loyalty, reflecting high standards of diligence inherent to a careful and orderly manager, critically analysing the decisions taken as well as the policies and procedures adopted in the best interests of the company. The directors are bound to secrecy in respect of any matters dealt with at the board meetings or that they become aware of due to the performance of their duties, except when the Board of Directors sees the need to internally or publicly disclose its resolutions, or when such disclosure is imposed by legal provisions or decision of an administrative or judicial authority.

The Board of Directors is the corporate body with competence to define the company’s general policies and strategy, being vested with full management and representation powers for both the Bank and the Group, without prejudice to the possibility of claiming back any matter delegated to the Bank’s Executive Committee, namely the managerial powers, the Board of Directors has reserved the following competences for itself:

- Choose its Chairperson and Vice-Chairpersons, as well as the Chairperson of the Executive Committee, when these are not appointed by the General Meeting;
- appoint directors to fill in eventual vacancies;
- ask the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting to call the General Meeting;
- resolve on the change of head office and share capital increases, under the terms of the law and of the articles of association;
- approve mergers, demergers and other changes to the company;
- approve the Annual Reports and Financial Statements and the proposals that the management body is responsible for submitting to the General Meeting, namely the proposal for the appropriation of profits;
- approve the Bank’s annual and longer term budgets;
- define the general policies and strategic goals for the Bank and for the group;
- provide bonds and personal or real guarantees on behalf of the company, with the exception of those included in the Bank’s current activity;
- purchase, sell and encumber immovable properties provided that the operation implies a negative impact above 0.5% on the regulatory consolidated own funds;
- define and resolve on the eventual introduction of changes to the group’s corporate structure, namely the opening and closing of establishments when it represents a 10% positive or negative variation in the number of establishments in Portugal at the end of the year prior to the making of the decision;
- significant increases or reductions in the company’s organization whenever these produce an impact above 5% in consolidated assets;
- resolve, under the terms of the law and of the articles of association, on the issue of shares and other securities that imply or may imply a share capital increase by the Bank, establishing the conditions and carrying out, with them, all the operations permitted by law, abiding by any limits set by the General Meeting;
- appoint, after getting the prior favourable opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, the Company Secretary and respective alternate, who must have the adequate expertise and profile to undertake such functions and to whom the Board of Directors must ensure technical autonomy and all the necessary means to carry out their functions;
- appoint, after getting the prior favourable opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, a Client Ombudsman, who must necessarily be an individual with a recognized ability, honesty and experience in banking, without employment ties to the Bank and to whom it must ensure all the necessary means to carry out his/her functions freely and independently;
- appoint, pursuant to a proposal made by the Executive Committee and after getting the favourable opinions of the Audit Committee, and in the first case, also the Committee for Risk Assessment, the risk officer, the compliance officer, the head of audit division and the group treasurer, to whom it must ensure technical autonomy and all the necessary means to carry out their functions;
- approve and periodically review the remuneration policy concerning employees which report directly to
the Administration, the ones responsible for the assumption of risks and for the control functions and the employees whose total remuneration places them in the same bracket of the three categories mentioned above provided that their respective professional activities have a material impact on the Bank’s risk profile.

- approve the respective internal regulations, as well as the regulations of the Audit Committee, of the Executive Committee and of the other committees it decides to create;
- approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, credit operations, regardless of their form, to: (i) members of the corporate bodies (ii) shareholders with stakes over 2% of the Bank’s share capital, computed under the terms of art. 20 of the Securities Code, and to (iii) natural or legal persons related to either of them;
- approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, the agreements established between the Bank and holders of stakes above 2% of the Bank’s share capital or entities that are in a controlling or group relationship with them or members of the management and supervision body, directly or through third parties, provided that any one of the following conditions applies: (i) the object of the agreement is not encompassed in the Bank’s business; (ii) the material engagement limit for assets and services exceeds the total amount of €100,000/year per group of suppliers part of the same economic group or client group, for the same type of assets and services; (iii) no special advantage is given to the party to the agreement in question;
- ratify any acts undertaken on its behalf by the Chairperson or by his/her alternate in case of emergency.

The members of the management or supervision bodies cannot participate in the appraisal and decision whether or not to grant credit to companies holding a stake above 2% in the Bank’s share capital of which they are managers or in which they hold a shareholding. In any of these situations the approval by, at least, two thirds of the remaining members of the management board as well as the favourable opinion of the Audit Committee shall be required.

The delegation of powers by the Board of Directors into the specialized committees, including the Executive Committee to which it delegates the bank’s current management, does not exclude the competence of this corporate body to resolve on the same issues, nor does it waive, under legal and regulatory terms, namely the item 5 of the Delegated Regulation (EU) nr. 604/2014, of March 4, revised by the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/861 of the Commission, of February 18, 2016, the responsibility of other directors for possible losses caused by acts or omissions occurred during the exercise of duties received by delegation to the extent that the members of the management body are ultimately responsible for the institution, its strategy and activities.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors are available on the Bank’s website at:


Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is composed of a minimum of three and a maximum of five non-executive members, elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders, and the lists proposed to elect the Board of Directors must detail which individual members are to be part of the Audit Committee and indicate the respective Chairperson.

The members of the Audit Committee, as is the case of all members of the Board of Directors, are appointed for terms of office of four years, and may be re-elected.

The Audit Committee was elected at the General Meeting held on 30 May 2018 for the four-year period 2018-2021. It has the competences foreseen in article 423-F of the Companies Code and in its own Regulations.

The Regulations of the Audit Committee are available at the Bank’s website at:


The Audit Committee makes a quarterly report for the Board of Directors regarding the work it develops and the conclusions it reaches. As the Bank’s supervisory body, it is responsible for ensuring compliance with the law and articles of association, and it is entrusted with the following duties:

- supervising the Bank’s management;
- calling the General Meeting of Shareholders, whenever the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting fails to do so when he/she should;
- verifying if the accounting processes and valuation criteria adopted by the Bank lead to a correct valuation of assets and results;
- accessing call notices and minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee and taking part in the meetings of the Executive Committee wherein the Bank’s annual accounts are appraised;
monitoring the entire procedure for preparing and disclosing financial information and presenting recommendations or proposals to ensure that such procedure is reliable;

- overseeing the audit to the individual and consolidated financial statements of the financial year, especially its execution, taking into account eventual analyses or guidelines issued by the supervision authorities and to verify that the financial statements are compliant with the applicable legal framework;

- verifying the regularity of the books, accounting records and documents supporting them;

- monitoring the preparation and disclosure of financial information;

- supervising the audit of the Bank’s annual report and financial statements;

- drawing up an annual report on its supervisory functions and issuing an opinion on the annual report and accounts and on the proposals presented by the directors, clearly stating its concurrence with the contents of the legal certification of accounts, if that is the case;

- supervising the efficiency of the risk management system, of the internal quality control system and of the internal audit system and issue a prior opinion on the entity appointed by the Bank to assess the adequacy and efficiency of the internal control system;

- issuing an opinion on the work plans and resources allocated to the internal audit and compliance services, being the recipient of the reports made by these services, at least when the issues in question relate to the presentation of financial statements, the identification and resolution of conflicts of interests and the detection of potential illegalities;

- on an annual basis, evaluating and monitoring the independence of the external auditor and of the statutory auditor and propose their election by the General Meeting; being responsible, under the powers delegated by the Board of Directors, pursuant to subparagraph b), number 2.2. of article 7 of the Board of Director's Regulations, for proposing to the General Meeting the contracting and replacement of the statutory auditor and external auditor or proposing his discharge or termination of the contract for provision of his services whenever there are fair grounds for such;

- issuing an opinion on the remuneration of the external auditor and of the statutory auditor, supervising compliance with the rules concerning the provision of additional services, ensuring that the external auditor has all the conditions for the exercise of its functions and evaluating its performance on an annual basis;

- approving the engagement of the External Auditor for the provision of additional services, while guaranteeing that such services do not jeopardise its independence;

- issuing an opinion on the internal service order that regulates the internal reporting of irregularities;

- receiving, handling and recording the communications of serious irregularities related with the management, accounting organization and internal supervision and of serious signs of infractions of duties foreseen in the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, and remaining Portuguese and European legislation in force, presented by shareholders, Bank employees or other;

- suspending directors and appointing substitute directors under the terms of the law and of the articles of association;

- issuing an opinion on the technical and professional profile of the candidates for the position of Head of Internal Audit of the Bank and Head of the Compliance Office of the Bank;

- issuing an opinion on the share capital increases resolved by the Board of Directors;

- issuing a prior opinion on the agreements for the provision of supplies and services established between the Bank and holders of stakes above 2% of the Bank’s share capital or entities that are in a controlling or group relationship with them or members of the management body, directly or through third parties, provided that (i) it is an act that cannot be comprised within the business pursued by the bank itself; (ii) the material engagement limit exceeds the aggregate amount of €100,000/year, per suppliers part of the same economic group or of the same group of clients, for the same type of goods or services, and (iii) within the scope of the business in question some special advantage is granted to the the party of the contract;

- issuing, for the Board of Directors, an opinion on the credit operations, regardless of their form, or engagement of services to (i) members of the corporate bodies (ii) shareholders with stakes over 2% of the Bank’s share capital, computed under the terms of art. 20 of the Securities Code, as well as to (iii) natural or legal persons related to them.
The Audit Committee always holds mandatory regular meetings with the external auditors and statutory auditor at the time of appraisal of the interim and full year financial statements of the Bank. The Audit Committee receives the Reports of the Internal Audit Division, Statutory Auditor and External Auditors. The Audit Committee holds regular meetings with the Directors in charge of the Financial, Credit and Risk Areas, the Risk Officer, Compliance Officer and Head of Internal Audit, the Coordinating Managers of the Studies and Planning and Asset and Liability Management Division and of the Accounting Division. It has the power to summon or request clarifications from any Coordinating Manager or Employee of the Bank whom it wishes to hear.

Without prejudice to the hierarchical relationship maintained with the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and with the Executive Committee, the head of the Internal Audit Division and the Compliance Officer report functionally to the Audit Committee on the following matters: activity plans; activity reports; organisation and operation documents of the internal audit and compliance areas; situations detected that involve high risk; supervisory actions and relevant lawsuits; and constraints to the effective execution of the defined legal and regulatory functions, namely with respect to the allocated resources. In turn, the Audit Committee, independently of the direct reporting of the Audit Division and Compliance Office to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors, informs the Chairperson of the Board of Directors of all and any situation detected that it deems might qualify as being of high risk.

In the 2018 financial year and until of the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017, the Audit Committee had the following composition:

Chairman: João Manuel de Matos Loureiro (Not Independent, due to having performed duties in the last 3 terms of office, one of which incomplete)

Members: Jaime de Macedo Santos Bastos (Independent)
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes (Independent)

In the 2018 financial year and until of the effective end of the term-of-office 2018/2021, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations had the following composition:

Interim Chairwoman Cidália Maria Mota Lopes (Independent)

Members: Valter Rui Dias de Barros (not Independent)
Wan Sin Long (Independent)

All of the members of this Committee were subject to a performance assessment by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations.

All the members of the Audit Committee have levels of responsibility and understanding of the activities conducted by the company that match the functions assigned to them, allowing them to make an unbiased evaluation of the decisions made by the management body, and to efficiently supervise its activities. All the members of this Committee have appropriate knowledge, competences and experience to clearly understand and monitor the risk strategy, within a coherent governance framework, compatible with the risk management systems.

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of each member of the Audit Committee are presented in Annex I of this Corporate Governance Report.

This Committee received logistic and technical support from the Board of Directors’ Support Office, with the secretarial services being administered by the Office Head.

During the 2018 financial year, the Audit Committee held thirteen meetings.
Attendance of the Audit Committee meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Audit Committee</th>
<th>Number of Meetings Attended</th>
<th>Effective Participation Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>João Manuel de Matos Loureiro</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cidália Maria Mota Lopes</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaime de Macedo Santos Bastos</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Audit Committee</th>
<th>Number of Meetings Attended</th>
<th>Effective Participation Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cidália Maria Mota Lopes</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valter Rui Dias de Barros</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wan Sin Long</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Executive Committee

On 24 July 2018, and under the terms of article 407 of the Companies Code and article 35 of the Bank’s Articles of Association, the Board of Directors appointed an Executive Committee, composed of six of its members. The BoD established the *modus operandi* of the EC and delegated to this committee the powers to conduct the Bank’s current management.

None of the executive members of the Board of Directors performs executive functions in entities outside the Group, as evidenced by the respective CV’s attached to this Report.

In its internal organisation, the Executive Committee has distributed areas of special responsibility to each of its members.
As at 31 December 2018, the distribution of these areas of special responsibility was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nuno Amedo</strong> - Chairman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board of Directors’ Support Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Secretary’s Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundação Millennium bcp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hierarchical reporting with functional dependence of the Audit Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Client Ombudsman’s Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Executive Member of Boards of Directors of subsidiary companies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Millennium (Poland)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Millennium Bim (Mozambique)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Miguel Bragança</strong> - VC/CTO (MB)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investor Relations Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting and Consolidation Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research, Planning and ALM Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Information Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal and Litigation Advisory Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Advisory Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Means of Payment and Acquiring Division</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Rui Manuel Teixeira</strong> (RMT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Retail Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Marketing Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Segments Management Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality and Network Support Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wealth Management Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real-Estate Business Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialised Monitoring Division</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Maria José Campos</strong> (MJC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Recovery Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail and Small Amounts Recovery Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct Banking Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procurement and Logistics Division</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Company Secretary sends to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and to the Audit Committee the agendas and minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee.

The Chairperson of the Executive Committee represents this Committee and convenes the respective meetings, has the casting vote, in addition to direct accountability for the respective areas of responsibility, and has the following duties:

- Coordinates the activities of the Executive Committee, distributing special areas of responsibility among its members, and entrusting one or more with the preparation or follow-up of the issues appraised or decided on by the Executive Committee;
- Monitoring the correct execution of the resolutions adopted by the Executive Committee, with the help of the Executive Director responsible for the area concerned;
- Ensuring that all the relevant information is provided to the other members of the Board of Directors relative to the activity and resolutions of the Executive Committee;
• Assures compliance with the limits of delegation of competences, the approved strategy for the Bank and Group, and the duties of collaboration with the Board of Directors and, in particular, with its Chairperson.

During the 2018 financial year, the Executive Committee held 51 meetings.

The Regulations of the Executive Committee are available on the Bank’s website at the following address:

b) Functioning

22. Existence and location where the operating regulations, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, of the Executive Committee of the Audit Committee and of the Executive Board of Directors can be consulted

The regulations of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee and the other Committees of the Board of Directors are provided to each member of these governing bodies upon election or appointment, and are available on the internal portal and at the Bank’s website at the following address:

23. The number of meetings held and the attendance report for each member of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable.

During 2018, the Board of Directors held sixteen meetings and its secretarial services were administered by the Company Secretary, with minutes having been drawn up of all the meetings.

The attendance level, through presence or representation, of each one of the members of the Board of Directors at meetings is shown in the following tables:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors (the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017)</th>
<th>Attendance in Person</th>
<th>Attendance by Representation</th>
<th>Total Attendance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>António Vítor Martins Monteiro</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carlos José da Silva</td>
<td>37.50%</td>
<td>25.00%</td>
<td>62.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Álvaro Roque de Pinho de Bissaia Barreto</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Henriques de Pinho Cardão</td>
<td>87.50%</td>
<td>12.50%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Luís Guerra Nunes Mexia</td>
<td>75.00%</td>
<td>12.50%</td>
<td>87.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>André Magalhães Luiz Gomes</td>
<td>50.00%</td>
<td>50.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cidália Maria Mota Lopes</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaime de Macedo Santos Bastos</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Manuel de Matos Loureiro</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lingjiang Xu</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raquel Rute da Costa David Vunge</td>
<td>87.50%</td>
<td>12.50%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors (Within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021)</th>
<th>Attendance in Person (*)</th>
<th>Attendance by Representation</th>
<th>Total Attendance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia</td>
<td>71.43%</td>
<td>28.57%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valter Rui Dias de Barros</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Alcobia Gray</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cidália Maria Mota Lopes</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Julia Gu</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lingjiang Xu</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teófilo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wan Sin Long</td>
<td>87.50%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>87.50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) In accordance with the express delegation of the Board of Directors, approved at a meeting held on 13.9.2018, at the meeting held on 28.9.2018 only participated, for the adoption of a specific resolution, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the members of the Executive Committee and of the Risks Commission, corresponding to more than half of the totality of the members of the Board of Directors.
During 2018, the Executive Committee held fifty one meetings and its secretarial services were administered by the Company Secretary, with minutes having been drawn up of all the meetings.

The attendance level of each member of the Executive Committee at meetings held is shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive Members of the Board of Directors (Executive Committee) (Until the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017)</th>
<th>Effective Participation Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro</td>
<td>96.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel de Campos Pereira de Braganca</td>
<td>90.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma</td>
<td>87.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Jacinto Iglesias Soares</td>
<td>74.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria da Conceição Mata Soares de Oliveira Callé Lucas</td>
<td>74.20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira</td>
<td>96.80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive Members of the Board of Directors (Executive Committee) (Within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021)</th>
<th>Effective Participation Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel de Campos Pereira de Braganca</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma</td>
<td>90.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria José Henrique Barreto de Matos de Campos</td>
<td>90.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The composition, the number of annual meetings of the management, supervision and of its internal commissions are available, for at least ten years, at the bank’s website, the the page with the following address: https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/investidores/Pages/RelatorioContas.aspx

24. Details of competent corporate boards undertaking the performance appraisal of executive directors

The Board of Directors, in accordance with the provisions of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, Instruction of Banco de Portugal nr. 23/2018 dated 05 November 2018 and the European legislation in effect, and also with item 4 of the Draft of the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of management bodies of the European Central Bank of May 2018, as well as the guidance from the European Securities and Markets Authority set forth in the guidelines on the assessment of the adequacy of the members of the management body and holders of key functions, EBA/GL/2017/12, of 26 September 2017 and applicable as of 30 June 2018.

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is composed of three non-executive members (see item 27.b).

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, under the competence of assessment of the individual and collective performance of the members of the Board of Directors, including the executive directors, has the duty to:

- issue, at least once a year, informed and independent opinions on the remuneration policy and practices,
with the respective criteria for setting the fixed and variable portion of the remuneration, and on the incentives that can be awarded to the employees responsible for risk taking and control functions, for risk, capital and liquidity management purposes, remitting to the Remuneration and Welfare Board the reports made thereon in the portion concerning the administration and supervision bodies, and to the Board of Directors when concerning other corporate bodies;

- prepare the decisions regarding the remuneration of managers who report directly to the administration and of the employees responsible for the assumption of risks and for control functions, and regarding incentives designed, pondering the decisions with impact on the Bank's risks, capital and liquidity to be made by the Board of Directors;
- monitor the independence of employees responsible for risk taking and control functions from the areas they control, including the powers given to them and the remuneration based on the accomplishment of the objectives associated to the respective function;
- verify the implementation and compliance with the remuneration policies and procedures adopted by the competent corporate body, including the supervision of the remuneration of employees that perform risk management and control functions;
- make and transmit to the Board of Directors recommendations on candidates for members of the administration and supervision bodies, evaluating the respective profile in terms of good repute, professional qualification, independence and availability for exercising the office;
- resolve on the appointment of all employees who are managers reporting directly to the Board of Directors or to any of its Committees, including the Executive Committee;
- resolve on the appointment of members to the corporate bodies of group companies or subsidiary companies;
- appraise and send, every year, to the Remuneration and Welfare Board, a model for the evaluation of the performance of the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors and of the employees responsible for risk taking and control functions;
- establish a goal for gender representation in the administration body and promote a policy aimed at complying with the defined objective;
- make an evaluation or a re-evaluation report on individuals for elective position with the purpose of placing it at the disposal of the general meeting within the scope of the respective preparatory information;
- evaluate, at least once a year, the knowledge, competences and experience of each one of the members of the administration and supervision bodies and of those bodies as a whole and report the respective results to those bodies;
- appraise and review, at least once a year, the policy defined by the executive administration body in all matters related with the selection and appointment of the directors that directly report to the Administration and formulate the recommendations it deems convenient;
- evaluate, at least once a year, the knowledge, competences and performance of employees who report directly to the administration and of employees responsible for risk taking and control functions and to report the results to Board of Directors;
- monitor, every year, the human resources and staff management policy;
- in general, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations performs the duties attributed to Nomination and Remuneration Committees in the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies and other national and European legislation in force, namely with respect to the assessment of executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors.

25. Predefined criteria for assessing executive directors’ performance

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations assesses, at least once a year, the good repute, knowledge, competences, practical and theoretical experience, professional qualification, independence, incompatibilities, availability and the minimum and specific requirements for holding the position of each member of the management and supervisory body, including the executive directors, thus validating the adequacy of the management body as a whole.

Pursuant to article 3 of its Regulations and being the body responsible for the Bank's nomination policy, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations actively contributes to compliance with the institutional obligations with respect to the endorsement of suitable policies on individual and collective assessment of the members of the management and supervisory bodies.
With a view to optimising the appropriate performance of its duties, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations uses external consultants specialised in consulting services in talent areas (Mercer) to assist in the transparent, strict and rigorous process of assessment of aptitude and performance of the members of the executive committee in accordance with, namely, the following specific and predefined criteria:

- reputation;
- qualification, theoretical training and practical experience;
- practical and theoretical professional experience, capacity to apply the competences acquired in previous positions;
- availability, diligence in the performance of the respective duties with the necessary commitment of time and attention;
- making focused decisions;
- independence to hold the position;
- Conflicts of interest and independence of mind;
- risk perception and decision-making capacity;
- drive towards institutional growth;
- collective aptitude;
- acting with loyalty and weighing up of the interests of the company and of all its stakeholders;
- strategic vision, independence, transparency and good repute;
- proportionality and case-by-case assessment;
- assessment of aptitude and performance on a continuous basis.
- equity and respect for procedural guarantees;
- interaction with supervision.

In addition, the qualifications of the members of the management bodies have been improved through training actions by own initiative of the members or provided by external trainers with a recognized technical expertise. The company makes available on the digital platform called “Diligent Boards” supporting the Board of Directors, a summary on the domestic and EU legislation which is most relevant within the scope of banking regulation and supervision.

Based on the criteria referred to above, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations prepares two questionnaires and requires their completion by each member of the Board of Directors: one for self-assessment and collective appraisal of the management body, and another considering adequacy aimed at appraising compliance with the necessary legal requirements for performance of duties. Based on the collected information and supplemented by a matrix of collective appraisal, pursuant to Annex II of Banco de Portugal Instruction 23/2018, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations prepares an annual assessment report for each member of the management and supervisory body, and of these bodies as a whole.

26. The availability of each member of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and details of the positions held at the same time in other companies within and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these boards throughout the financial year.

According to the assessments that have been made, it was found that each executive and non-executive member of the Board of Directors showed willingness and dedicated to the performance of his/her duties the necessary time, proportional to the importance of the matters to be addressed, assessed in the light of the interest that the different issues pose to the company, as well as of the specific tasks entrusted to each member.

The positions held by each executive and non-executive member of the Board of Directors, together with the indication of positions held in other companies, within and outside the Group and other activities developed, are described in the following tables.
### A - Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

#### NON-EXECUTIVE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Current Positions in BCP Group</th>
<th>Positions in BCP Group companies</th>
<th>Positions in companies outside the BCP Group</th>
<th>Other Relevant Activities</th>
<th>Qualifications</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors of BCP</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Fernandes</td>
<td>Chairman of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Caravela de Futebol, S.A. (Portugal)</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board of ESP - Energias de Portugal, S.A.</td>
<td>Effective member of the Planning of the Interdisciplinary Specialised Committee for Batanica (ISSP) and of the Specialised Standing Committee for Regional Development and Local Planning (ISSP) of the ESP - Governança Económica e Social</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Chairman of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Caravela de Futebol, S.A. (Portugal)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Supervisory Board of ESP - Energias de Portugal, S.A.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Effective member of the Planning of the Interdisciplinary Specialised Committee for Batanica (ISSP) and of the Specialised Standing Committee for Regional Development and Local Planning (ISSP) of the ESP - Governança Económica e Social</strong></td>
<td><strong>Compliant</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jorge Manuel Ribeiro Magalhães Barros</td>
<td>Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of RMM - Banco Internacional do Mercadorol, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguroes, S.A.</td>
<td>Chairperson of the Executive Committee of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguroes, S.A.</td>
<td>Not Independent Ed</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors of RMM - Banco Internacional do Mercadorol, S.A.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguroes, S.A.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Chairperson of the Executive Committee of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguroes, S.A.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Not Independent Ed</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Katarzyna Komaś de Barros</td>
<td>Member of the Audit Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Independent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Audit Committee</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Alcobia Gray</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Banco de Portugal do Brasil - Agência (Angola)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Independent</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors of Banco de Portugal do Brasil - Agência (Angola)</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Paulo Pedro Alves Correia</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
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<td>Independent</td>
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<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Valéria Maria Maia Lopes</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Professor at Catholic Business School - ESCUC and Faculdade</td>
<td>Member of the Scientific Board of the Portuguese Fiscal Association (AFP)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Independent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Professor at Catholic Business School - ESCUC and Faculdade</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jose Manuel Noém Elae de Costa</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
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<td>Independent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Julie Dao</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Executive Vice-Chairman of Group Focus High Technology (Enlog, Co. Ltd)</td>
<td>Non-Executive Member of the Board of Directors - Hipples</td>
<td></td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Executive Vice-Chairman of Group Focus High Technology (Enlog, Co. Ltd)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Non-Executive Member of the Board of Directors - Hipples</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lúise Ben</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board of Banco Millenium, S.A. (Poland)</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Board of Dire pipe - Companhia de Energias, S.A.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Independent</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Supervisory Board of Banco Millenium, S.A. (Poland)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Executive Board of Dire pipe - Companhia de Energias, S.A.</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Tatiana Coimbra de Faria</td>
<td>Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Nane Ge Long</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Millenium, S.A. (Poland)</td>
<td>Member of the Audit Committee</td>
<td></td>
<td>Independent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Millenium, S.A. (Poland)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Member of the Audit Committee</strong></td>
<td><strong>-</strong></td>
<td><strong>Independent</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) The Director in question exercised the position of executive director in the previous term of office (2017/2019). The non independence is established in accordance of Item 91.a. of the EBA/GL/2017/12 Guidelines of 26 September 2017.

(b) The European Central Bank authorized the cancellation of a non-executive position by letter dated 21/7/2018.
### B - Executive Members of the Board of Directors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Board of Directors (A)</th>
<th>Current Positions in BCP</th>
<th>Positions in BCP Group companies</th>
<th>Positions in companies outside the BCP Group</th>
<th>Other Relevant Activities</th>
<th>Qualification</th>
<th>Cumulation of Positions (Art. 33 of the LFCIFC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miguel Mário Eide Pinto</td>
<td>Chairman of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Insurance, S.A.</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel da Costa Pereira de Almeidas</td>
<td>Chairman of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Insurance, S.A.</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João de Jesus Lopes de Faria</td>
<td>Chairman of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Supervisory Board of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of BCP – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Insurance, S.A.</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Pessanha</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Fundação Casa de Bragança</td>
<td>Executive</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Teixeira de Sousa Tavares</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Chairman of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Financeira de Crédito, S.A.</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Committee</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors</td>
<td>Member of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Financeira de Crédito, S.A.</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### c) Committees within the Board of Directors

27. Details of the committees created within the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and the place where the rules on the functioning thereof is available.

In addition to the Audit Committee and the Executive Committee, the Bank's Board of Directors, in order to ensure and contribute to the good and appropriate performance of the duties that are legally and statutorily entrusted to it, appointed three other specialised committees, responsible for monitoring specific matters, which are identified as follows:

- **Committee for Risk Assessment**

The Committee for Risk Assessment, established in accordance and in compliance with the provisions of article 115-L of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies is composed by three to five non-executive members, appointed by the Board of Directors.

In the 2018 financial year and until the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations had the following composition:

- **Chairman:** Álvaro Roque de Pinho de Bissaia Barreto (Independent)
- **Members:** António Henriques de Pinho Cardão (Independent) and André Magalhães Luiz Gomes (Independent)
In the 2018 financial year, within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021, the Committee for Risk Assessment was composed as follows:

**Chairman:** Teófilo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca (independent)

**Members:**
- Ana Paula Alcobia Gray (Not-independent)
- José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (independent)
- Wan Sin Long (Independent)

All the members of this committee have appropriate knowledge, competences and experience to be able to understand, analyse and monitor the specific categories of risk faced by the company, risk appetite and the defined risk strategy, as confirmed by the respective curricula attached to the present Report.

Among the competences of the Committee for Risk Assessment, the following are highlighted:

- Monitor the risk identification process;
- Advise the Board of Directors on the appetite for risk and the risk strategy and also on the policies concerning the assumption, management, control, hedging of risk and on the Bank’s generic risk reduction factors, current and future;
- Monitor and intervene in the process to review the Group’s Risk Appetite Framework, issuing an opinion for the Board of Directors on its adequacy and monitor the evolution of the Risk Appetite Statement;
- Assist the administration body in the supervision of the execution by the top management of the Bank’s risk strategy;
- Follow-up capital (ICAAP) and liquidity (ILAAP) planning processes issuing an opinion for the Board of Directors with the respective conclusions;
- Support the Board of Directors in the assessment of the risk strategies of the main subsidiaries abroad;
- Monitor and ensure that the Bank’s risk management systems are appropriate for the Bank’s profile and strategy;

For the exercise of its functions, the Committee for Risk Assessment has access to information on the Bank’s risk situation and is entitled to determine the nature, quantity, format and frequency of the information concerning risks that it should receive. This Committee also implements internal procedures for communication with the Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

The Committee will inform the Board of Directors of its activities by means of a detailed quarterly report, without prejudice to the duty of reporting to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors any and all situations the Committee finds and deems to be of high risk.

During 2018, the Committee held eight meetings, received the logistic and technical support from the Board of Directors’ Support Office, with the secretarial services being administered by the head of this office.

b) Committee for Nominations and Remunerations

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, established in accordance and in compliance with the provisions of article 115-B and H of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies is composed by three to five non-executive members, appointed by the Board of Directors.

The composition of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is in accordance with the Regulations of this Committee, since all its members are non-executive directors and no member is part of the Bank’s Audit Committee.

In the 2018 financial year and until of the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017, Committee for Nominations and Remunerations had the following composition:
Chairman: Carlos José da Silva (Independent)
Members: Álvaro Roque de Pinho de Bissai Barreto (Independent)
         António Henriques de Pinho Cardão (Independent)
         Lingjiang Xu (Non Independent)

In the 2018 financial year and until the effective end of the term-of-office 2018/2021, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations had the following composition:

Chairman: José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (independent)
Members: Lingjiang Xu (Non Independent)
         Teófilo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca (independent)

In a universe of three members that make up the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, 2, (66.66%) of the three members are classified as independent.

All the members of this Committee have appropriate knowledge, competences and experience for the good performance of their duties and one member has specific professional qualification and appropriate professional experience to exercise this position.

Among the competences of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, the following are especially important:

issue, at least once a year, informed and independent opinions on the remuneration policy and practices, with the respective criteria for setting the fixed and variable portion of the remuneration, and on the incentives that can be awarded to the employees responsible for risk taking and control functions, for risk, capital and liquidity management purposes, remitting to the Remuneration and Welfare Board the reports made thereon in the portion concerning the administration and supervision bodies, and to the Board of Directors when concerning other corporate bodies;
prepare the decisions regarding the remuneration of managers who report directly to the administration and of the employees responsible for the assumption of risks and for control functions, and regarding incentives designed, pondering the decisions with impact on the Bank’s risks, capital and liquidity to be made by the Board of Directors;
monitor the independence of employees responsible for risk taking and control functions from the areas they control, including the powers given to them and the remuneration based on the accomplishment of the objectives associated to the respective function;
verify the implementation and compliance with the remuneration policies and procedures adopted by the competent corporate body, including the supervision of the remuneration of employees that perform risk management and control functions;
make and provide to the Board of Directors recommendations on candidates to members of the management and supervision bodies, including the Fit & Proper Assessment process, evaluating the respective profile in terms of good repute, professional qualification, independence and availability for exercising the office;
establish a goal for gender representation in the administration body and promote a policy aimed at complying with the defined objective;
make and revise the Succession Plan for the members of Bank’s corporate bodies and ensure compliance with the minimum requirements set forth in the legal regime regarding the balanced representation between men and women in the administration and supervision of listed companies;
resolve on the appointment of all employees who are managers reporting directly to the Board of Directors or to any of its Committees, including the Executive Committee;
resolve on the appointment of members to the corporate bodies of group companies or subsidiary companies;
appraise and send, every year, to the Remuneration and Welfare Board, a model for the evaluation of the performance of the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors and of the employees responsible for risk taking and control functions;
make a quarterly report on its activity to be presented to the Board of Directors;
make an evaluation or a re-evaluation report on individuals for elective position with the purpose of placing it at the disposal of the general meeting within the scope of the respective preparatory information;
evaluate, at least once a year, the knowledge, competences and experience of each one of the members of the administration and supervision bodies and of those bodies as a whole and report the respective results to those bodies;

appraise and review, at least once a year, the policy defined by the executive administration body in all matters related with the selection and appointment of the directors that directly report to the Administration and formulate the recommendations it deems convenient;

evaluate, at least once a year, the knowledge, competences and performance of employees who report directly to the administration and of employees responsible for risk taking and control functions and to report the results to Board of Directors;

monitor, every year, the human resources and staff management policy;

In general, exercise all the competences attributed to the Committees for Nominations and Remunerations under the provisions of the General Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies and remaining domestic and European legislation in force.

Under its activity, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations observes the long term interests of the shareholders, investors and other stakeholders in the institution, as well as the public interest and assures that the decisions taken by the management body are not dominated by any person or small group of persons in detriment of the Bank’s general interests.

For the correct performance of its functions, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, may use all technical means that it deems fit, including resorting to external advisers; all expenses shall be paid by the Bank.

During 2018, the Committee held twelve meetings, received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

The Regulations of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is available on the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address:


c) Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct

The Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct is composed of three to five non-executive members, appointed by the Board of Directors.

In the 2018 financial year and until of the effective end of the term-of-office 2015/2017, the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct had the following composition:

Chairman: António Vítor Martins Monteiro (Not Independent)
Members: António Luís Guerra Nunes Mexia (Not Independent)
         André Magalhães Luís Gomes (Independent)
         Raquel Rute da Costa David Vunge (Not Independent)

In the 2018 financial year, within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021, the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct was composed as follows:

Chairman: Lingjiang Xu (Non Independent)
Members: José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (independent)
         Valter Rui Dias de Barros (Not independent)

All the members of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct have professional qualifications acquired through academic qualification, professional experience or specialised training appropriate to the performance of their duties, as confirmed by the respective curricula attached to the present report.

The competences of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct include the following, in particular:
recommend the adoption by the Board of Directors of policies, compliant with ethical and professional conduct principles, rules and procedures necessary to comply with the provisos of these Regulations and with the applicable legal, regulatory and statutory requirements, as well as with recommendations, standards and best domestic and international practices in corporate governance;

supporting the Board of Directors in the evaluation of the systems that identify and solve conflicts of interests;

evaluate the Compliance function, appraising the procedures in effect and the non-compliant situations;

Issue opinions addressed to the Board of Directors on the Code of Conduct and on other documents defining business ethical principles;

Make, on an annual basis, a report to submit to the Board of Directors on the evaluation and monitoring of the structure, ethical and professional conduct principles and corporate governance practices of the Bank and on the company's compliance with the legal, regulatory and supervisory requirements on these issues;

make a quarterly report on its activity to be presented to the Board of Directors;

Cooperate in the making of the Corporate Governance Annual Report concerning issues for which it is responsible;

Issuing an opinion on the Annual Sustainability Report, focusing on the materiality of the information provided, at least in what regards environmental matters, gender equality, non-discrimination and respect for human rights;

Define and propose the guidelines for the Company's policies, based on a culture identified with the ethical and professional conduct principles targeted at contributing for the pursuit of social responsibility and sustainability goals. For that purpose, it specifically pertains to the Committee to propose the guidelines for the social responsibility and sustainability policies of the Company, including, among other, the values and principles for safeguarding the interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also principles of social charity and environmental protection;

In the specific area of matters related to the governance model endorsed by the Bank, the Committee verifies its efficacy and, when necessary, proposes measures aimed at its improvement to the Board of Directors, annually assessing this model and issuing opinions on the Corporate Governance Report. This Committee also promotes training actions for the Directors.

During 2018, the Committee held three meetings, received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

The Regulations of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:


28. Composition of the executive Board and/or details of the board delegate/s, where applicable.

The composition of the Bank's Executive Committee is as follows:

Chairman: Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro
Vice-Chairpersons: Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança
João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma
Members: José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha
Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Campos
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira
29. Description of the powers of each of the committees established and a summary of activities undertaken in exercising said powers

The competences of each of the specialised committees created within the Board of Directors are as follows:

Audit Committee - On this matter, see the information presented in item 21. - Audit Committee.

Executive Committee - On this matter, see the information presented in item 21. - Executive Committee

Committee for Risk Assessment - On this matter, see the information presented in item 27. a).

Committee for Nominations and Remunerations - On this matter, see the information presented in items 24, 25 and 27 b).

Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct - On this matter, see the information presented in item 27. c).

III. SUPERVISION

a) Composition

30. to 32. Identification, composition and qualification concerning the independence requirement of the body and supervision – the Audit Committee

See the information presented in items 10, 17, 18, 21. – Audit Committee and 26.

33. Professional qualifications of each member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, and other important curricular information, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears

On this matter, see the academic curricula, specialised training and professional experience presented in Annex I of this Report.

b) Functioning

34. Availability and place where the rules on the functioning of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, may be viewed, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee.

35. The number of meetings held and the attendance report for each member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee.

36. The availability of each member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, indicating the positions held simultaneously in other companies inside and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these Boards throughout the financial year, and reference to the section of the report where such information already appears

On this matter, see the information presented in item 26.

c) Competence and duties

37. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body for the purposes of hiring additional services from the external auditor.

the Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários (CMVM), Law nr. 248/2015 of 9 September, which approved the Legal Framework for the Supervision of Audit, and the stipulations, as specifically applicable, in the Statute of the OROC (Portuguese Chartered Accountants Association) approved by Law 140/2015 of 7 September, which partially transposes to the internal legal system the aforesaid Directive 2014/56/EU and assures the implementation of Regulation (EU) 537/2014. The Bank’s Articles of Association explicitly list, among the competences of the Audit Committee, that of supervising the independence of the Statutory Auditor and External Auditor, in particular with respect to the provision of additional services.

The Audit Committee, as the Group’s supervisory body, has promoted the adoption of rules that assure the independence of the external auditors, and compliance with such rules is assessed and examined on an annual basis, in relation to the Group’s various bodies and, at the same time, aimed at avoiding the possible creation of situations of conflicts of interest within the entity providing the Group’s legal review of accounts or audit services, creating preventive mechanisms for the approval of additional services and fees.

The Audit Committee also has powers to supervise the engagement of external auditors to provide, to the Bank or to any of the companies that are part of Group Banco Comercial Português, any of the services envisaged in the internal regulations Group Regulations – GR0022 – Policy for the Approval of Services provided by External Auditors.

Through said Regulations that embody the principles presented in the national and international regulations, the Group endorses and systematises a series of rules regarding:

- Classification of the services rendered by the external auditors:
- Definition of the set of services that are not Legal Review of Accounts or Audit Services, which the external auditor is forbidden from providing to any entity of the Group;
- Definition of the set of services that are not related to Legal Review of Accounts or Audit, which may be provided to the Group under specific stipulated circumstances;
- Approval by the Audit Committee of all services engaged to be provided by the external auditor, creating different rules for the authorizations according to the type of services in question; and
- Provision to the Audit Committee of internal control information on the established principles and guidelines.

The Audit Committee issues an opinion on the work plans and on the resources allocated to the internal control services, including the control on the compliance with the rules the Company has to observe (compliance services and internal audit). The Audit Committee is also the recipient of the reports made by these services, including issues related with the financial statements, identification and resolution of conflicts of interest and detection of potential irregularities.

The Audit Committee continuously controls and monitors the effectiveness of the ICS (Internal Control System), of the RMS (Risk Management System), as regards the process of preparation and disclosure of financial information, and the Internal Audit function.

38. Other duties of the supervisory body and, where appropriate, the Financial Matters Committee

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 – Audit Committee and preceding item 37.

IV. STATUTORY AUDITOR

39. Identification of the statutory auditor and its representative partner statutory auditor

The current Statutory Auditor and External Auditor of Banco Comercial Português is Deloitte & Associados – SROC, S.A., registered in the OROC under nr. 43 and in CMVM under nr. 231, represented by its partner Paulo Alexandre de Sá Fernandes, ROC nr. 1456 and alternatively by Carlos Luís Oliveira de Melo Loureiro, ROC nr. 572, is currently complying with the term-of-office regarding the triennial 2016/2018, continuing to exercise its functions until the next General Meeting of Shareholders to be held until the end of May 2019.

40. State the number of years that the statutory auditor consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group.

The Statutory Auditor and the External Auditor were elected at the General Meeting held on 21 April 2016 for the term-of-office 2016/2018 by a majority of 99.12% and 95.00% of the votes cast, respectively, and their first term-of-office ended on 31 December 2018.

41. Description of other services rendered by the statutory auditor to the company

On this matter, see the information presented in item 46.
V. EXTERNAL AUDITOR

42. Identification of the external auditor appointed for the purposes of article 8 and its corresponding representative partner statutory in the performance of duties, together with the CMVM's registry number

The Bank's external auditor and the statutory auditor is Deloitte & Associados – Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A., registered in OROC under nr. 43 and registered in CMVM under nr. 2016/1389, represented permanently by its partner registered in OROC under nr. 1456 and in CMVM under nr. 2016/1066 and alternately by Carlos Luís Oliveira de Melo Loureiro, registered in OROC under nr. 572 and in CMVM under nr.2016/0231.

43. Number of years that the external auditor and respective partner that represents same in carrying out these duties consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group

The External Auditor and the Statutory Auditor were elected at the General Meeting held on 21 April 2016 for the term-of-office 2016/2018 and remain in office until the next Annual General Meeting to be held until the end of May 2019, when serving the first term.

44. Rotation policy and schedule of the external auditor and the respective partner that represents said auditor in carrying out such duties

The Bank complies with the rotation rules laid down in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and Council, of April 16, 2014 and Article 54 of Law No. 140/2015 , of September 7, so that its External Auditor and the Statutory Auditor will not perform functions for more than three terms and that the initial term of office combined with any renewal thereof shall not exceed the maximum duration of ten years.

The Bank's External Auditor and Statutory Auditor, Deloitte & Associados – Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A., currently in functions, as well as the partner representing it, Paulo Alexandre de Sá Fernandes and the alternate Statutory Auditor, Carlos Luís Oliveira de Melo Loureiro, were elected on 21 April 2016, for the term-of-office 2016/2018 and will remain in the office until the next Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be held until the end of the month of May 2019.

45. Details of the Board responsible for assessing the external auditor and the regular intervals when said assessment is carried out

The Audit Committee is, under the terms of the Bank’s Articles of Association, the body responsible for assessing the quality of the services rendered by the external auditor and respective partner Statutory Auditor, under the terms referred to in item 21 - Audit Committee and in item 37.

This assessment highlights the professionalism of the auditors, transparency, ethics, quality control and good performance. The Audit Committee permanently monitors the activity of the external auditor and respective partner statutory auditor, in particular appraising the conclusions of the audit of the annual financial statements, on an individual and consolidated basis, analysing the conclusions of the Desktop Review of the financial statements of the 1st and 3rd quarters and the Limited Review of the half-year interim financial statements. It holds meetings with them whenever necessary.

The Audit Committee annually assesses the quality of the services provided by external auditors, as well as their independence, objectivity and critical requirements demonstrated in the performance of their duties. The Bank officials who maintain relevant contact with the Auditors take part in this evaluation.

46. Details of services, other than auditing, carried out by the external auditor for the company and/or companies in a control relationship and an indication of the internal procedures for approving the recruitment of such services and a statement on the reasons for said recruitment

Apart from the Audit work, which includes legal review of accounts services and other reliability assurance services, the fees charged by the External Auditor include also the payment of the following services:

- Tax Advisory Services – tax advisory services to the Group in Portugal and abroad, in which the external auditor intervenes pursuant to a legal requirement;
- Services other than legal review of accounts, namely: (i) Reliability assurance services, (ii) Tax advisory services and (iii) Services other than legal review - provided within the scope of services other than legal review, which are permitted in accordance with the defined rules of independence and subject to monitoring by the Audit Committee.

With regard to the approval of the engagement of these services and indication of the reasons for their engagement, the bank maintains a very strict policy of independence in order to prevent any conflicts of interest in the use of the services of its external auditors. As auditor of the BCP Group Deloitte & Associados, SROC, S.A. (hereinafter referred to as “External Auditors”) complies with the rules on independence defined by the Group, including those established by Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
In order to safeguard the independence of the External Auditors, and the national and international good practices and standards, the Audit Committee approved a series of regulatory principles, as described below:

- The External Auditor and the companies or legal persons belonging to the same network (“Network”) cannot render to the Bank or to the Group the services that may be considered forbidden under the terms of the Statute of the OROC. Although it is generally considered that the independence of External Auditor could be affected by the provision to the Group of services unrelated to legal review or audit, the Audit Committee identified a set of services that may be undertaken by the External Auditor without jeopardising its independence. These services are validated by the Group’s Compliance Office and subject to approval or ratification, depending on the amount of the fees, of the Audit Committee;

- The provision of services that are detailed in said set of services is subject to specific approval by the Audit Committee prior to the entering into the contract in question.

47. Details of the annual remuneration paid by the company and/or legal entities in a control or group relationship to the auditor and other natural or legal persons pertaining to the same network and the percentage breakdown relating to the following services (For the purposes of this information, the network concept results from the European Commission Recommendation No. C (2002) 1873 of 16 May)

The amount of the annual remuneration paid in 2018 by the Company and/or legal persons in controlling or group relations, to the external auditor (Deloitte) and other natural or legal persons belonging to the same network\(^1\), detailed with their respective percentages, is shown in the following table:

\(^1\) For purposes of this information, “network” shall mean article 2, paragraph p) of the Legal Framework for the Supervision of Audit, approved by Law nr. 148/2015, of 9 September.
### SUMMARIES OF THE REMUNERATION PAID TO DELOITTE BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Companies in Portugal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Companies in Portugal</th>
<th>Euros</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Total Euros</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Legal review of accounts</td>
<td>2,020,000</td>
<td>52.6%</td>
<td>3,822,100</td>
<td>50.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reliability assurance services</td>
<td>2,020,000</td>
<td>52.6%</td>
<td>3,822,100</td>
<td>50.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Advisory Services</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services Other than Legal Review of Accounts</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Companies Abroad

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Companies Abroad</th>
<th>Euros</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Total Euros</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Legal review of accounts</td>
<td>1,280,000</td>
<td>50.8%</td>
<td>2,560,000</td>
<td>50.8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reliability assurance services</td>
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#### Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Portugal</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Abroad</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total for Audit Services</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6,400,000</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>9,700,000</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total for Other Services</td>
<td>415,795</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>415,795</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
<td>831,590</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Total Remuneration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Euros</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>10,531,595</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
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**2018 ANNUAL REPORT**

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C. INTERNAL ORGANISATION

I. Articles of Association

48. The rules governing amendment to the company's articles of association

Article 24 of the Bank’s Articles of Association establishes the requirement of a constitutive quorum, above the legal one, of over one third of the share capital for the General Meeting of Shareholders to be able to validly meet and resolve on first call.

Regarding the resolution quorum, the Articles of Association only diverge from the law with respect to resolutions on the merger, demerger and transformation of the Company, which require approval by three quarters of the votes cast, and dissolution of the Company where a majority corresponding to three quarters of the paid-up share capital is required.

The Bank and the shareholders that approved the articles of association in force consider that, since Banco Comercial Português is one of the companies with the largest free float in the Portuguese Stock Exchange, it is important to ensure that, in any circumstance and not only in the case specifically mentioned in the law, the shareholders, regardless of their respective representativeness, receive the guarantee that, on first call, the items submitted to the appraisal of the General Meeting can only be resolved on if the capital is minimally represented.

II. Communication of Irregularities

49. Reporting means and policy on the reporting of irregularities in the company

The Bank upholds a culture of responsibility and compliance, preventing conflicts of interest and recognising the importance of an appropriate framework and processing of the communication of irregularities, as an instrument of good corporate practice.

The Bank has the appropriate means for receiving, handling and archiving communications of irregularities allegedly committed by members of the corporate bodies and by employees of the companies part of Group BCP or by any other person within the scope of the provision of services to any of the companies part of Group BCP.

For that purpose, the Bank permanently observes the principles and requirements foreseen in art. 116-AA of the LFCIFC, art. 305_F of the Securities Code and in section 13 of the guidelines issued by EBA on internal governance (EBA/GL/2017/11) of 26 September 2017.

Irregularities are actions and omissions, with malicious intent or negligence, related to the management, accounting organisation and internal supervision of the Bank, which may seriously:

- Breach the law, regulations and other rules in force;
- Endanger the assets of clients, shareholders and of the Bank;
- Damage the BCP’s reputation.

The policy of communication of irregularities is regulated in an internal service order and is available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address:


In accordance with the above mentioned policy, the Employees must immediately report to the Audit Committee any irregularity consummated, ongoing or that, as per the data available, it is possible to reasonably foresee that will be committed.

The Employees who become aware of any irregularity due to the functions they exercise, namely in the internal audit, risk management or compliance areas, are especially obliged to report it.

The irregularities can be reported by any means of written communication, addressed to: Comissão de Auditoria – Av.º Prof. Dr. Cavaco Silva (TagusPark), Edifício 1, 2744-256 Porto Salvo, or to the e-mail address: comunicar.irregularidade@millenniumbcp.pt.

The Audit Committee is responsible for managing the communication of irregularities system and for assuring the confidentiality of the communications, being supported by its Support Office.

Once a communication is received, the Audit Committee shall undertake all efforts deemed necessary to assess if there are sufficient grounds to open an investigation and may establish a prior contact with the author of the communication, if known.

If there are sufficient grounds, the Audit Committee will develop all necessary investigations to become totally
aware of all facts and it may request the support of the Audit Division, Risk Office, the Compliance Office or any other divisions or areas of the Bank.

Once the investigation is over, the Audit Committee shall make a report for the internal transmission of its conclusions to the Board of Directors and to the Executive Committee so that the appropriate diligence may be adopted to correct the irregularity and sanction it, if need be. It must also report it to external entities whenever justified by the specific situation.

The communications received, as well as the reports derived thereof are mandatorily kept for a minimum period of five years in a durable format enabling their full and unaltered reproduction, pursuant to the provisions in article 120 of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies (RGICSF).

The confidentiality of the communications will be ensured and they cannot be used as grounds for any disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings, or the adoption of discriminating practices regarding the whistleblower provided that he/she did not actively participate in it.

In 2018 the Audit Committee received six communications but not all were able to be included within the scope of a participation of irregularity.

Notwithstanding, they were all investigated and handled.

III. Internal control and risk management

50. Individuals, boards or committees responsible for the internal audit and/or implementation of the internal control systems.

The Group's internal control is based upon a risk management system that identifies, evaluates, follows-up and controls the risks the Group is exposed to. That system is supported by an efficient communication and information system and an effective monitoring process which ensure the adequacy and efficiency of the internal control system.

In this context, pursuant to the objectives defined in Banco de Portugal Notice 5/2008, Banco Comercial Português has established specific areas with the risk management, compliance and internal audit functions, performed by the Risk Office, Compliance Office and Audit Division, respectively, endowing them with the technical and human resources that enable them to establish effective and efficient processes to identify, manage, control, monitor and communicate risks and mechanisms that are appropriate to the internal control, both in the Bank and in the Group.

The heads of these Divisions are those responsible, at Group level, for the conformity of the functions of the internal control system, through which the objectives outlined in Banco de Portugal Notice 5/2008 are achieved, namely:

- respect for all the applicable legal or regulatory provisions;
- efficient performance of the activity; and
- the existence of complete, pertinent, reliable and timely financial and management information.

The Executive Committee of the Board of Directors also established the Internal Control and Operational Risk Monitoring Commission. This specialized commission has, among other, the following competences regarding the internal control system:

- monitor the making of the Internal Control Report, as well as the evolution and resolution status of the deficiencies and recommendations identified and reported;
- appraise and decide on proposals made to improve the processes (within the framework of operational risk management) for the reinforcement of the internal control environment;

A) Risk Office

The main function of the Risk Officer is to provide support to the Board of Directors in the development and implementation of the processes of risk management and internal control, as per the detailed description presented in the chapter on “Risk Management” of the 2018 Annual Report.

In the performance of its duties, the Risk Officer reports hierarchically to the Board of Directors and to the Executive Committee, also engaging, on a functional reporting basis, with the Committee for Risk Assessment.

Risk Officer: Luís Miguel Manso Correia dos Santos
B) Compliance Office

The main mission of the Compliance Office is to strive for the adoption, by all the Group’s Institutions, of the internal and external rules governing their respective activity, in order to contribute to mitigate the risk of incurring in penalties by these institutions.

While performing the duties entrusted to it by the law or other legal source or that have been attributed to it by the Bank’s statutory bodies, the Compliance Office makes decisions that are binding on its receivers, aiming to ensure that the different business areas comply with the applicable regulations.

When preparing opinions and related studies at the request of the Bank’s different areas and divisions, the Compliance Office identifies and assesses the various types of risks, including those in institutional processes or associated to products and services, prepares proposals for the correction of processes and risk mitigation, ensures the ongoing analysis of the general supervisory environment and, in general, provides specialised support on matters of control and compliance. The Compliance Office is also responsible for preparing and submitting a report to the management body, at least on an annual basis, identifying all cases of non-compliance observed and the recommendations issued to correct them.

The Compliance Office intervenes and actively participates in the Employee training policy, namely through compliance training actions administered to the entire Group, the maintenance of strong knowledge on compliance issues, in particular preventing money laundering or terrorist financing (AML/CFT), preventing market abuse and the development of a culture of internal control within the Group.

The Group Head of Compliance performs his duties in an independent, continuous and effective manner.

The compliance teams allocated to the branches and subsidiaries are composed in the same way as that of the parent company and the team leader - the local Compliance Officer - is appointed by the local Board of Directors, after opinion issued by the Group’s Head of Compliance, to whom this Officer reports functionally.

The Group Head of Compliance reports, under the terms of the law, to the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors, through the Director responsible for this area and, functionally to the Audit Committee, according to the matters defined by the Audit Committee at any given time, forwarding reports of its activity, on a quarterly basis, which enable the follow-up of compliance with the action plans that are presented annually. The Group Head of Compliance may also, and whenever necessary, issue occasional reports on relevant issues in the context of the control and monitoring of risks concerning compliance, money laundering and financing of terrorism and reputation, of each entity or of the Group.

In the performance of his duties, the Compliance Officer engages with the Board of Directors, on which it depends, as well as with the Executive Committee, Audit Committee and Committee for Risk Assessment.

Under its functional reporting, the Compliance Office sends the Chairperson of the Board of Directors a quarterly Report on the main compliance risks at the Bank and Group level, disclosing, within the maximum period of two business days, any situation of detected high compliance risk and submitting, every six months, to the Board of Directors, a report with the activity undertaken.

The Audit Committee issues an opinion on the work plan of the Compliance Office, being this Committee also the recipient of the works carried out by the compliance function, namely those related with presentation of earnings, conflicts of interests and detection of irregularities.

Group Head of Compliance: during the 2018 financial year this function was performed by Mário António Pinho Gaspar Neves. In March 2019 this function began to be exercised by Pedro Manuel Francisco da Silva Dias.

C) Audit Division

The Audit Division is responsible for the Internal Audit function of Banco Comercial Português. carries out its mission by adopting principles of internal auditing which are internationally recognised and accepted, issuing recommendations based on the outcome of the assessments made, aimed at adding value to the organisation and improving the control and quality of the Bank’s operations, contributing to the achievement of its strategic interests and ensuring that:

- the risks are duly identified and managed, and the implemented controls are correct and proportional to the risks;
- the system of assessment of the Bank’s capital is adequate in relation to its level of exposure to risk;
- the operations are recorded correctly and the operational, financial and managerial information is rigorous, reliable and provided in due time;
- the safeguarding and security of the interests and assets of the Bank and Group or which were entrusted to them are duly ensured;
- the Employees perform their duties in conformity with the internal policies, rules and procedures
with the legislation and other applicable regulations;

- the resources are economically acquired, efficiently used and adequately protected;
- legal and regulatory matters of significant impact on the organisation are recognised, clearly understood and integrated in operative processes;
- the programmes, plans and objectives defined by the management are complied with;
- the different governing bodies interact in an adequate and efficient manner;

The activity of the Audit Division contributes to the pursuit of the objectives defined in Banco de Portugal Notice 5/2008 for the internal control system of institutions covered by the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, ensuring the existence of:

- an adequate control environment;
- a solid risk management system;
- an efficient information and communication system; and
- an effective monitoring process.

The Head of the Audit Division is appointed by the Board of Directors after obtaining the opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and the technical opinion of the Audit Committee, reporting hierarchically to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and functionally to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Division presents, on a regular basis, to the Executive Committee, to the Board of Directors and to its Chairperson, reports on the monitoring of the activity developed, in accordance with the periodicity defined at each moment, with information on the execution of the Activities Plan, main detected deficiencies, and respective recommendation and the status of the recommendations yet to be implemented.

Additionally, the Audit Division informs the Chairperson of the Board of Directors, the Chairperson of the Audit Committee and the Chairperson of the Executive Committee on issues of its responsibility which are of material relevance for the accomplishment of the mission of those bodies, namely on any deficiency identified and classified as of relevant risk.

Head: Rui Manuel Pereira Pedro.

51. Details, even including organisational structure, of hierarchical and/or functional dependency in relation to other boards or committees of the company

Currently the hierarchical and/or functional dependence of the Audit Division, Compliance Office and Risk Office in relation to other corporate bodies or committees is presented in the table below:

---

(1) Director responsible - Nuno Amado: Audit Div.; José Miguel Pessanha: Compliance Office and Risk Office
(2) All matters regarding professional conduct and ethical matters are reported by the Compliance Office to the Commission for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct.
(3) On the date of this Report, the Compliance Office is Pedro Manuel Francisco da Silva Dias.
52. Other functional areas responsible for risk control.

Alongside the control areas which constitute the risks management system - the Risk Office and the Compliance Office (as defined in Chapter III of Notice 5/2008 of Banco de Portugal) - and the area with duties of assessment of the adequacy and efficacy of the internal control system - the Audit Division (as per article 22 of Chapter V of that same Notice), there is an information and communication system which supports decision-making and control processes, both at an internal and external level, for which the Accounting and Consolidation Division and the Research, Planning and Assets and Liabilities Management Division are responsible, which ensures the existence of substantive, current, timely and reliable information, enabling an overall and encompassing view of the financial situation, the development of the activity, compliance with the defined strategy and objectives, identification of the institution’s risk profile, and performance and prospects of evolution of the markets.

The financial information and management process is assisted by the accounting and management support systems which record, classify, associate and archive, in a timely, systematic, reliable, complete and consistent manner, all the operations carried out by the institution and its subsidiaries, in accordance with the determinations and policies issued by the Executive Committee.

Hence, the Risk Office, Compliance Office, Accounting and Consolidation Division, Research, Planning and Assets and Liabilities Management Division, the Management Information Division, the Office for the Validation and Monitoring of Models, the Office for Regulatory and Supervision Monitoring and the Data protection Office ensure the implementation of the procedures and means required to obtain all the relevant information for the information consolidation process at a Group level, both of accounting nature and relative to support to the management and risk monitoring and control, which should cover, namely:

- The definition of the contents and format of the information to be reported by the entities included in the consolidation perimeter, in accordance with the accounting policies and guidelines defined by the management body, as well as the dates when the reporting is required;
- The identification and control of intra-Group operations; and
- Assurance that the managerial information is consistent between the different entities, so that it is possible to measure and monitor the evolution and profitability of each business, verify compliance with the objectives that have been established, as well as evaluate and control the risks incurred by each entity, both in absolute and relative terms.

Regarding credit risk, the Credit Division also performs risk assessment and control duties pursuant to its main competences:

- Appraise and issue opinions or decisions on credit proposals submitted by the Bank’s business areas, as well as credit restructuring proposals submitted by the Bank’s recovery areas, pursuant to the competences defined in internal regulations;
- Monitor and follow-up of the loan portfolio of Customers managed in the commercial areas, anticipating possible situations of default and promoting restructuring solutions whenever necessary and applicable;
- Start up and/or participate in Bank-wide projects aimed at the improvement of credit and operating risk in the underlying internal processes/procedures, including opinions on products or services with credit risk;
- Follow-up and support to the implementation of probability models (default, cure and scoring) for retail and automatic processes of Customer classification, risk-taking, portfolio monitoring, collection and recovery, as well as retention of Customers in Portugal and, when requested, in the operations abroad.

The Rating Division participates in the control of risks associated to loans, where its primary responsibility is the attribution of risk levels to Companies which are Bank Customers, assuring that they are assessed on an ongoing basis in an adequate manner. In order to assure the sound pursuit of this responsibility, specialised competences in the assessment of particular segments were developed within the Rating Division, namely for: Small, Mid and Large Corporate, Real Estate Development, Project Finance, State Business Sector and Funds segments. At the same time, the Rating Division systematically analyses the evolution of risk levels in order to assess the adequacy of the rating models used and identify matters for their fine-tuning.

53. Details and description of the major economic, financial and legal risks to which the company is exposed in pursuing its business activity.

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report 2018, in the chapter on Risk Management.

54. Description of the procedure for identification, assessment, monitoring, control and risk management

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report 2018, in the chapter on Risk Management.
55. Core details on the internal control and risk management systems implemented in the company regarding the procedure for reporting financial information

In the context of the Internal Control System and, more specifically, of the Risk Management System, the Board of Directors acquires adequate knowledge of the types of risks to which the institution is exposed and of the processes used to identify, assess, monitor and control these risks, as well as the legal obligations and duties to which the institution is subject, being responsible for ensuring that the Bank has effective internal control systems and promotes the development and maintenance of an appropriate and effective risk management system.

Hence, the management body of Banco Comercial Português, namely through its Executive Committee (and respective specialised commissions), Audit Committee and Committee for Risk Assessment:

- defines and reviews the overall and specific objectives with respect to risk profile or level of tolerance to risk and relative to the decision levels of the functional areas where these decisions are applicable;
- approves policies and procedures which are specific, effective and adequate for the identification, assessment, monitoring and control of the risks to which the institution is exposed, ensuring their implementation and compliance;
- verifies the compliance with the risk tolerance levels and risk management policies and procedures, assessing their efficacy and continuous adequacy to the institution’s activity, so as to enable the detection and correction of any failures;
- ensures that the risk management activities have sufficient independence, status and visibility and are subject to periodic reviews;
- issues opinions on the reports prepared by the Risk Management and Compliance areas, namely, on the recommendations for the adoption of corrective measures;
- ensures the effective implementation of its guidelines and recommendations so as to introduce corrections and/or improvements in the Risk Management System.

The management body is also responsible for ensuring the implementation and maintenance of information and reporting processes which are suitable to the institution’s activity and risks, for defining the accounting policies to be adopted, for establishing the guidelines and for defining the decisions which, in the context of such policies, must be taken, in order to ensure the reliability of the financial reporting. Therefore, and at a more operational level, it is responsible for approving the reporting or external disclosure outputs produced for this effect.

Regarding the Internal Control Report stipulated in Banco de Portugal’s Notice 5/2008, in CMVM’s Regulation 3/2008, and in article 245-A (1) (m) of the Securities Code, the supervision responsibilities of the Audit Committee and of the Statutory Auditor are:

- on an individual basis: issue of a detailed opinion substantiated by an autonomous report of an external auditor different from the financial auditor, contracted for the purpose on an annual basis, on the efficacy/ adequacy of the Internal Control System, and issue of an opinion by the statutory auditor on the process of preparation and disclosure of individual financial information (Financial Reporting);
- on a consolidated basis: issue of an opinion by the Group’s parent company, substantiated by an autonomous report of an external auditor different from the financial auditor, contracted for the purpose on an annual basis, on the efficacy/ adequacy of the Control System, which should include a reflection on the coherence of the internal control systems of the branches/subsidiaries, including those abroad and off-shore establishments, where this opinion may be based on the respective opinions prepared for the effect by the supervisory bodies of each branch/subsidiary, and issue of an opinion by the statutory auditor on the process of preparation and disclosure of consolidated financial information (Financial Reporting).

IV. Investor Support

56. Department responsible for investor assistance, composition, functions, the information made available by said department and contact details.

Through the Investor Relations Division, the Bank establishes permanent dialogue with the financial world – Shareholders, Investors, Analysts and Rating Agencies, as well as with the financial markets in general and respective regulatory entities.

a) Composition of the Investor Relations Division

The Investor Relations Division is composed of a head and a staff of four employees who share the Division’s
b) Duties of the Investor Relations Division

The main duties of the Investor Relations Division are:

- promoting comprehensive, rigorous, transparent, efficient and available relations with investors and analysts, as well as with the financial markets in general and respective regulatory entities, namely with respect to the disclosure of privileged information and mandatory information, including the coordination and preparation of the Bank's report and accounts;
- monitoring the update of the evolution of the shareholder structure;
- representation of the Bank in conferences and other types of events targeting investors of debt or shares;
- collaboration with the commercial areas in the provision of institutional information and disclosure of the Group's activity;
- management of the relations established with Rating Agencies, including the preparation and sending of relevant information on a regular basis or related to important events.

c) Type of information provided by the Investor Relations Division

During 2018, as in previous years, the Bank pursued broad activity related to communication with the market, adopting the recommendations of the CMVM (Portuguese stock market regulator) and the best international practices in terms of financial and institutional communication.

For purposes of compliance with the legal and regulatory obligations in terms of reporting, the Bank discloses quarterly information on the Bank's results and activity, holding press conferences and conference calls with Analysts and Investors involving the participation of members of the Board of Directors.

It also provides the Annual Report, Interim Half-year and Quarterly Reports, and publishes all the relevant and mandatory information through CMVM’s information disclosure system.

In 2018, the Bank issued over 300 press releases, of which 60 were related to privileged information.

The Bank participated in various events in 2018, having attended 6 conferences and 6 road shows in Europe and in the USA, where it gave institutional presentations and held one-on-one meetings with investors.

Over the course of 2018, more than 300 meetings with investors were held, which continues to show the interest of investors in the Bank.

In order to deepen its relations with its shareholder base, the Bank maintained a telephone line to support shareholders, free of charge and available from 09:00 to 19:00 on business days.

The relations with Rating Agencies consisted of the annual meetings (Moody’s on 9 March, DBRS on 23 April, S&P on 18 May and Fitch on 4 October), 16 conference calls with the 4 rating agencies, holding of 4 in-site meetings with each one of the rating agencies mentioned above, in response to requests for quarterly information and the review of the Credit Opinions, Press Releases and Comments issued by the Rating Agencies.

All the information of relevant institutional nature disclosed to the public is available on the Bank’s website, in Portuguese and English, on the page with the following address: www.millenniumbcp.pt

d) Investor Relations Division contact information

Phone: + 351 21 113 10 84
Fax: + 351 21 113 69 82
Address: Av. Prof. Doutor Cavaco Silva, Edifício 1 Piso 0B, 2740-256 Porto Salvo, Portugal
E-mail: investors@millenniumbcp.pt
The company’s website: www.millenniumbcp.pt

57. Market Liaison Officer

The Bank's representative for market relations until the time of preparation of this Report was Rui Pedro da Conceição Coimbra Fernandes, who is also Head of the Investor Relations Division.

Currently, the Bank's representative for market relations is Bernardo Roquette de Aragão de Portugal Colaço.
58. Data on the extent and deadline for replying to the requests for information received throughout the year or pending from preceding years. IRD (IPCG: I.1.1.)

During 2018, the Bank received, essentially via e-mail and telephone, a variety of requests for information from shareholders and investors. These requests were all handled and replied to, mostly within two business days. By the end of 2018, there were no outstanding requests for information relative to previous years.

V. Website

59. Address(es)

The Bank’s website address is as follows: www.millenniumbcp.pt

60. Place where information on the firm, public company status, headquarters and other details referred to in Article 171 of the Commercial Companies Code is available.

The above information is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

61. Place where the articles of association and regulations on the functioning of the boards and/or committees are available

The Bank's Articles of Association and the regulations of the governing bodies and specialised committees of the Board of Directors are available on the Bank’s website at the following address:

62. Place where information is available on the names of the corporate boards' members, the Market Liaison Officer, the Investor Assistance Office or comparable structure, respective functions and contact details.

The information on the identity of the members of the governing bodies is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

The information on the identity of the representative for market relations, the Investor Relations Division, respective duties and contact details are available on the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address:

63. Place where the documents are available and relate to financial accounts reporting, which should be accessible for at least five years and the half-yearly calendar on company events that is published at the beginning of every six months, including, inter alia, general meetings, disclosure of annual, half-yearly and where applicable, quarterly financial statements.

The information on the financial statements relative to each financial year, semester and quarter of the last ten years (pursuant to article 245.1 of the Securities Code) is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

The calendar of corporate events is published at the end of every year, relative to the following year, and covers the planned dates of the General Meeting and presentation of quarterly results (to the press, analysts and investors). The publication is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

64. Place where the notice convening the general meeting and all the preparatory and subsequent information related thereto is disclosed.

In addition to a specific page created every year on the portal (www.millenniumbcp.pt), another temporary page is created to support the General Meeting containing all the corresponding preparatory and subsequent information, including the call notice, which is available on the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address:

65. Place where the historical archive on the resolutions passed at the company's General Meetings, share capital represented and voting results relating to the preceding 3 years are available

The historical records, including the call notice, the share capital represented, the proposals submitted and
results of the voting, relative to the last ten years are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/institucional/investidores/Pages/AG.aspx

D. REMUNERATIONS

I. Competence for determination

66. Details of the powers for establishing the remuneration of corporate boards, members of the executive committee or chief executive and directors of the company

The Remuneration and Welfare Board (CRP), pursuant to sub paragraphs a) and b) of article 14 of the Bank's Articles of Association and under the competence delegated, for the four-year period of 2018/2021, by the General Meeting, is the competent body to determine the remuneration of the governing bodies, including the members of the Executive Committee and the terms of the supplementary pensions due to retirement, old age or invalidity of executive directors.

The Remuneration and Welfare Board, together with the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is also competent to submit, to the Bank’s General Meeting, a statement on the remuneration policy for the Bank’s governing bodies.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to article 7 (2.1.r) of its Regulations and as established in article 115-C (5) of the RGICSF, has exclusive competence to approve and review the Bank's remuneration policies and practices. In this function, it is assisted by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations which formulates and issues informed and independent judgements on the remuneration policy and practices and on the incentives created for purposes of risk, capital and liquidity management.

Addressed to the Remuneration and Welfare Board (RWB) and the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations (CNR), KPMG conducted an independent and specific audit, carried out in abidance by the International Standard on Related Services and by Art. 8 (4) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 153/2013 of 19 December 2012, on the remunerations that, during the 2018 financial year, were paid to members of the different governing bodies and Coordinating Managers that report directly to the Board of Directors and to the Executive Committee, having also requested and received a compliance statement issued by the Internal Audit Division.

In the Factual Conclusions Report issued pursuant to the validation of the remunerations established and received in 2018 by the holders of Bank's corporate offices and Coordinating Managers, KPMG concluded that the data reported to the RWB, CNR and Audit Committee was accurate and compliant and suited to the resolutions adopted by the corporate bodies with powers to do so.

II. Remuneration and Welfare Board

67. Composition of the remuneration committee, including details of individuals or legal persons recruited to provide services to said committee and a statement on the independence of each member and advisor.

The Remuneration and Welfare Board is composed of three to five members, appointed at the General Meeting.

The Remuneration and Welfare Board was elected at the General Meeting held on 30 May 2018 to perform duties during the three-year period of 2018/2021, and has the following composition:

Chairman: Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia (Not independent)
Members: Ana Paula Alcobia Gray (Not Independent)
Norberto Emílio Sequeira da Rosa (Independent). He presented his renunciation to the position on February 2019

During 2018, the Committee held four meetings, received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

The Regulations of the Remuneration and Welfare Board are available on the Bank’s website at:


Normally either the members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board and the members of the Committee for
Nominations and Remunerations attend the Bank’s General Meetings. In the 2018 financial year, two General Meetings were held. At the Annual General Meeting, held on May 30, all members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board and the members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations attended the meeting, with the exception of its Chairman.

At the General Meeting held on November 5, although the agenda did not include a related matter with remuneration of the corporate bodies and no shareholder requested the presence of the members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board, all members of this Board as well as the members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations attended.

All the members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board in functions are independent regarding the executive members of the administration body. The Remuneration and Welfare Board, to develop its competences in line with best international practices on remuneration matters, being able, in accordance with its Regulations, to use all technical means that it deems adequate, including resorting to external advisers, paid by the Bank, engaged Mercer Portugal, an independent company leading worldwide in the human resources area, for the provision of specialised technical advisory services, which identified a series of guideline principles for the definition of the remuneration policy for members of the governing bodies and material risk takers, in conformity with the guidelines disclosed by the national and international regulators, namely the EBA-European Banking Authority.

At the time of the engagement of Mercer Portugal, promoted by the Remuneration and Welfare Board, it was resolved, together with the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, to ask this company to draw up a proposal complying with best practices on this theme, namely:

- Remuneration benchmark for the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors;
- update of the remuneration policy of the members of management and supervision bodies, senior staff or managers reporting directly to the executive members of the Board of Directors;
- revision of the Regulations for the Application of the Remuneration Policy and Welfare Regime of members of company’s management and supervision bodies;
- estimation of the variable component of the remuneration within the scope of the Remuneration Policy of the executive members of the Board of Directors;
- support to the evaluation process of the members of the management and supervision bodies.

As neither this consultant nor any of its senior staff have privileged relations with the Board of Directors or any of its members, it is deemed that its engagement for the provision of the service, with the broad scope referred to in the preceding paragraph, can in no manner affect the independence of this consultant in relation to the Bank or its Board of Directors.

68. Knowledge and experience in remuneration policy issues by members of the Remuneration Committee.

The members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board have for various years performed duties in remuneration committees or equivalent bodies in other companies, which endows them with professional experience and suitable profiles concerning matters of remuneration policy, as confirmed in detail in their curricula, presented in Annex II.

III. Structure of remunerations

69. Description of the remuneration policy of the Board of Directors and Supervisory Boards

The Remuneration and Welfare Board, after hearing the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, submitted to the General Meeting of 30 May 2018, with a binding character, the Remuneration Model of the Board of Directors, including the Executive Committee, which was approved by 98.84% of the votes cast, being the meeting attended by shareholders or their representatives holding 62.99% of the share capital. The most relevant aspects are transcribed below:
1. Scope, structure and determination of the Remuneration

1.1. Executive Directors

The remuneration of the Executive Directors of BCP includes a fixed and a variable component.

The variable component is subdivided into two components, one annual (Annual Variable Remuneration - AVR) and a long-term one (Long-Term Variable Remuneration - LTVR).

1.1.1 Annual Fixed Remuneration

The fixed remuneration intends to adequately remunerate the function performed considering factors such as its nature and complexity, the required competences and the sustainability of the group’s performance.

The annual fixed remuneration results from the payment of 14 monthly wages.

1.1.2 Variable Remuneration

The variable remuneration is attributed based on different degrees of accomplishments of previously approved quantitative and qualitative goals which are associated to objective, simple, transparent and measurable indicators. For that purpose, shall be taken into consideration, indicators related with the creation of value for the shareholder, solvency and profitability, capital requirements, efficiency and liquidity.

The definition of these goals should bear in mind the achievement of a balance between the Group's objectives and the individual ones.

The evaluation must be carried out according to an annual and pluri-annual framework ensuring that the evaluation process is based on the short and long-term performance and, whenever possible, while the term of office of the Executive Directors is underway.

The attribution of the variable remuneration is associated with the performance. Therefore, its value may vary from zero, if the degree of accomplishment of the goals is under the defined threshold, and a maximum that cannot exceed twice the fixed component of the remuneration. For that purpose, a maximum level of achievement is defined, from which the variable remuneration will not increase (cap).

The variable remuneration should be composed by a portion in cash and a portion in BCP shares or other securities of BCP, permitted by law.

At least half of the amount of the variable remuneration should be composed of the above mentioned securities. Notwithstanding, the Executive Director may choose to receive more than that or even the full amount of the variable remuneration in securities.

The payment of the variable remuneration will also observe the deferment rules and the reduction (malus) or reversion (claw-back) mechanisms mentioned above.

The variable remuneration, regardless of having already been paid and whether acquired rights have already been established, or not, is subject to reduction or reversion mechanisms whenever it is proven that the Executive Director participated in or was responsible for an action that resulted into significant losses for the Bank or ceased to comply with the adequacy and good repute criteria.

No guaranteed variable remuneration shall be granted, except when hiring a new Executive Director and only in the first year of activity and it will only be granted if the institution has a solid and strong capital base.

a) Annual Variable Remuneration (AVR)

The annual variable remuneration of each Executive Director may be paid in cash after the approval of the annual report to which it relates and/or in BCP shares or other BCP securities as permitted by law, all complying with the minimum thresholds and conditions set forth by law.

The payment of that remuneration is also conditioned to a set of conditions related with the Bank's sustained performance.

b) Long-Term Variable Remuneration (LTVR)

The long term variable remuneration of each Executive Director depends on the fulfilment of the Bank's long-term economic and financial objectives.

The LTVR applies to the period of the term-of-office, beginning on 1 January 2018. The payment is made in BCP shares or other BCP securities, as permitted by law which are granted to the beneficiaries depending on the
compliance with the above mentioned conditions and indicators.

1.2. Non-Executive Directors

The remuneration of the non-executive members of the Board of Directors is exclusively composed of a fixed remuneration paid monthly (12 wages).

2. Other benefits

The practice of attributing benefits in terms of health insurance, credit card and mobile phones remains in effect, in line with what is attributed to the remaining Bank Employees.

The Executive Directors will be entitled to supplementary pension or early retirement regimes, as set forth by the Retirement Regulation of the Executive Directors of Banco Comercial Português (BCP).


Executive Directors or under an exclusivity regime receive no additional compensation for the exercise of the respective functions.

The Directors must subscribe to a director bond in abidance by article 396 of the Companies Code. In addition, the Bank subscribes to a Directors & Officers insurance policy following market practices.

The Executive Directors or the Bank, on their behalf, are not allowed to use risk hedging mechanisms or similar mechanisms, as provided in article 115-E (15) of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies.

Considering that the remuneration of the Members of the Executive Committee is intended to directly compensate the activities they carry out directly at the Bank or in related companies (namely companies in a control or group relation with BCP) or in corporate bodies to which they have been appointed by indication or in representation of the Bank, the net value of the remunerations received annually for such duties by each Member of the Executive Committee will be deducted from their respective Annual Fixed Remuneration. It is the obligation and responsibility of each Executive Member of the Board of Directors to inform the Bank of any additional compensation they may have received, for the purposes of complying with the procedure established above."

According to the Remuneration Model of the Board of Directors, approved in May 30 2018 by the General Meeting of Shareholders, the variable remuneration, regardless of having already been paid and whether acquired rights have already been established, or not, is subject to reduction or reversion legal mechanisms whenever it is proven that the executive director participated in or was responsible for an action that resulted into significant losses for the Bank or ceased to comply with the adequacy and good repute criteria.

70. Information on how remuneration is structured so as to enable the aligning of the interests of the members of the board of directors with the company’s long-term interests and how it is based on the performance assessment and how it discourages excessive risk taking

In 2018, the remuneration effectively paid is the one indicated in item 77 and no variable remuneration was attributed. Therefore, items 70 to 75 does not apply to Banco Comercial Português in the financial year to which this Report relates to.

71. to 75. Not applicable

76. Key characteristics of the supplementary pensions or early retirement schemes for directors and state date when said schemes were approved at the general meeting, on an individual basis.

The arrangement for retirement due to old age or invalidity of members of the Executive Committee is defined in article 17 of the Articles of Association, transcribed below, and in the document approved at the General Meeting held on 30 May 2018.

“1. The directors shall benefit from the social security regime applicable in each case.
2. The directors are also entitled to a supplement to the retirement or disability pensions and the Bank may enter into insurance contracts in favour of such directors.
3. At the beginning of each term of office and by agreement with each director, the insurance policy may be
replaced by contributions to a pension fund of defined contributions.

4. The amount of the contributions of the Bank, within the scope of the two previous paragraphs, shall be established on a yearly basis by the Remuneration and Welfare Board.

5. The Bank shall not bear any additional expenses with the retirement and disability pensions after the termination of each director’s functions.

6. The right to the supplement shall only become effective if the beneficiary retires due to old age or disability, under the terms of the applicable social security regime.

7. At the time of the retirement, the beneficiary may choose to redeem the capital.

8. In case of death before retirement, the right to receive the accrued capital shall remain effective pursuant to the applicable provisions established by the contract or by law.*

No additional benefit is foreseen for directors in the event of early retirement.

An alteration to the Retirement Regulations for Executive Directors of the Bank contemplated the approval for the attribution of an extraordinary contribution for the purposes of retirement supplement of the members of the Executive Committee. Thus, in the 2018 financial year the following retirements were paid:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Executive Committee (EC)</th>
<th>Beginning of Functions</th>
<th>End of Functions</th>
<th>Retirement Supplement (€)</th>
<th>Retirement Supplement - Extraordinary Contribution (€)</th>
<th>Total Retirement Supplements (€)</th>
<th>Income Tax withheld from Retirement Supplements (€)</th>
<th>Amount transferred to the Pension Fund (€)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Arruda</td>
<td>24/07/2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>77,306.85</td>
<td>873,415.00</td>
<td>950,723.85</td>
<td>430,673.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miguel Maya Dias Pereira</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>117,433.31</td>
<td>608,732.00</td>
<td>726,165.31</td>
<td>446,075.31</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>103,999.98</td>
<td>807,732.00</td>
<td>911,732.98</td>
<td>377,135.00</td>
<td>455,598.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Nuno Oliveira Jorge Palme</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>103,999.98</td>
<td>203,797.00</td>
<td>307,796.98</td>
<td>136,657.00</td>
<td>171,139.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Jacinto Iglesias Soares</td>
<td>24/07/2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>56,306.55</td>
<td>611,390.00</td>
<td>667,696.55</td>
<td>295,122.00</td>
<td>372,577.59</td>
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<tr>
<td>José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Penha</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>91,000.00</td>
<td>611,390.00</td>
<td>702,390.00</td>
<td>318,177.00</td>
<td>384,213.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria da Concelção Voita Soares Calde Lucas</td>
<td>24/07/2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>55,775.34</td>
<td>611,390.00</td>
<td>667,165.34</td>
<td>301,671.00</td>
<td>365,494.34</td>
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<td>Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Campos</td>
<td>24/07/2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>40,598.64</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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<td>18,308.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Tavares</td>
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<td></td>
<td>91,000.00</td>
<td>611,390.00</td>
<td>702,390.00</td>
<td>318,177.00</td>
<td>384,213.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

737,425.69  4,920,236.00  5,657,661.69  2,524,010.00  3,123,631.69

The Retirement Regulations of the Executive Directors is available on the Bank’s website at:

IV. Disclosure of remunerations

77. Details on the amount relating to the annual remuneration paid as a whole and individually to members of the company’s board of directors, including fixed and variable remuneration and as regards the latter, reference to the different components that gave rise to same

In the financial year covered by this report no variable remuneration was paid and the annual value of the remuneration earned, in an aggregated and individual form, by the members of the Company's management bodies is presented in the following table:

### Members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Board of Directors</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>A+B</th>
<th>Positions and/or Commissions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paid Directly by BCP (£)</td>
<td>Paid Through Other Companies (£)</td>
<td>Remuneration of the Directors set by the RWB (£)</td>
<td>Income tax withheld (£)</td>
<td>Board of Directors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado</td>
<td>39,648.42</td>
<td>6,128.00</td>
<td>39,648.42</td>
<td>631,870.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia</td>
<td>47,972.24</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>47,972.24</td>
<td>15,151.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valter Rui Dias de Barros</td>
<td>58,875.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>58,875.00</td>
<td>19,150.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ana Paula Rocha da Graça</td>
<td>54,513.90</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>54,513.90</td>
<td>12,829.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Members of the Executive Committee (EC) within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Executive Committee (EC)</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>A+B</th>
<th>Positions and/or Commissions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paid Directly by BCP (£)</td>
<td>Paid Through Other Companies (£)</td>
<td>Remuneration of the Directors set by the RWB (£)</td>
<td>Income tax withheld (£)</td>
<td>Board of Directors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro</td>
<td>567,281.45</td>
<td>19,885.23</td>
<td>587,166.68</td>
<td>255,835.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança</td>
<td>490,545.39</td>
<td>10,436.25</td>
<td>500,981.64</td>
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<tr>
<td>João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma</td>
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<td>520,000.04</td>
<td>218,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rui Manuel da Silva Telêtra</td>
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<td>6,645.79</td>
<td>455,000.00</td>
<td>203,106.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha</td>
<td>440,223.49</td>
<td>14,776.51</td>
<td>455,000.00</td>
<td>199,422.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Campos</td>
<td>102,993.21</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>102,993.21</td>
<td>91,546.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee until the definitive end of the term-of-office 2015/2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Board of Directors</th>
<th>A</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Board of Directors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Vítor Martins Monteiro</td>
<td>195,000.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>195,000.00</td>
<td>41,575.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carlos José da Silva</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Vítor Filipe de Sousa Barretto</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td>12,120.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>André Magalhães Luís Gomes</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>11,120.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Henriques de Freitas Cardoso</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>11,120.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>António Luís Guerra Nunes Macia</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaime de Macedo Santos Bastos</td>
<td>40,833.33</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>40,833.33</td>
<td>14,083.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>João Manuel de Matos Loureiro</td>
<td>79,750.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>79,750.00</td>
<td>32,675.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raquel Raúl de Costa Vange</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>7,287.00</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members of the Executive Committee</th>
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<th>B</th>
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<th>Positions and/or Commissions</th>
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<td>7,287.00</td>
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2018 ANNUAL REPORT

<table>
<thead>
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<th>A+B</th>
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<td>0.00</td>
<td>29,166.69</td>
<td>7,287.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

347,883.38 | 0.00 | 347,883.38 | 129,075.00 | Chairman |
78. Any amounts paid, for any reason whatsoever, by other companies in a control or group relationship, or are subject to a common control.

In view of the provisions in the remuneration policy for members of the Board of Directors transcribed above in item 69, which establish that the net value of the remunerations earned annually by each Executive Director, working under an exclusivity regime, on account of duties performed in companies or governing bodies to which they have been appointed through indication or in representation of the Bank, shall be deducted from the values of the respective annual fixed remuneration, see the table above of item 77 which quantifies these deductions.

79. Remuneration paid in the form of profit sharing and/or bonus payments and the reasons for said bonuses or profit sharing being awarded.

During the financial year to which this Report refers, no remuneration in the form of profit-sharing and/or bonuses was paid.

80. Compensation paid or owed to former executive directors concerning contract termination during the financial year.

During the financial year to which this Report refers, no indemnity was paid or owed to former directors relative to their termination of office during the year.

81. Details of the annual remuneration paid, as a whole and individually, to the members of the company's supervisory board for the purposes of Law No. 28/2009 of 19 June

See the table of item 77.

82. Details of the remuneration in said year of the Chairman of the Presiding Board to the General Meeting

In defining the remuneration of the elected members of the Board of the General Meeting, the Remuneration and Welfare Board took into consideration, for the term of office that began in May 2017, the amounts paid for this position by the major listed companies based in Portugal and similar in size to BCP, having established the annual remuneration of the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting at 42,000 Euros.

V. Agreements with remunerative implications

83. The envisaged contractual restraints for compensation payable for the unfair dismissal of directors and the relevance thereof to the remunerations' variable component.

This issue is ruled by the provisos of article 403 (5) of the Companies Code. herein transcribed: “If a dismissal is not grounded on a fair cause, the director will be entitled to a compensation for damages, in accordance with the agreement established with him/her or as generally permitted by law. That compensation cannot exceed the amount of remunerations he/she would presumably receive until the end of the period of time for which he/she was elected. “

Apart from those herein mentioned, no contractual conditions or limitations have been established for compensation payable for dismissal without fair cause.

84. Reference to the existence and description, with details of the sums involved, of agreements between the company and members of the board of directors and managers, pursuant to Article 248-B/3 of the Securities Code that envisages compensation in the event of resignation or unfair dismissal or termination of employment following a takeover bid. (Article 245-A/1/I) (Article 245-A/1/I))

There are no agreements between the Company and members of the management board, directors, pursuant to
number 3 of article 248-B of the Securities Code, or any other employee who reports directly to the management which establish indemnities in the event of resignation, dismissal without fair cause or termination of employment relations following a change in the control of the company, exception made those determined by the general applicable law.

VI. Plans for the attribution of shares or stock options

85. Details of the plan and the number of persons included therein

Regarding the issues addressed in items 85 to 88, currently there are no plans with these features; hence, this chapter VI is not applicable to the Bank.

86. to 88. Not applicable

E. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

I. Control mechanisms and procedures

89. Mechanisms implemented by the Company for the purpose of controlling transactions with related parties

The members of the governing bodies as well as the holders of qualifying stakes and entities related to them are identified and marked with special alerts in the Bank’s computer records.

The internal rules on granting credit foresees specific procedures for the progression of their proposal to the competent entities, in particular, their approval by the Board of Directors and the issue of a prior opinion of the Audit Committee pursuant to an opinion issued by the Audit Division relative to the compliance of the proposed transactions with the internal rules, legal and regulatory provisions, and all other applicable conditions.

Proposals relative to this particular group are submitted to the Audit Committee by the Executive Committee, which, in turn, receives the proposals from the Credit Commission.

This Commission's functions are to assess and decide on credit granting to Customers of Banco Comercial Português, in accordance with the competences established by an internal regulation (Service Order on Credit Granting, Monitoring and Recovery). Moreover, this commission also issues advisory opinions on credit proposals from Group subsidiary companies abroad.

The Credit Commission is composed of the totality of the members of the Executive Committee and may function with a minimum of three directors. One of them shall be responsible for the proponent area. Apart from these, the Risk Officer, the Compliance Officer, the Company’s Secretary Office, the Heads of the proponent areas, the ‘Level 3’ managers, the subsidiary entities’ Credit Commission members (whenever there are proposals originated in those entities) and the Heads of commercial areas are also part of the Credit Commission. The Heads of the following Divisions are also members of this Commission: Credit, Specialised Monitoring, Legal Advisory and Litigation, Investment Banking, Real Estate Business, Rating, Specialised Recovery and Retail Recovery.

The Director, responsible for Risk, the Risk Officer, the Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit do not have the right to vote, but may exercise the right to veto.

90. Details of transactions that were subject to control in the referred year.

In 2018, the Audit Division and Audit Committee of the Board of Directors controlled proposed operations of credit and contracting of products or services relative to members of the management and supervisory bodies and shareholders with stakes greater than 2% of the Banks’ share capital and entities related to them, of a total value of approximately 5,208 million Euros. The indicated amount includes extensions and reviews of limits.

91. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body when same provides preliminary assessment of the business deals to be carried out between the company and the holders of qualifying holdings or entity-relationships with the former, as envisaged in Article 20 of the Securities Code.

Any business to be conducted between the Company and owners of qualifying holdings or entities which are in any relationship with them, are the object of appraisal and exclusive deliberation by the Board of Directors, supported by analyses and technical opinions issued by the Audit Committee, which in turn take into account approvals given by the Credit Division, in the case of credit operations, or by the Procurement Division and/or
other areas involved in the contract, in the case of contracts for the supply of products and services. All the operations, regardless of their respective amount, and according to item 10 above, require a prior opinion issued by the Audit Division in relation to the legal and regulatory compliance of the proposed operations.

II. Elements relative to business

92. Details of the place where the financial statements including information on business dealings with related parties are available, in accordance with IAS 24, or alternatively a copy of said data

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report for 2018, in appraisal 52 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.
Part II - Assessment of Corporate Governance

1. Details of the Corporate Governance Code adopted

Pursuant to article 2 of CMVM Regulation 4/2013 and article 245-A, number 1, subparagraphs o) and p) of the Securities Code, the Bank, for the financial year to which this Corporate Governance Report refers, declares, in compliance with the CMVM Circular: "The supervision of the recommendation regime of the Corporate Governance - new rules and procedures for 2019, from 11/01/2019", which welcomed the Corporate Governance Code of IPCG – Instituto Português de Corporate Governance, with a voluntary adhesion, without a mandatory nature, based on principles and recommendations and also on the comply or explain rule.

The Corporate Governance Code of IPCG is available at the IPCG website at:

https://cgov.pt/regulamentacao/codigos-de-governo

Concerning the above mentioned Circular, and in addition to the rest of this Part II, refer to the tables in the "Introduction" to this Report.
Chapter I – General Part

General principle:
Corporate governance should promote and optimise the performance of the companies, as well as the capital market, and foster the confidence of investors, employees and general public in terms of management and supervision quality and in the sustainable development of the companies.

I.1. Company’s Investor Relations and Information

Principle:
Companies and, in particular, their directors must treat shareholders and other investors in an fair manner, ensuring, in particular, mechanisms and procedures for the appropriate treatment and disclosure of information.

Recommendations:

I.1.1. The company must create mechanisms able of ensuring, in a strict and appropriate manner, the production, processing and the timely disclosure of information to its corporate bodies, investors and remaining stakeholders, the financial analysts and to the market in general.

See the information presented in items 56, 57 and 58 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

I.2. Diversity in the composition and functioning of the corporate bodies

Principle:
I.2.A. The companies must ensure diversity in the composition of the respective corporate bodies and the adoption of individual merit criteria in the respective appointment processes, which pertain exclusively to the shareholders.

I.2.B. The companies must have straightforward and transparent decision-making structures and ensure maximum efficiency in the functioning of its corporate bodies and commissions.

Recommendations:

I.2.1. The companies must establish criteria and requirements regarding the profile of new members of the corporate bodies which suit the function to perform. Thus, in addition to individual attributes (such as competence, independence, integrity, availability and experience), those profiles must consider diversity requirements, notably gender, which may contribute to improve the performance of the corporate body and to the achievement of a balanced composition.

See the information presented in items 16, 17, 19 and 33 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

I.2.2. The management and supervision bodies and their internal commissions must obey to internal regulations – namely on the exercise of the respective attributions, chairmanship, periodicity of meetings, functioning and duties of their members – and detailed minutes of the respective meetings must be written-up.

See the information presented in items 22, 27 and 34 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

I.2.3. The internal regulations of the management and supervision bodies and of their internal commissions must be fully disclosed on the company’s website.
See the information presented in items 22, 34 and 61 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

1.2.4. The composition, the number of annual meetings of the management and supervision bodies and of its internal commissions must be disclosed through the company’s website.

See the information presented in items 21 - Audit Committee and 21 - Executive Committee 23, 27, 35 and 67, of Part I of this Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

1.2.5. The Company’s regulations must safeguard the existence and operation of mechanisms for the detection and prevention of irregularities, as well as the adoption of a policy on communication of irregularities (whistleblowing), which guarantees adequate means for its communication and treatment, safeguarding the confidentiality of the given information and the identity of the notifier, whenever requested.

See the information presented in item 49 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

1.3. Relation between corporate bodies

Principle:
Members of the corporate bodies, above all the Directors, should create the conditions so that, as far as each body’s responsibilities are concerned, they can ensure that weighted and efficient measures are taken, and that the various corporate bodies act in a harmonious, articulated way and with adequate information to the exercise of their functions.

Recommendations:

1.3.1. The articles or other equivalent means adopted by the company must establish mechanisms to ensure that, within the limits of applicable legislation, members of the management and supervisory body are allowed to permanently access all information and employees of the company for performance assessment, status and prospects for the development of the company, including, in particular, the minutes, supporting documentation of decisions that were made, call notices and filing meetings of the executive management body, without prejudice of access to any other documents or persons to whom clarifications may be requested.

According to article 18 of the Bank’s Articles of Association, Minutes shall always be written up concerning meetings of the company’s corporate bodies, signed by all the members that attended and containing, apart from identification data, the resolutions adopted and the votes that were cast. As in this statutory provision, also the Regulations of the different specialised Committees of the Board of Directors, including the Executive Committee, establish the obligation to draw up minutes of all meetings of the committees. The documentation supporting the deliberations and topics addressed at the meetings of each of the committees should be filed together with the minutes of the respective meeting, for a better understanding of the decisions that were taken.

In accordance with the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and each of its specialized committees, in the article relating to “Meetings”, documents supporting the meetings should be sent to the participating directors at least five days in advance in relation to the date set for each meeting. The Bank keeps available, during the term of office of its members, all the agendas and support material for the meetings, as well as the legislation, internal regulations and other relevant documentation, on an online platform called “Diligent Boards”.

The regulations of the Board of Directors and of the other Committees of the Board of Directors are available on the internal portal and at the Bank’s website at the following address:

See the information presented in item 22 of Part I of the current Report.

**Declaration of Compliance:** COMPLIANT

I.3.2. Each body and committee of the company must ensure, in a timely and adequate manner, the flow of information, from the respective call notices and minutes, necessary for the exercise of the legal and statutory powers of each of the other bodies and committees.

See the information presented in the previous item and in item 22 of Part I of the current Report.

**Declaration of Compliance:** COMPLIANT

I.4. Conflicts of interest

**Principle:**
Existing or potential conflicts of interest between members of corporate bodies or committees and the company, should be prevented. It must be ensured that the member in conflict does not interfere in the decision-making process.

**Recommendations:**

I.4.1. An obligation should be put on members of corporate bodies and committees to inform, in a timely manner, their respective body or committee of the facts that may constitute or give cause to a conflict between their interests and the company's interest.

The Bank has a Group Code (GR0038) that defines the fundamental principles and processes adopted for the identification and management of conflicts of interest occurring within the Group.

The Group Code mentioned above implements in the Bank and in Group BCP, in particular, the guidelines issued by the European Banking Authority (EBA/GL/2017/11) on internal government, identifies the control process to allow for an effective and prudent management of conflicts of interest at an institutional or personal level, including segregation of functions, information barriers and the specific process of transactions with the so-called “related parties”, in order to simultaneously defend and protect the interests of all stakeholders and those of the Bank and of the Group.

The Group Code also formalizes the principles of governance applicable within the scope of the provision of services and investment activities and ancillary services identified respectively in Articles 290 and 291 of the Securities Code and formalizes the principles of governance applicable internally, in the scope of the policy for the management of conflicts of interest.

The Compliance Office is responsible for the development of the approaches and methods that allow for the identification of real or potential conflicts of interest, in compliance with the Conflicts of Interest Policy. The Compliance Office, at least once a year, carries out a global analysis to identify and assess the materiality of situations of conflicts of interest at an institutional level and reports to the Executive Committee and to the Audit Committee its respective findings, identifying the measures necessary to correct the situations therein identified.

As in the case of the Group Code, BCP’s Group Code of Conduct also mandatorily indicates that members of the management and supervisory bodies, as well as employees, should avoid any situation likely to give rise to conflicts of interest with their functions so that they will be able to act with complete independence of mind, impartiality and exemption and that the members of the management and supervisory bodies can not intervene in the appraisal and decision-making process on transactions, professional situations of employees and procedures for the procurement of assets and services, in which the risk of conflicts of interest may occur.

The Code of Conduct is available on the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address:

The Board of Directors in its Regulations has delegated powers on the Audit Committee to decide on work plans for the identification and resolution of conflicts of interest and the detection of potential illegalities and has also delegated powers on the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct to ensure effective prevention of conflicts of interest.

See the information presented in items 20, 89, 90 and 91 of Part I of the current Report.

**Declaration of Compliance:** COMPLIANT

**I.4.2. Procedures** should be adopted to ensure that the member in conflict does not interfere in the decision-making process, without prejudice to the duty to provide information and clarifications requested by the body, the committee or its members.

The Bank has favoured the interaction between the independence of each member’s behaviour and the principle of being independent in the face of conflicts of interest that create obstacles to the ability to perform their duties in an independent and objective way, and for this purpose, the Board of Directors has in its Regulation, consecrated that any member of the Board of Directors who accumulates with his/her position, a management function in an enterprise which carries on a competing activity with that pursued by the Bank, or pursued by an entity belonging to Group BCP or a company in which the Bank holds a significant stake, is prevented from accessing any privileged or sensitive documentation related to the competing company.

The member of the Board of Directors should not participate in the debate or deliberation of any content related to a competing company of the Bank, of the Group or a company in which the Bank holds a significant stake, with which he/she is related.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors is available on the Bank's website at:


See the information presented in item 20 of Part I of the current Report.

**Declaration of Compliance:** COMPLIANT

**I.5 Transactions with related parties**

**Principle:**
Due to the potential risks involved, transactions with related parties must be justified by the interests of the company and carried out under market conditions, subject to principles of transparency and adequate supervision.

**Recommendations:**

**I.5.1.** The management body should define, with binding prior opinion of the supervisory body, the type, scope and minimum value, individual or aggregate, of the transactions with the related parties that: (i) require the prior approval of the management body; (ii) and those that, because they are of a higher value, also require a prior favourable opinion from the supervisory body.

The Board of Directors' Regulations establishes the obligation to obtain prior opinion from the Audit Committee related to all credit proposals involving members of the corporate bodies, shareholders holding more than 2% of the Bank's capital and natural or legal persons, related to one or the other. The approval of these transactions is of the exclusive responsibility of the Board of Directors.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors also establish, with respect to the same entities, the conditions that require that contracts to be signed with these entities are also subject to mandatory prior opinion of the Audit Committee, and such contracts must also be submitted for approval by the Board of Directors.

See the information also presented in items 37, 89, 90 and 91 of Part I of the current Report.

**Declaration of Compliance:** COMPLIANT

**I.5.2.** The management body should, every six months, report to the supervisory board all the businesses covered by Recommendation I.5.1.
See the information presented in items 89, 90 and 91 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter II – Shareholders and General Meeting

Principles:
II.A. The proper involvement of shareholders in corporate governance is a positive factor of corporate governance, as an instrument for the efficient performance of the company and for achieving the social purpose.

II.B. The company should promote the personal participation of the shareholders in General Meetings, as space of communication of the shareholders with the corporate bodies and committees and of reflection about the company.

II.C. The company should also allow the participation of shareholders in the General Meeting using electronic means, postal ballot and, in particular, electronic vote, unless, because of the associated costs, it becomes disproportionate.

Recommendations:

II.1. The company should not set an excessively large number of shares necessary to give the right to a vote, and should state in the governance report its option whenever it implies a deviation from the principle that each share corresponds to one vote.

See the information presented in item 12 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

II.2. The company should not adopt mechanisms that hinder the adoption of resolutions by their shareholders, in particular establishing a deliberative quorum higher than that established by law.

See the information presented in items 12 and 14 of Part I of the current Report, considering that the explanation put forward is such as to satisfy positively the "comply or explain" principle.

Declaration of Compliance: Non COMPLIANT but explained

II.3. The company must implement adequate resources to exercise the right to use correspondence vote, including by electronic means.

See the information presented in the first part of item 12 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

II.4. The company must implement adequate means for the participation of shareholders in the meeting by telematic means.

The company has not implemented the adequate channels for the shareholders’ participation in the meeting by electronic means, since it was considered that, the cost and safety factors versus the shareholders' foreseeable adhesion to this channel, meant that the reasoning was not in favour of the implementation of this type of voting.

It should be noted that the Bank provides its shareholders with a platform for voting by e-mail, and in the last 10 years, the highest number of shareholders who have resorted to this method of voting in a single Assembly was 8. Considering the same period, the conclusion is that the average number of voters per Assembly was less than 3 shareholders.
Although this alternative has not been requested by any shareholder, in the period in question, it is the intention of the bank to consider this proposal in the future, but there is no ongoing activity or an established time frame for such.

The grounds given above are considered enough to comply positively with the “comply or explain” principle.

See the information presented in the first part of item 12 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

II.5. Articles of association of companies which foresee the limitation of the number of votes which may be held or exercised by a single shareholder, individually or in combination with other shareholders, must also establish that, at least every five years, the alteration or maintenance of this statutory provision will be subject to deliberation by the General Meeting – without requirement of a quorum larger than that legally established – and that, in this deliberation, all the votes cast will count, without the application of this limitation.

See the information presented in items 5 and 13 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: NON COMPLIANT

II.6. Measures should not be adopted if they determine payments or the incurrence of expenses by the company in the event of the transfer of control or change of the composition of the management body, and which might hinder the financial interest in the free transferability of shares and the free appraisal by the shareholders of the performance of Directors.

See the information presented in item 4 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter III - Non-Executive Management and Supervision

Principles:

III.A. The members of corporate bodies with functions of non-executive management and supervision must exercise, in an effective and judicious manner, a supervisory and defiant function in relation to the executive management for the full accomplishment of the social purpose, and this action must be complemented by committees in central areas of corporate governance.

III.B. The composition of the auditing and supervisory body and all non-executive directors should provide the company with a balanced and adequate diversity of skills, knowledge and professional experience.

III.C. The supervisory body should develop a permanent supervision of the company’s management, also with a preventive goal, accompanying the activity of the company and, in particular, decisions of paramount importance for the company.

Recommendations

III.1. Without damaging the legal functions of the chairperson of the Board of Directors, if he/she is not independent, the independent directors must appoint amongst them a coordinator (lead independent director) to, namely: (i) act, whenever necessary, as interlocutor with the chairperson of the board of directors and with the remaining directors; (ii) endeavour that they all have the conditions and means necessary for the exercise of their functions; and (iii) coordinate them in the assessment of the performance by the administration body as foreseen in recommendation V.1.1.

The company does not accept the recommendation because the rules of the Board, as well as the characteristics and powers of Independent Directors, namely concerning the functions they perform in the different Board Committees, show that in practice their autonomy is assured.

Independent Directors have never mentioned the need or even identified an advantage in having a coordinator. The grounds given are considered to be enough to comply positively with the “comply or explain” principle.

Declaration of Compliance: Non COMPLIANT but explained

III.2. The number of non-executive members of the administrative body as well as the number of members of the supervisory board and the number of members of the Financial Matters Committee should be compatible with the size of the company and the complexity of the inherent risks of its activity, but sufficient to ensure that they can efficiently carry out the tasks entrusted to them.

See the information presented in item 18 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

III.3. In any case, the number of non-executive directors must exceed that of executive directors.

See the information presented in item 18 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

III.4. Each company must include a number not less than one-third but always plural, of non-executive directors who meet the requirements of independence. For the purposes of this recommendation, a person is considered independent as long as he/she is not associated with any group of specific interests in the company, or is not in a position susceptible to affect his/her ability to make an impartial analysis or decision, in particular due to:
i. Having exercised for more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any
corporate body of the company;

ii. Having been an employee of the company over the last three years or of a company which
is in a controlling or group relationship;

iii. Having, in the last three years, provided services or established a significant business
relationship with the company or company with which said company is in a control or group
relationship, either directly or as a partner, board member, manager or director of the legal
person;

iv. Receiving remuneration paid by the company or by a company that is in a controlling or
group relationship in addition to the remuneration derived from carrying out the tasks as a
director;

v. Living in non-marital cohabitation or being the spouse, relative or relative-in-law in a
straight line and until the 3rd degree, inclusively, in the collateral line, of directors of the
company, of a legal person holder of a qualifying stake in the company or of natural
persons directly or indirectly holding qualifying stakes;

vi. Being the holder of a qualifying stake or representative of a shareholder with qualifying
stakes.

See the information presented in item 18 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

III.5. The provisions of paragraph (i) of recommendation III.4 shall not preclude the qualification of a
new director as independent if, between the termination of his duties in any company body and his
new designation, at least three years have elapsed (off period).

See the information presented in item 18 of Part I of the current Report. and Recommendation III.4.

Declaration of Compliance: NOT-APPLICABLE

III.6. Non-executive directors should participate in the definition, by the management body, of the
strategy, main policies, corporate structure and decisions that are considered strategic to the
company by virtue of their amount or risk, as well as in the assessment of their compliance.

Reference should also be made to the information provided in item 21 - Board of Directors of Part I of the current
Report.

The Bank’s Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board of Directors are available on the Bank’s
website at:


Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

III.7. The general and supervisory board should, within the framework of its legal and statutory
powers, collaborate with the executive board of directors in defining the strategy, main policies,
corporate structure and decisions that should be considered strategic for the company, due to its
amount or risk, as well as in the assessment of their compliance.

See the information presented in item 18 of Part I of the current Report.
III.8. In compliance with the powers conferred upon it by law, the supervisory body should, in particular, monitor, assess and give opinion on the strategic guidelines and risk policy defined by the management body.

According to the Bank’s Articles of Association, the Committee for Risk Assessment, follows and monitors the company’s risk strategy and appetite and advises the Board of Directors on the strategy and policies regarding risk assumption, management and reduction to which the Bank is or may be subject and the Audit Committee, as the Bank’s supervising body, is responsible for overseeing compliance with the law and the bank’s articles of association and is responsible in supervising the Bank’s management.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 21 - Audit Committee and 37, of Part I of the current Report.

III.9. Companies must establish specialized internal committees that are appropriate to their size and complexity, covering, separately or cumulatively, matters of corporate governance, remuneration and performance appraisal, and appointments.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 27 and 29 of Part I of the current Report.

III.10. The Audit Committee, Supervisory Board and Audit Board should issue statements on the work plans and resources allocated to the internal audit services and to the services which strive to ensure compliance with the regulations applied to the company (compliance services), and should receive the reports produced by these services at least when concerning matters related to the presentation of accounts, the identification or resolution of conflicts of interests and the detection of potential illegalities.

The structures specifically connected to the Risk Office, Compliance Office and Internal Audit (Audit Division) which is structured in three functional areas and a support unit, with an activity scope that encompasses all relevant aspects of the Bank’s activity, are equipped with the technical and human resources suitable to the size of the Bank, as well as to the degree of complexity and magnitude of the risks inherent to the Bank’s various activities - business and business support.

These structures, on the other hand, are designed to operate within the scope of an extensive volume of regulation - both external and internal - resulting from legislation aimed at defining the bank’s activity within the limits of prudence, security and control defined by regulators and the bank’s management body.

Thus, in allocating resources to the areas mentioned, the Bank adopts the principle of proportionality, matching the mobilized resources to the size and granularity of risks and other constraints of its activities, in a perspective of effectiveness, business sustainability and scrupulous compliance with the established regulation.

The number of employees whose functions are carried out in accordance with the highest standards of independence, objectivity, impartiality, integrity and professional expertise, in each of the 3 areas specifically involved in the functions analysed here, on 31/12/2018 was as follows:

- Risk Office: 49
- Compliance Office: 31
- Audit Division: 47

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 50 of Part I of the current Report.

III.11. The supervisory body and the financial committees should oversee the effectiveness of systems and risk management, internal control and internal audit, and propose any adjustments that may prove necessary.
See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 37 and 50 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

III.12. The Supervisory Body should issue an opinion on the work plans and resources allocated to the internal control, including control of compliance with the regulations applied to the company (compliance services) and of internal audit, and should receive the reports produced by these services at least when concerning matters related to the presentation of accounts, the identification or resolution of conflicts of interests and the detection of potential irregularities.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 37 and 50 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter IV - Executive Management

Principles:

IV.A. As a way to increase the efficiency and quality of the performance of the management body and the suitable flow of information to this body, the day-to-day management of the company must belong to executive directors with the appropriate proficiency, skills and experience, that their function requires. Executive management is responsible for managing the company, pursuing the goals of the company and aiming to contribute to its sustainable development.

IV.B. In determining the number of executive directors, the size of the company, the complexity of its activity and its geographical dispersion must be taken into account, in addition to the costs and the desirable agility in the way the executive management works.

Recommendations

IV.1. The management body should approve, through internal regulations or through an equivalent means, the working regime of executives and their performance in executive functions in entities outside the group.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 21 - Executive Committee, of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

IV.2. The administration body must assure that the company acts in accordance with its objectives, and should not delegate its powers, namely, with respect to: i) definition of the strategy and general policies of the company; ii) definition of the Group’s business structure; iii) decisions which should be considered strategic due to their amount, risk or special features

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 21 - Board of Directors of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

IV.3. The management body should set risk-taking goals and ensure that they are fulfilled.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 21 - Board of Directors of Part I of the current Report, and Recommendation IV.4. Following.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

IV.4. The supervisory body should organize itself internally by implementing periodic control mechanisms and procedures to ensure that the risks effectively incurred by the company are consistent with the objectives set by the management body

The Board of Directors establishes objective regarding the assumption of risks by mean of the formal approval of the Risk Appetite Statement (RAS – “Risk Appetite Statement”) of the Bank. The “Risk appetite statement” incorporates a set of key indicators relating to the identified material risks and their acceptable levels of risk (tolerance levels). These levels of tolerance:

- constitute maximum risk assumption objectives and are, in turn, developed and discharged “in cascade” and in greater detail to the risk limits that are part of the institution’s risk policy and materialized in the internal rulings documentation;

- are established at two levels: an alert level, prior to the maximum permissible value and an absolute “break” level, which require corrective measures if they are reached.

The Board of Directors monitors and analyses - on a monthly basis, through its Executive Committee (EC) and the Committee for Risk Assessment (CRA) bimonthly - the evolution of the RAS indicators, against the established limits, thus acting in accordance with that evolution, whenever the indicators in question reach alert or break levels.

In turn, Audit Committee of the BoFD supervises the application of RAS in order to ensure that the risks actually taken are at compatible levels with the RAS and if there are deviations, the EC and/or the BoFD shall take the necessary corrective measures to mitigate risk levels, to ensure that RAS is complied with.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee, of Part I of the current Report.
Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter V - Performance Evaluation, Remuneration and Nominations

V.1. Annual Performance Evaluation

Principle:
The company should promote the evaluation of the performance of the executive body and its members individually and also of the overall performance of the management body and of the specialized committees established within it.

Recommendations:

V.1.1. The management body should evaluate annually its performance as well as the performance of its committees and of the delegated directors, taking into account the compliance with the company’s strategic plan and budget, risk management, internal performance of the management and of its committees, as well as the relationship between corporate bodies and committees.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 24 and 25 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.1.2. The supervisory body must supervise the management of the company and, in particular, evaluate annually the compliance with the company’s strategic plan and budget, risk management, the internal functioning of the management body and its committees, and the relationship between bodies and committees of the company.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 24, 25 and 38 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.2. Remunerations.

Principle:
The remuneration policy of members of management and supervision bodies must allow the company to attract, at a reasonable economic cost for their situation, qualified professionals, to induce the alignment of interests with those of the shareholders - taking into account the wealth effectively created by the company, the economic situation and the market situation - and to constitute a factor for the development of a culture of professionalisation, promotion of merit and transparency in society.

Recommendations:

V.2.1. The establishment of remunerations should be made by a committee whose composition ensures its independence from management.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 66 and 67 of Part I of the current Report.

Considering the specific rules that regulate this matter with regard to Credit Institutions, namely the provisions of Articles 115-b to 115-i of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, and EBA/GL/2015/22 of June 27, 2016, this recommendation should be considered as not applicable.

Declaration of Compliance: Not applicable

V.2.2. The remunerations commission must approve, at the beginning of each term-of-office, the making and confirm, every year, the remuneration policy of the members of the corporate bodies and commissions of the company, wherein the respective fixed components are established and, regarding the executive directors or directors temporarily in charge of executive tasks, if there is a
variable component of the remuneration, the respective criteria for attribution and measurement, the limitation mechanisms, the mechanisms for the deferment of the payment of the remuneration, and the remuneration mechanisms based on options or shares of the company itself.

On this matter, see the information presented in items 27-b, 66, 67 and 69 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.2.3. The statement on the remuneration policy of the management and supervisory bodies referred to in article 2 of Law 28/2009, of 19 June, should also contain:

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 69 and 81 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

i. The total remuneration broken down by the different components, the relative proportion of the variable remuneration, an explanation of how the total remuneration complies with the remuneration policy adopted, including how it contributes to the long-term performance of society, and information on how performance criteria were applied.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 70, 77 and 79 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

ii. The remunerations from companies part of the same group;

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 77 and 78 of Part I of the current Report.

iii. The number of shares and of options on shares granted or offered and the main conditions for the exercise of the rights, including price and the date of that exercise and any alteration in those conditions;

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 70 and 85 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

iv. Information of the possibility of requesting the return of a variable remuneration;

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 69, 70 and 80 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

v. Information on any deviation from the procedure for implementing the approved remuneration policy, including an explanation of the nature of the exceptional circumstances and an indication of the specific elements to be waived;

There was no deviation from the approved remuneration policy, which was validated by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations based on the opinions of the Internal Audit Division and of the Independent Auditor.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 66 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

c) Information on the payability or non-payability of amounts relative to the termination of duties of directors.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 80, of Part I of the current Report, and
Recommendation V.2.4 following.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.2.4. For each term of office, the remuneration committee should also approve the pension scheme of directors, if the articles will allow it, and the maximum amount of any compensation to be paid to the member of any body or committee of the company in case they leave office.

See, concerning this matter, the information provided in items 69, 76, 80, 83 and 84 of Part I of the current Report and the following recommendation.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.2.5. With the purpose to provide information or clarification to the shareholders, the chairman or, in his/her absence, another member of the remuneration committee shall be present at the annual general meeting and any other meetings if the respective agenda includes a matter related to the remuneration of the members of the bodies and committees of the company or if such presence has been requested by shareholders.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 67, of Part I of the current Report, and Recommendation V.2.4 above.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.2.6. Within the budgetary constraints of the company, the remuneration committee must be able to freely decide on the contracting, by the company, of the consultancy services necessary or convenient for the performance of its duties. The Remuneration Committee should ensure that the services are provided with independence and that the respective providers will not be hired for the provision of any other services to the company itself or to other companies that are in a control or group relationship without the express authorization of Committee.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 27-b and 67 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.3. Remuneration of Directors

Principle:
Directors should receive compensation:

(i) That adequately remunerates the responsibility assumed, the availability and the competence placed at the service of the company;

(ii) That guarantees a line of conduct aligned with the long-term interests of the shareholders, as well as others that they expressly define; and

(iii) that rewards performance.

Recommendations:

V.3.1. Bearing in mind the alignment of interests between the company and executive directors, a portion of their remuneration should be of a variable nature so as to reflect the sustained performance of the company and does not encourage excessive risk-taking.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 70 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
V.3.2. A significant part of the variable component must be partially deferred over time for a period of not less than three years, associating it with the confirmation of the sustainability of performance, under the terms defined in the company's regulations.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 70 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.3.3 When variable remuneration comprises options or other instruments directly or indirectly dependent on the value of the shares, the beginning of the exercise period shall be deferred for a term of not less than three years.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 70 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.3.4. The remuneration of the non-executive directors should not include any component whose value depends on the performance or value of the company.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 69 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.3.5. The company should have the appropriate legal instruments so that the termination of functions before the term of office does not directly or indirectly result in the payment to the director of any amounts other than those set forth by the law, and should explain the legal instruments adopted in the corporate governance report.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 83 and 84 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.4. Nominations

Principle:

Regardless of the appointment procedure, profile, expertise and curriculum of the members of the corporate bodies and senior managers, they should be suitable to the performance of the function.

Recommendations:

V.4.1. The company should, under such terms as it deems appropriate, but in a manner that can be demonstrated, promote that proposals for the election of members of corporate bodies are accompanied by a justification on the suitability of the profile, expertise and curriculum to the function of each candidate.

On May 30, 2018, the General Meeting of Shareholders approved by a majority of 99.71% of the votes cast the internal policy for the selection and evaluation of the adequacy of the members of the management and supervision bodies, which includes the “Succession Plan for the Bank's Board of Directors”, which establishes, among others, the following aspects:

- Power to elect the members of corporate bodies;
- selection policy;
- composition of the Board of Directors;
- specific and minimum requirements for the exercise of management and supervision functions;
- specialized committees of the Board of Directors

The Succession Plan for the Bank's Board of Directors is available on the Bank's website at:


The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, when evaluating the candidates for members of the corporate bodies, takes into account the guidelines of the Bank Succession Plan, analysing the curriculum, academic, professional and experience of each of the candidates in the light of the requirements of the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of members of the corporate bodies published by the European Central Bank in May 2018 and the ESMA and EBA Guidelines on adequacy of members of the management bodies and key function holders that came
into force in June 30, 2018. In the aforementioned process of evaluating candidates, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations also complies with the requirements imposed by the Banco de Portugal, namely Banco de Portugal instruction 23/2018 of November 5, 2018.

The authorization process for the exercise of the functions of the members of the management and supervisory bodies of the institutions, the Bank included, should be subject to the supervision of Banco de Portugal and the European Central Bank, and therefore consequences of the election by the General Meeting of Shareholders of the members of the corporate bodies, may be suspended and subject to obtaining the authorization of the European Central Bank to the performance of functions.

The curricula of candidates for members of the management and supervisory bodies and other documentation that, according to the law are given to shareholders, are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address.


See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 17 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.4.2. Unless the size of the company does not justify it, the function of monitoring and supporting appointments to senior management positions should be attributed to a Committee for Nominations.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 50-b of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.4.3. This commission includes a majority of independent non-executive members.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 17 and 27-b of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

V.4.4. The Committee for Nominations should make its terms of reference available and should, to the extent of its competences, foster transparent selection procedures that include effective mechanisms for identifying potential candidates, and that those who have the greatest merit, are better suited to the requirements of the function, and promote within the organization adequate diversity including gender, should be the ones chosen for the proposal.

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is firmly convinced that the choice of the members of the corporate bodies pertains exclusively to shareholders who, as owners of the capital, should not alienate the right of choice of persons who, at any moment, they consider to be more suitable to manage their assets. Aware that there are other interests to be safeguarded beyond those of the shareholders, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations evaluates the candidates that are proposed by the shareholders by means of clear and transparent rules, namely those contained in the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of the Corporate Bodies published by the European Central Bank in May 2018 and the ESMA and EBA Guidelines on adequacy of members of the management bodies and key function holders that came into force in June 30, 2018, as well as the Instruction from Banco de Portugal nr. 23/2018 of 5 November.

It is therefore as a result of such evaluation, and only when it is positive, that the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations requests the Banco de Portugal/European Central Bank a decision regarding the authorization for the elected or appointed directors to carry out their duties.

It should also be noted that this evaluation is reviewed annually or whenever any fact justifying is brought to the attention of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 17, of Part I of the current Report, and Recommendation V.4.1.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter VI – Risk Management

Principle:
Based on the medium and long-term strategy, the company must establish a system of risk management and control and internal audit that allows to anticipate and minimize the risks inherent to the activity.

Recommendations:

VI.1. The Board of Directors should discuss and approve the company's strategic plan and risk policy, including the formulation of acceptable risk levels.

The Company's risk policy is written down on a large set of internal regulations (about 80) with different hierarchies and level of detail. The documentation in question contains the definitions of risk management and control approved by the Board of Directors, at each moment, and is reviewed whenever necessary and at least every two years. Together, these documents materialize the institution's risk policy.

The internal regulations of a higher level, in the document hierarchy (Group Codes) are approved by the Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee, with the first being responsible for approving Group Codes of a more strategic nature or associated with risk or audit.

In addition, both the risk policy and the "Risk Strategy" (a document approved annually by the BofD and which defines the lines of action to be developed to mitigate and control the risks considered as material) are based on and derive from a formal risk identification and risk assessment process that is carried out each year under the ICAAP (Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process).

The results of the annual risk identification process are also the basis for the formal updating of the Risk Appetite Statement (RAS), which consists of a set of key indicators related to the identified material risks and their respective levels of risk deemed acceptable. RAS is also approved by the Board of Directors and its indicators (and tolerance levels) are then developed discharged "in cascade" - and with specific details - to the risk limits included in the institution's risk policy and materialized in the internal rulings documentation, as referred to above.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in items 27 a) and 54 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance:  COMPLIANT

VI.2. Based on its risk policy, the company must establish a risk management system, identifying (i) the main risks to which it is exposed in the development of its activity; (ii) the probability of their occurrence and their impact; (iii) the instruments and measures to be adopted for the purpose of their mitigation; (iv) monitoring procedures for their follow-up; and (v) the supervisory procedure, periodic evaluation and adjustment of the system.

The company’s Risk Management System (RMS) is made up of the governance and management bodies and the organic units that perform the risk management and compliance functions, as set forth in Notice 5/2008 of the Banco de Portugal on the internal control of the institutions subject to its supervision.

In this regard, the RMS consists of an integrated set of human and technical resources that safeguard a wide range of processes, on a permanent basis, that provide an adequate understanding as to the nature and magnitude of the risks underlying the activities, thus enabling the adequate implementation of the strategy and the fulfilment of the institution's objectives.

Through the RMS, all material risks to which the institution is exposed, both internally and externally, are duly identified, assessed / measured, monitored and controlled, ensuring that the various risks remain at levels previously defined by the management body and that they will not materially affect the financial situation of the institution, namely in what regards the preservation of its capital, liquidity and profitability.

Therefore:

The Bank has established a formal and annual process to identify and assess the risks to which its business and business support activities are subject. The risk assessment under this process considers both the probability of occurrence of each risk but also the severity of the losses (or other types of negative impact) in case of occurrence. The combination of these two factors determines the rating as to the materiality of each risk.

The courses of action to be developed for control and mitigation of the material risks, listed and described in
the “Risk Strategy” approved by the BoFD, are reviewed annually. The choice of mitigation and control instruments at a more detailed level rests with the GMS governing bodies or with the organic units whose mission is to implement or promote mechanisms, tools and indicators for risk control and mitigation.

With regard to the periodic monitoring/assessment of the RMS, see the information presented in recommendation VI.3.

As to the adjustment of the RMS, in addition to what is done in the annual risk identification process and the annual review of the RMS and the “Risk Strategy”, the same is permanently carried out, depending on changes in the incidence of activity risks - in relation to its nature, likelihood of occurrence and potential impacts in case of occurrence - that may be detected at all times and at any level of the organization. The detection in question is also possible through the monitoring of a set of indicators established with a minimum monthly frequency (some, with daily or intraday frequency), and is materialized through the revision of internal regulations or through the creation or reformulation of areas and functions of the institution that allow greater effectiveness in the control of risks already addressed or to address in a minimally effective way the new risks or emerging risks that were identified.

See, about this particular subject, the information presented in items 53 (i) of the recommendation under consideration and item 54 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VI.3. The company should evaluate annually the degree of internal compliance and the performance of the risk management system, as well as the potential for change of the previously defined risk framework.

The Internal Audit function regularly performs audits on the various components (or areas) of the Risk Management System (RMS), namely, the auditing of the credit risk management system, the auditing of the operational risk management system, the auditing of the market risk management system.

The Internal Audit function pursues the general goal of auditing all areas of the RMS within a maximum cycle of 3 years, based on a process of risk assessment and of material changes identified in the risk management and control processes. The quality of the performance thus audited is reflected in the quantity and risk levels of the recommendations issued by the internal audit as a result of the audits that were carried out.

In addition to the evaluation of the performance carried out by the Internal Audit function, the institution has also a validation and monitoring function of (risk) models, materialized in the Office for the Validation and Monitoring of Models. Like the audit, this organic unit takes on an independent review function (IRF) in relation to the quality and performance of risk models that quantify controlled/mitigated risks.

Finally, it should be mentioned that, because it is a banking institution integrated, by European banking supervision, in the group of “Other Systemically Important Institutions” (O-SII), the Bank’s RMS is constantly under the inspection of the banking supervision authority (the European Central Bank - ECB), relating to the various aspects of risk management and its different components. The inspections in question (as is the case for internal audits or the validation and monitoring of models) give rise to recommendations with different degrees of risk, in which case targets for resolution or remediation are imposed.

See also, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 54 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT
Chapter VII - Financial Information

VII.1. Financial information

Principles:

VII.A. The supervisory body should independently and diligently ensure that the management body fulfils its responsibilities in the choice of appropriate accounting policies and criteria and in the establishment of appropriate systems for financial reporting, risk management, for internal control and audit.

VII.B. The supervisory body should promote an adequate articulation between the work of the internal audit and the statutory audit of accounts.

Recommendations:

VII.1.1. The internal regulation of the supervisory body should impose that it supervises the adequacy of the preparation and disclosure of financial information by the management body, including the adequacy of accounting policies, estimates, judgements, relevant disclosures and their consistent application between exercises, in a duly documented and reported manner.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 37 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VII.2. Statutory audit of Accounts and supervision

Principle:

It is incumbent upon the supervisory body to establish and monitor formal, clear and transparent procedures on the way the company selects and relates to the statutory auditor, and to verify if that auditor complies with the rules of independence that the law and professional standards impose.

Recommendations:

VII.2.1. Through internal regulations, the supervisory body should define:

(i) The criteria and selection process for the Statutory Auditor
(ii) The methodology of communication of the company with the Statutory Auditor
(iii) The supervisory procedures designed to ensure the independence of the Statutory Auditor;
(iv) Other than auditing services which can not be provided by the statutory auditor.

The choice of the Statutory Auditor should be based on the criteria and requirements listed below, which should be taken into account in the evaluations to be carried out by the Audit Committee, both in the initial evaluations, with the purpose to select candidates to be presented to the General Assembly, as well as in the following evaluations which should take place, at least once a year.

Quality of the Service Provided

The Statutory Auditor should demonstrate sufficient knowledge, expertise, dimension and experience to provide a high quality service, in line with the size of the Bank, the complexity of its activity and the risks to which it is exposed. Thus, the following criteria and requirements are particularly relevant:

- Reputation of the ROC, taking into consideration the way in which the entity exercises the profession as well as its ability to make objective and thoughtful decisions, adopting a behaviour and having a reputation that could instil trust in the market;
- Timeliness in meeting with the agreed time frames and deadlines, with the Bank and the Regulator;
• Proactiveness in the search for information related with business risks or other themes that may have impact on its plan of action, so as to identify and resolve any issues in due time, adjusting itself rapidly to alterations in risks, studying and presenting credible alternatives for debate;

• Provision of quality audit services, at a controlled cost and with reasonable fees regarding any additional services provided;

• Proactiveness in recommending solutions to improve internal control and financial reporting systems.

Resources allocated to the Audit

Regarding the resources allocated to the services provided by the Statutory Auditor to BCP, the following should be evaluated:

• The technical and professional balance and adequacy of the team working for BCP, versus the size of the Bank, the complexity of its activity and the risks to which it is exposed;

• The technical expertise of the Statutory Auditor, as well as its ability to apply its knowledge in order to provide a quality service in the contracted area and to ensure a realistic, technically well-founded and independent analysis;

• The adequacy of knowledge on the business risks, processes, systems and specific operations inherent to the Bank’s activity, as well as access to specialists in technical and banking-specific matters;

• The potential for access to sufficient additional specialized resources as may become necessary to complete the work in a timely manner or, in the case of re-evaluation or evaluation for a renewal, the specific access to those resources;

• The sufficiency of the time that is expected to be spent and the resources that are expected to be allocated, or in the cases of re-evaluation or evaluation for a renewal, the sufficiency of the time devoted and the resources allocated to audit tasks in face of the size of the Bank and the complexity of its activity.

Communication and Interaction

With regard to communication and interaction between the Bank and the Statutory Auditor, the latter should demonstrate, among the most relevant:

• Adequacy in the frequency of communication, as well a demonstrated availability and accessibility;

• Adequacy and sufficiency of support materials to meetings/discussions that are made available, as well as a sufficient advance in making them available;

• Capacity and concern to keep the Bank adequately informed of developments in accounting principles and standards applicable to the Bank and Group entities, including any material impacts on the Statutory Auditor’s activity;

• Experience and capacity to debate, in an adequate manner, the quality of the Bank’s financial reporting, including the reasonableness of the accounting estimations and judgements and the accounting policies framework in accordance with the trends and best practices in similar companies;

• Knowledge, experience and ability to request adequate and sufficient information to carry out its tasks.

Independence, Objectivity and Professional Scepticism

The Statutory Auditor should be independent and objective and demonstrate professional scepticism, complying with the Bank. In its periodic evaluations, it should be reviewed, among the most relevant:

• The integrity and objectivity of the Statutory Auditor, as well as its attentive and interrogative stance;

• The absence of conflicts of interests;

• Its independence, namely in debating all the issues which could reasonably be understood as able of jeopardizing its independence, including eventual exceptions regarding compliance with the independence requirements and safeguards established;

• The capacity and potential capability to approach the most sensitive issues in a constructive way and the experience to identify, communicate and adequately resolve issues of a technical nature that may come up during the course of the work.

On a proposal from the Audit Committee, the Bank approved an internal regulation on the criteria and selection process of the statutory auditor that can be consulted on the institutional website

Regarding the communication, in addition to the above mentioned aspects, it should be pointed out that one of the items on the permanent agenda of the Audit Committee is the follow-up of the activity of the external auditors, where the topics related to the evolution of audit work are discussed; compliance with the agreed time frames; of subjects connected to the legal regime of the audit supervision; the statutes of the OROC and the LFCIFC on audit matters, in particular the monitoring of the external auditor’s independence, as well as the Code of Ethics of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA).

The Audit Committee, in accordance with the powers conferred on it by its Regulations, approves the procurement of services awarded in compliance with the powers granted to it.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 37 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VII.2.2. The supervisory body should be the main discussion partner of the Statutory Auditor and the first to receive the reports, and should propose the respective remuneration and ensure that the company provides the appropriate conditions for the provision of the audit services.

On this matter, see the information presented in Recommendation VII.2.1.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VII.2.3. The supervisory body should evaluate annually the work, independence and suitability for the performance of duties carried out by the statutory auditor and propose, to the competent body, the auditor’s dismissal or the termination of the work contract whenever there is just cause for that.

On this matter, see the information presented in Recommendation VII.2.1.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VII.2.4. The statutory auditor should, under his duties, verify the application of the remuneration policies and systems of the governing bodies, the efficacy and operation of the internal control mechanisms and report any failures to the supervisory body.

See, concerning this matter, the information presented in item 66 of Part I of the current Report.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

VII.2.5. The statutory auditor should cooperate with the supervisory body and should immediately provide information on any irregularities that it has detected, relevant to the performance of the functions of the supervisory body and any difficulties encountered in the performance of its duties.

On this matter, see the information presented in Recommendation VII.2.1.

Declaration of Compliance: COMPLIANT

2. Analysis of compliance with the Corporate Governance Code implemented

The declaration of compliance with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code, which the Bank voluntarily resolved to observe, is presented in the Introduction to the present Report.
Annexes
ANNEX I

CURRICULA VITAE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF BANCO COMERCIAL PORTUGUÊS, S.A.

(Regarding the positions held simultaneously in other companies, in and outside the Group, and other relevant activities performed, see table 26 of this Report)

Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors

(Detailed curricula are available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address: https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx)

Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado

Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 14 August 1957
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
- Chairperson of the Board of Directors

Direct Responsibilities
- Board of Directors’ Support Office
- Company Secretary’s Office
- Fundação Millennium bcp

Positions inside the Group
- Member of the Board of Curators of Fundação Millennium bcp
- Vice-Chairman of BIM - Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.
- Vice-Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)

Positions outside the Group
- Effective member of the Plenary of the Interdisciplinary Specialised Committee for Birth-rate (CEPIN)
- Member of the Specialised Standing Committee for Regional Development and Land Planning (CDROT) of the CES - Conselho Económico e Social
- Member of the Supervisory Board of EDP – Energias de Portugal, S.A.
- Member of the Board of Auditors of Fundação Bial
- Member of the General Board of Universidade de Lisboa
- Chairman of the Senior Board of the Alumni Clube ISCTE
- Member of the Advisory Board of do BCSD Portugal - Conselho Empresarial para o Desenvolvimento Sustentável, as representative of Banco Comercial Português S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
- Licentiate Degree in Corporate Organisation and Management from Instituto Superior das Ciências do Trabalho e da Empresa (ISCTE)
- Advanced Management Programme from INSEAD, Fontainebleau

Professional Experience in the Last Ten Years Relevant to the Position
- From August 2006 to January 2012 – Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Portal Universia Portugal
• From August 2006 to January 2012 – General-Manager and Member of the Management Committee of Banco Santander Central Hispano

• From August 2006 to January 2012 – Chairman of the Executive Committee and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Santander Totta, S.A.

• From August 2006 to January 2012 – Chairman of the Executive Committee and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Santander Totta, SGPS, S.A.

• From 28 February 2012 to 30 May 2018 – Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

• From 28 February 2012 to 19 October 2012 - Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fundação Millennium bcp

• From March 27, 2015 until June 16, 2018 - Vice-Chairman of the Management Board of APB - Associação Portuguesa de Bancos, representing Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

• On November 9, 2018 - Presente with Order of Infante D. Henrique - Grand Cross of Merit

• On 30 May 2018 elected Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia

Personal Data

• Date of Birth: 05 November 1957

• Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank

• 1st Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

• Chairman of the Remuneration and Welfare Board

Positions outside the Group

• Member of the Board of Directors and member of the Corporate Governance Commission of REN-Redes Eléctricas Nacionais, SGPS, SA

• Chairman of the Board of Directors of Luz Saúde, S.A.

• Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, S.A.

• Chairman of the Executive Committee of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• Licentiate Degree in Law from the Lisbon Law School

• Participation in numerous relevant professional training actions throughout his career, in Portugal and abroad, namely with certification by the “Enforcement Training Program 1994” from U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), Washington, DC.

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

• Since 1983 – Lawyer – Member of the Portuguese Lawyers Association I

• From February 2002 to October 2011 - Member of the Board of Directors of Caixa Seguros e Saúde, SGPS, SA

• From January 2008 to May 2014 - Chairman of the Board of Directors – Companhia de Seguros Fidelidade- Mundial, S.A.

• From April 2011 to January 2016 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Universal Seguros, S.A. (Angola)

• From October 2011 to March 2013 - Chairman of the Boards of Directors of HPP – Hospitais Privados de Portugal, S.A.

• From October 2011 to May 2013 - Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Caixa Seguros e Saúde SGPS, S.A.
• From 2014 to 2017 - Chairman of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee - Companhia de Seguros Fidelidade, S.A.

• From May 2014 to March 2017 – Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee - Fidelidade Assistência Auto, S.A.

• From May 2014 to March 2017 - Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee of Multicare- Seguros de Saúde, S.A.

• From June 2014 to July 2018 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade Property International, S.A.

• From June 2014 to July 2018 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade Property Europe, S.A.

• On 30 May 2018 elected 1st Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Remuneration and Welfare Board of Banco Comercial Português, S.A., for the term of office 2018/2021

Ana Paula Alcobia Gray

Personal Data

• Date of Birth: 16 March 1962
• Nationality: Portuguese / South African

Positions held at the Bank

• Member of the Board of Directors
• Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment
• Member of the Remuneration and Welfare Board

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• Masters Degree in Business Management (MBA) from University of Witwatersrand
• Chartered Accountant (South Africa) - registered in the Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas (South African Chartered Accountants Association).
• Honours (post graduate) in Commerce from University of South Africa
• Honours (post graduate) in Accounting Science from University of South Africa
• Bachelor of Commerce from the University of South Africa

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

• From November 1996 to September 2015 – Group BAI (Lisbon, Portugal and Luanda, Angola) where she performed the functions of non-executive Vice-Chairwoman and executive director of the Group’s Banks.
• On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Remuneration and Welfare Board of Banco Comercial Português, S.A., for the term of office 2018/2021

José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa

Personal Data

• Date of Birth: 13 October 1952
• Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank

• Member of the Board of Directors
• Chairman of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations
• Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct
• Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment
Academic and Specialised Qualifications

- Licentiate Degree in Finance by Instituto Superior de Economia de Lisboa

Professional Experience in the Last Ten Years Relevant to the Position

- From May 2002 to May 2016 Member of the Executive Committee - Banco Santander Totta
- From May 2017 to August 2018 - Advisor - Banque de Dakar (BDK), Senegal
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Xiaoxu Gu (Julia Gu)

Personal Data

- Date of Birth: 05 September 1970
- Nationality: Chinese

Positions held at the Bank

- Member of the Board of Directors

Positions outside the Group

- From 2011 Executive Vice-Chairwoman of Group Fosun High Technology (Group) Co., Ltd.
- From June 2015 – Non-executive Member of the Board of Directors – Mybank
- From January 2016 – Non-executive Chairwoman - Zhangxingbao (network Technology Co., Ltd)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

- Masters Degree in Business Management - East China Normal University
- Bachelor’s Degree in Transportation Management - Tongji University (former Shanghai Tiedao University)

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

- From July 2008 to September 2009 - Deputy General Manager, Department of Financial Institutions and Manager of the Securities Custodian Department; - Huaxia Bank Shanghai Branch
- From September 2009 to March 2010 - Deputy Manager of the Financial Services Department - All In Pay Network Services Co., Ltd.
- From March 2010 to October 2011 - Executive Director of Allinfinance (Allinpay’s Subsidiary) and General Manager of Marketing Services Department of All in Pay Network Services Co., Ltd.
- From 2015 to 15 May 2018 – Chairwoman of the Board of Directors - Great China Finance Leasing (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (subsidiary of Zhangxingbao)
- From 2015 to 18 May 2018 – Chairwoman of the Board of Directors - Shanghai Hongkou Guangxin Microcredit Co., Ltd. (subsidiary of Zhangxingbao)
- From 2015 to 18 May 2018 Chairwoman, Legal representative - Shanghai Hongkou Guangxin Microcredit Co., Ltd (subsidiary of Zhangxingbao)
- From 2015 to 18 May 2018 – Member of the Board of Directors of Zhejiang Zheshang International Financial Asset Exchange Co., Ltd.
- From 2015 to 8 June 2018 – Chairwoman of the Board of Directors of Shanghai Xinglian Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd.
- From 2015 to July 2018 – Member of the Board of Directors - Zhejiang Mybank Co., Ltd.
- From 2015 to 28 July 2018 – Member of the Board of Directors - Minsheng E-Commerce Co., Ltd.
- From 2015 to 28 July 2018 – Member of the Board of Directors – Shanghai Fosunling Asset Management Co., Ltd (subsidiary of Zhangxingbao)
- From 2016 to 28 July 2018 – Chairwoman of the Board of Directors - SUM Payment Services Co., Ltd
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the
Lingjiang Xu
Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 13 July 1971
- Nationality: Chinese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Chairman of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct
- Member of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations

Positions inside the Group
- Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)

Positions outside the Group
- Non-executive member of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade – Companhia de Seguros, S.A.
- Chairman of the Board of Directors - Longrun Portugal, SGPS, S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
- Bachelor’s Degree in German from the Foreign Studies University of Beijing, China.
- Master’s Degree in World Economics from the Nan Kai University, Tianjin, China.
- Master’s Degree in Finance from the London Business School

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
- February 2006 to January 2010 - First Secretary of the Commercial Office of the Chinese Embassy in London
- From September 2011 to March 2012 - Director of Vermilion Partner LLP (London)
- From March 2012 to December 2013 - Partner to RH Regent Investment Management Co Ltd (Shanghai)
- From February 2015 to February 2017 - Non-Executive Director of Luz Saúde, S.A.
- From September 2015 to February 2017 - Non-executive Director of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade Assistência – Companhia de Seguros S.A.
- From September 2015 to February 2017 - Non-executive Director of Multicare – Seguros de Saúde, S.A.
- From October 2016 to March 2017 - Non-Executive Director of Chiado (Luxembourg), S.à.r.l.
- On 9 January 2017 he was co-opted by the Board of Directors of the Bank to exercise the functions of non-executive Director, until the end of the current triennial (2015/2017).
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Teófilo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca
Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 03 October 1966
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Chairman of the Committee for Risk Assessment
• Member of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• Post-graduation degree in International Business - Porto Business School Master’s degree in Regional Economic Integration and European Policies - Universidade Católica do Porto
• Post-graduate degree in Management Audit - INDEG/ISCTE, Lisboa
• Licentiate Degree in Financial Management - ISAG-Instituto Superior de Administração e Gestão, Porto
• Bachelor's Degree in SME Management – ISVOUGA, Santa Maria da Feira

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

• From June 2005 to September 2010 - Deputy General Manager of the Corporate Development - Banco Caixa Geral Espanha
• From June 2007 to September 2010 - Deputy General Manager - CGD Branch - Spain
• From March 2009 to September 2010 - Manager - CGD’s deployment project in Banco Caixa Geral Totta in Angola
• From October 2010 to October 2014 - Advisor of the Executive Committee (Chief of Transformation Officer) - Banco Caixa Geral Totta Angola
• From November 2014 to November 2017 - Deputy Manager - International Division of Group CGD
• On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Members of the Board of Directors (Members of the Audit Committee)
(Detailed curricula are available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address: https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx)

Cidália Maria Mota Lopes

Personal Data

• Date of Birth: 24 October 1971
• Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank

• Member of the Board of Directors
• Interim Chairwoman of the Audit Committee

Positions outside the Group

• Professor at Coimbra Business School - ISCAC on fiscal issues
• Invited Professor at Faculdade Economia – Universidade de Coimbra
• Member of the Scientific Board of the Portuguese Fiscal Association (AFP)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• PHD in Business Management from the School of Economics of the University of Coimbra.
• Masters Degree in European Economics from the School of Economics of the University of Coimbra.
• Licentiate Degree in Economics from the School of Economics of the University of Coimbra.
• Post-graduate degree in Banking, Stock Exchange and Insurance Law from the Faculty of Law of the University of Coimbra.
• Participation in the Advanced Programme for non-executive Directors promoted by Instituto Português de Corporate Governance

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
• From 1994 - Lecturer at Instituto Superior de Contabilidade e Administração de Coimbra (ISCAC), and Guest lecturer at the Faculty of Economics
• 2000/2015 – Trainer at the Portuguese Association of Certified Accountants (OCC)
• From 2005 to 2006 – Member of the Working Party for the Simplification of the Portuguese Fiscal System of the XVII Constitutional Government
• 2009 - Received the Award Professor Doutor António de Sousa Franco, granted by the Chartered Accountants Association (OTOC), due to her paper: “Quanto custa pagar impostos em Portugal? – Os custos de cumprimento da tributação do rendimento” (How much does it cost to pay taxes in Portugal?)
• From 2009 to 2010 – Member of the working party for Fiscal Policy, Competitiveness and Efficiency of the Fiscal System in Portugal of the XVIII Constitutional Government
• The costs of compliance with income tax) 2010/2014 - Director of Coimbra Business School
• From 11 May 2015 to 30 May 2018 - Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Audit Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Audit Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term of office 2018/2021

Valter Rui Dias de Barros

Personal Data
• Date of Birth: 19 September 1963
• Nationality: Angolan

Positions held at the Bank
• 2nd Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors
• Member of the Audit Committee
• Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct

Positions outside the Group
• Since June 2018 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Instituto de Gestão de Activos e Participações do Estado, Luanda (Angola)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
• Corporate Senior Management Programme - AESE and IESE, Luanda (Angola)
• Licentiate Degree in Electronic Engineering and Computing from the Faculty of Engineering of University of Porto
• Licentiate Degree in Mathematics Applied to Computer Science - School of Economics of University of Porto

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
• From 1998 to 2011 - Professor at School of Economics and Management of Universidade Católica de Angola, Luanda (Angola)
• From December 2006 to December 2016 – Executive Director – Banco de Desenvolvimento de Angola, Luanda (Angola)
• From 2011 to 2012 - Professor in the area of Human Behaviour in Organizations - ASM-Angola School of Management, Luanda (Angola)
• Since June 2017 to March 2018 - Advisor of the Minister of Finance - Ministry of Finance, Luanda (Angola)
On 30 May 2018 elected 2nd Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Wan Sin Long

Personal Data:
- Date of Birth: 20 May 1965
- Nationality: Chinese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Member of the Audit Committee
- Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment

Positions Held outside the Group
- Since March 2017 – Chairman of the Executive Board of Directros of Great Win Consultancy Limited
- From July 2017 to September 2018 – Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Great Win Investment (Hengqin) Limited (renounced to the position – pending of registration)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications:
- Master in Economics with specialization in International Finance - Graduate School of People's Bank of China, currently called PBC School of Finance - Tsinghua University
- Bachelor's Degree in Economics with specialization in Banking and Public Finance - Anhui Institute of Finance and Trade, currently named University of Finance and Economy of Anhui

Professional Experience:
- From September 2004 to August 2016 - Executive Director of the Board of Directors and Member of the Advisory Board of the Monetary Authority of Macau, Macau Motor and Maritime Fund, Deposit Protection Fund of Macau, Advisory Board of the Tax Reserve of the Macau Special Administrative Region (in these last two, since 2012)
- From July 2012 to July 2015 - Member of the Specialized Committee for the Implementation of the New Basel Agreement in the Chinese Banking Sector of China Banking Regulatory Commission
- From March 2017 to September 2018 - Vice-Chairman of Ultra Resource Technology Limited
- From March 2017 to September 30, 2018 - Chairperson & CEO of G W Limited
- From March 2017 to October 22, 2018 - Chairperson & CEO of Great Win Investment Limited
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021
Executive Members of the Board of Directors

(Detailed curricula are available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address: http://www.millenniumbcp/institucional/governacao/)

Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro

Personal Data

- Date of Birth: 16 June 1964
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank

- Chairman of the Executive Committee
- 3rd Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors

Direct Responsibilities

- Office of the CEO
- Communication Division
- Human Resources Division
- General Secretariat and Relations with External Entities
- Credit Division
- Digital Transformation Office

Positions inside the Group

- Chairman of the Board of Directors of Interfundos – Gestão de Fundos de Investimento Imobiliário, SA
- Manager of BCP África, SGPS, Lda.
- Member of the Board of Directors of BIM – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.
- Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)

Positions outside the Group

- Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Millennium Atlântico, S.A.
- Member of the Senior Board of the Alumni Clube ISCTE

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

- Licentiate Degree in Corporate Organisation and Management from Instituto Superior das Ciências do Trabalho e da Empresa (ISCTE)
- Corporate Senior Management Programme (PADE) - AESE
- Advanced Management Programme - INSEAD

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

- From August 2007 to November 2009 – Head of the Office of the Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
- From 03 November 2009 to 19 October 2012 - Member of the Board of Directors of Fundação Millennium bcp
- From 11 November 2009 to 18 April 2011 - Member of the Executive Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
- From December 2009 to May 2011 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco ActivoBank, S.A.
- From 18 April 2011 to 28 February 2012 - Member of the Executive Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
- From 28 February 2012 to 11 May 2015 – Member of the Board of Directors and Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• From March to June 2012 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco de Investimento Imobiliário, S.A.
• From 23 April 2012 to 15 June 2015 - Member of the Board of Directors of Banco Millennium Angola, S.A.
• From 15 June 2012 to 16 June 2015 - Member of the Supervisory Board of Portugal Capital Ventures - Sociedade de Capital de Risco S.A., in representation of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• From May 2013 to May 2018 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Millennium Angola, S.A. (Angola)
• From May 2015 to May 2018 - Chairman of the Remunerations Commission of BIM - Banco Internacional de Moçambique
• From May 2015 to May 2018 - Chairman of the Audit Committee of BIM - Banco Internacional de Moçambique
• On 11 May 2015 elected member of the Board of Directors and appointed Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee (2015/2017 term of office)
• From January to May 2018- Member of the Restructuring Committee of PNCB – Plataforma de Negociação Integrada de Créditos Bancários, ACE
• On 30 May 2018 elected 3rd Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança

Personal Data
• Date of Birth: 25 June 1966
• Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
• Member of the Board of Directors
• Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee

Direct Responsibilities
• Investor Relations Division
• Accounting and Consolidation Division
• Research, Planning and ALM Division
• Management Information Division
• Tax Advisory Division
• Legal and Litigation Advisory Division
• Means of Payment and Acquiring Division
• Bank Millennium (Poland)
• Banco Activobank, S.A.

Positions inside the Group
• Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco de Investimento Imobiliário, S.A.
• Manager of Millennium bcp Participações, SGPS, Sociedade Unipessoal, Lda.
• Manager of the company BCP África, SGPS, Lda.
• Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)

Positions outside the Group
• Non-executive Director of SIBS, S.G.P.S., S.A. and of SIBS Forward Payment Solutions, S.A.
• Non-executive member of the BoFD of UNICRE – Instituição Financeira de Crédito, S.A., as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. (pending authorization)
• Manager of Quinta das Almoínhas Velhas – Imobiliária, Lda.
• Member of the Board of Fundação Casa de Bragança

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
• Licentiate Degree in Companies Administration & Management from Universidade Católica Portuguesa
• INSEAD, Fontainebleau, MBA Programme. Award Henry Ford II attributed to the students with the highest final grade point average

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
• From 2000 to 2006 – Director, responsible for the Finance, Accountancy and Management Control, Marketing and Product areas at Banco Santander Totta and Santander Totta SGPS, S.A.
• From January 2005 to November 2006 and from April 2009 to March 2012 - Non-executive director of SIBS, SGPS, S.A. and SIBS Forward Payment Solutions, S.A.
• From 2007 to 2008 - Executive Director - responsible for Products and Marketing, being also responsible, since June, for the Phone Channel, Internet and Business Banking - of Abbey National PLC (nowadays Santander UK)
• From 2008 to February 2012 – Director responsible for the Finance, Accounting and Management Control, Marketing and Products areas at Banco Santander Totta, S.A., Santander Totta SGPS, S.A.
• From 3 September 2010 to 11 February 2012 - Non-executive director of UNICRE – Instituição Financeira de Crédito, S.A.
• From 28 February 2012 to 19 October 2012 - Member of the Board of Directors of Fundação Millennium bcp
• From 28 February 2012 to 11 May 2015 – Member of the Board of Directors and Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• On 11 May 2015 elected member of the Board of Directors and appointed Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee for the 2015/2017 term of office
• On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma

Personal Data
• Date of Birth: 16 February 1966
• Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
• Member of the Board of Directors
• Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee

Direct Responsibilities
• International, Treasury & Markets Division
• Large Corporates and Corporate banking Divisions
• Investment Banking Division
• Companies Marketing Division
• Macau Branch
• Private Banking Division
• Banque Privée BCP (Suisse)
• Millennium bcp Bank & Trust

Positions inside the Group
• Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banque Privée BCP (Suisse), S.A.
• Member of the Board of Directors of BIM – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.
• Chairman of the Audit Committee of BIM – Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
• Licentiate Degree in Economics from the School of Economics of Universidade Nova de Lisboa (FEUNL).
• Postgraduate studies in Business - PDE-VII Programa de Direcção de Empresas (Companies Management Programme) from AESE - Associação de Estudos Superiores de Empresa in collaboration with Iese - Instituto de Estudos Superiores de Empresa of the University of Navarra.

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
• From February 2008 to March 2010 – Member of the Board of Directors (Chief Financial Officer), of Group Caixa Geral de Depósitos - (Banco Caixa Geral, Spain)
• From March 2010 to December 2011 - Member of the Executive Director – (Chief Financial Officer), of Ren – Redes Energéticas Nacionais, SGPS, S.A.
• From January 2012 to July 2013 - Non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sogrupo IV – Gestão de Imóveis, ACE
• From January 2012 to July 2013- (non- executive) Chairman of the Board of Directors of Caixa Imobiliário, S.A.
• From January 2012 to July 2013 - non- executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Imocaixa, S.A.
• From January 2012 to August 2016 - Member of the Executive Board of Directors (Chief Financial Officer) of CGD – Caixa Geral de Depósitos, S.A.
• From April 2012 to November 2013 - Non-executive Director of PT - Portugal Telecom, S.A.
• From April 2013 to August 2016 - Non-executive Director of BCI – Banco Comercial de Moçambique, S.A.
• From August 2013 to August 2016 - Non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Caixa Seguros e Saúde, SGPS, S.A.
• From September 2013 to August 2016 - Non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Caixa Geral, S.A. (Spain)
• From January 2014 to August 2016 - Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sogrupo Compras e Servicos Partilhados, SGPS, S.A.
• From May 2014 to August 2016 - Non-executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Cares- Companhia de Seguros, S.A.
• From May 2014 to August 2016 - Non-executive Vice-Chairman of Multicare – Seguros de Saúde, S.A.
• From May 2014 to August 2016 - Non-executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, S.A.
• From May 2014 to August 2016 - Non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Caixa Gestão de Activos, SGPS, S.A.
• From June 2014 to August 2016 - Non-Executive Director of Parcaixa, S.A.
• From November 2014 to August 2016 - 1st Non-Executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Caixa Geral Totta Angola, S.A. (later renamed Banco Caixa Geral Angola, S.A.)
• From December 2014 to August 2016 - Non-Executive Director of Partang, S.A.
• From December 2014 to August 2016 - Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco Caixa Geral Brasil, S.A.
• On 9 January 2017 he was co-opted by the Board of Directors to exercise the functions of Member of the Board of Directors and Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee until the end of the term-of office (2015/2017).
• On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha

Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 30 July 1960
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Member of the Executive Committee

Direct Responsibilities
- Risk Office
- Compliance Office
- Rating Division
- Office for Regulatory and Supervision Monitoring
- Office for the Validation and Monitoring of Models
- Data Protection Office

Positions inside the Group
- Member of the Board of Directors of BIM - Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.
- Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)
- Member of the Board of Directors of Banque Privée BCP (Suisse), S.A.
- Chairman of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Ageas Grupo Segurador, SGPS, S.A.
- Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Board of Ocidental - Companhia Portuguesa de Seguros de Vida, S.A.
- Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Ocidental - Sociedade Gestora de Fundos de Pensões, S.A.

Positions outside the Group
- Member of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Banco Millennium Atlântico, S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
- 1982 – Licentiate Degree in Economics, Universidade Católica Portuguesa
- 1984 – Master’s Degree in Operational Investigation (academic portion) from Instituto Superior Técnico (Lisbon)
- 1986 – Master’s Degree in Economics from Université Catholique de Louvain (Belgium)
- PADE (Corporate Senior Management Programme) at Associação de Estudos Superiores de Empresa (AESE)
- Eureko Program in INSEAD
- Invotan scholarship (NATO)
- Received a scholarship linked to the Award Joseph Bech, attributed by the Government of Luxembourg for commitment with the European Union

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
- From 2003 to 2015 - Group Risk Officer of Millennium BCP
- 2014 – Lecturer of the chair “Banking in a Global Context” at Universidade Católica Portuguesa
- On 11 May 2015 elected member of the Board of Directors and appointed Member of the Executive Committee for the 2015/2017 term of office
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Executive Committee of
Maria José Henrique Barreto de Matos de Campos

Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 21 August 1966
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Member of the Executive Committee

Direct Responsibilities
- Companies Recovery Division
- Retail and Small Amounts Division
- Direct Banking Division
- Operations Division
- IT Division
- Procurement and Logistics Division
- Millennium bcp Prestação de Serviços ACE

Positions inside the Group
- Chairwoman of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Prestação de Serviços ACE

Qualifications
- Licentiate Degree in Electronic Engineering and Telecommunications from Universidade de Aveiro

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
- From November 2001 to July 2011 - Head of IT of Bank Millennium S.A., (Poland)
- From July 2006 to July 2011 - Director in charge for IT Europe of Millennium BCP
- From July 2011 to April 2018 - Member of the Board of Directors of Bank Millennium SA, (Poland)
- On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021

Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira

Personal Data
- Date of Birth: 04 September 1960
- Nationality: Portuguese

Positions held at the Bank
- Member of the Board of Directors
- Member of the Executive Committee
- Retail Divisions
- Retail Marketing Division
- Quality and Network Support Division
- Segments Management Division
- Wealth Management Division
- Real-Estate Business Division
• Specialised Monitoring Division
• Interfundos - Gestão de Fundos de Investimento Imobiliário, S.A.
• BII – Banco de Investimento Imobiliário, S.A.
• Millenniumbcp Ageas Grupo Segurador, SGPS, S.A.

Positions inside the Group
• Member of the Board of Directors of Millenniumbcp Ageas Grupo Segurador, SGPS, S.A.
• Member of the Board of Directors of Ocidental - Companhia Portuguesa de Seguros Vida, S.A.
• Member of the Board of Directors of Ocidental – Sociedade Gestora de Fundos de Pensões, S.A.

Positions outside the Group
• Member of the Remunerations Committee of UNICRE – Instituição Financeira de Crédito, S.A., as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• Member of the Remunerations Committee of SIBS SGPS, S.A., as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• Member of the Remunerations Committee of SIBS Forward Payment Solutions, S.A. – , as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Porto Business School, as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Academic and Specialised Qualifications
• Licentiate Degree in Electronic Engineering from the Faculty of Engineering of University of Oporto
• Specialisation Course in Industrial Management from INEGI – Instituto de Engenharia Mecânica e Gestão Industrial

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position
• From 2006 to 2009 – Head of the IT Global Division (Group) and member of the Coordination Committee of Banking Services
• From 2009 to 2010 – Vice-Chairman of the Executive Board of Directors of Bank Millennium S.A. (Poland), member of the European Banking Coordination Committee and member of the Supervisory Boards of Millennium Dom Maklerski SA, Millennium Leasing Sp Zoo and Millennium Lease Sp Zoo
• From May 2010 to April 2011 – Head of the Marketing Division, Member of the Retail and Companies Coordinating Committees and responsible, in addition, for the M Project.
• From 18 April 2011 to 28 February 2012 - Member of the Executive Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• From 19 April 2011 to 19 October 2012 - Member of the Board of Directors of Fundação Millennium bcp
• From 28 January 2012 to 19 October 2017 - Member of the Board of Directors of UNICRE – Instituição Financeira de Crédito, S.A., as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• From 2012 to 2018 - as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)
• From 28 February 2012 to 11 May 2015 – Member of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
• From 19 December 2012 to 18 May 2015 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Millennium bcp Gestão de Activos – Sociedade Gestora de Fundos de Investimento, S.A.
• From 25 January 2013 to 20 July 2017 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banque Privée BCP (Suisse), S.A.
• On 11 May 2015 elected member of the Board of Directors and appointed Member of the Executive Committee for the 2015/2017 term of office
• From 26 May 2015 to 31 December 2018 - Chairman of the Board of Directors of Banco ActivoBank, S.A.
On 30 May 2018 elected Member of the Board of Directors and Member of the Executive Committee of Banco Comercial Português, S.A. for the term-of-office 2018/2021
ANNEX II

CURRICULA VITAE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE REMUNERATION AND WELFARE BOARD OF BANCO COMERCIAL PORTUGUÊS, S.A.

(Detailed curricula are available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address: https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx)

Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia
Refer to Annex I - Curricula Vitae of the Members of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Ana Paula Alcobia Gray
Refer to Annex I - Curricula Vitae of the Members of the Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Norberto Emílio Sequeira Rosa
Presented his resignation in February 2019
ANNEX III

CURRICULA VITAE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF BANCO COMERCIAL PORTUGUÊS, S.A.

(Detailed curricula are available at the Bank’s website, on the page with the following address: http://www.millenniumbcp/institucional/governação/)

Pedro Miguel Duarte Rebelo de Sousa

Position Held at the Bank

• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting (term of office: 2017/2019)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• Licentiate Degree in Law from the Faculty of Law of Universidade de Lisboa
• Post-graduate degree in Companies and Corporate Law – Universidade Pontifícia Católica, Brazil
• Master’s degree in Companies Management, from Fundação Getúlio Vargas – Business Administration School, São Paulo, Brazil

Management and Supervision positions held in other companies

• Non-executive member of the Board of Directors of Cimpor – Cimentos de Portugal, SGPS, S.A..

Other Relevant Positions

• Founder and Senior Partner of the law firm Rebelo de Sousa & Advogados (SRS)
• Member of the Sub-Committee for Latin America of the Atlantic Council, Washington DC
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Grémio Literário
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of A. Santo, SGPS (Group Santo)
• Chairman of Círculo Eça de Queiroz – an institution serving the public interest
• Chairman of the Portuguese Institute of Corporate Governance
• Member of the Remunerations Commission of Novabase, S.A.
• Director of the Portugal-Netherlands Chamber of Commerce
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Sumolis Group Refriger
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of PWN – Professional Women’s Network Lisbon
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of AMA – Agência para a Modernização Administrativa, I.P.
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of CADIN – Centro de Apoio ao desenvolvimento Infantil (IPSS)
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Tecnovia Sociedade de Empreitadas, S.A.
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Tecnovia SGPS, S.A.
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Tecnovia Madeira
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Tecnovia Açores
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Associação Portugal India Business HUB
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Associação Turma do Bem (Portugal)
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Atitude/SSE – Associação pelo Desenvolvimento do Investimento Social
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Associação Mares Navegados
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of AICD – Associação de Inserção por Centros Digitais de Informação
• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Grande Enseada – Capital Partners, Sociedade de Capital de Risco, S.A.

• Member of the Academia Lusíada de Letras, Ciências e Arte

• Curator of Fundação Luso Brasileira para o Desenvolvimento do Mundo de Língua Portuguesa

• Chairman of the General Board of the Portugal-Mozambique Chamber of Commerce

• Member of the General Board of the Portuguese Chamber of Commerce of S. Paulo

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

• From 1985 to 2017 – Curator of the Portuguese Chamber of Commerce, São Paulo, Brazil

• From 2006 to 2010 – Non-executive director of Intesa SanPaolo IMI International, Portugal

• From 1999 to 2009 – Partner of the law firm Simmons & Simmons, exercising the functions of Director of the firm from 2004 to 2009

• From 2004 to 2006 – Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of PT Internacional

• From 2005 to 2006 – Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of Galp, S.A.

• From 2005 to 2011 – Member of the Supervision Board of Banif Investimento, S.A.

• From 2007 to 2012 – Director of the Portuguese Chamber of Commerce & Industry

• From 2009 to 2013 – Chairman of the Supervision Board of Banco Caixa Geral Brasil, S.A.

• From 2011 to 2013 – Non-executive Director, Chairman of the Evaluation and Strategy Committee and Member of the Board of Auditors of Caixa Geral de Depósitos, S.A.

Octávio Manuel de Castro Castelo Paulo

Position Held at the Bank

• Vice-Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting (term of office: 2017/2019)

Academic and Specialised Qualifications

• Licentiate Degree in Law - Universidade Lusíada de Lisboa

Management and Supervision positions held in other companies

• Independent non-executive Director of Standard Bank de Angola, currently exercising the position of Chairman of the Audit and Risk Commissions

Other Relevant Positions

• Partner of the law firm Rebelo de Sousa & Advogados (SRS), responsible for the M&A, Corporate and Commercial Department, a department including the practice of TMT (Telecommunications, Media and Technology)

• Chairman of the Board of the General Meeting of several companies

Professional experience in the last 10 years relevant to the position

• Member of the Lawyers Association of Portugal since 1988 and of the Lawyers Association of Angola since 2010

• From 2003 to 2009 – partner of the international law firm Simmons & Simmons, headquartered in London

• From 2009 to 2011 - Director of the Portuguese Institute of Corporate Governance

• Coordinated operations for the privatization of state-owned companies, to be listed in the Stock Exchanges of Lisbon, London and New York

• Advisory services to companies for capital markets and mergers and acquisitions

• Advisory services to companies, open to public investment, or not, in Corporate Governance issues

• Chairman of the Audit Board of several companies

• Author and co-author of several works in the areas of Corporate Law and of Telecommunications Law.