# EARNINGS PRESENTATION

FULL YEAR 2015

FEBRUARY 2016





#### Disclaimer

- The information in this presentation has been prepared under the scope of the International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') of BCP Group for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements under Regulation (CE) 1606/2002
- The figures presented do not constitute any form of commitment by BCP in regard to future earnings
- Figures for 2015 not audited

### Agenda

- Highlights
- Group
  - Profitability
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- Portugal
- International Operations
- Conclusions and targets for 2018



## Profitability and efficiency

Back to profits

- Net profit of €235.3 million in 2015, compared to a loss of €226.6 million in 2014.
- Core net income\* up 37.1%, from €647.4 million in 2014 to €887.9 million in 2015, reflecting a
  16.6% increase in net interest income and lower operating costs (-3.7%, including a 7.0%
  reduction in Portugal). Operating efficiency improved further, as cost to core income\* decreased
  to 55.5%.

## Business performance

Healthy balance sheet

- Customer deposits up by 3.5% to €51.5 billion as at December 31, 2015, with total Customers funds standing at €66.2 billion (€64.7 billion as at December 31, 2014).
- Commercial gap improved further, with net loans as a percentage of on-balance sheet Customer funds now standing at 97%. As a percentage of deposits (BoP criteria), net loans improved to 102% (108% as at December 31, 2014).

#### **Asset quality**

Lower delinquency and reinforced coverage

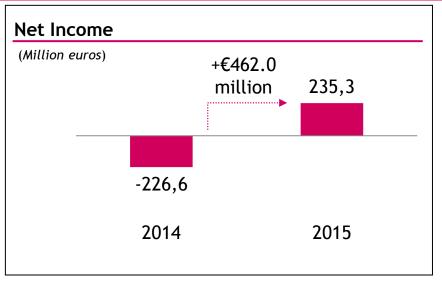
- Provision charges still sizable, but trending downwards: €833.0 million in 2015 (€1,107.0 million in 2014).
- Decrease of the non-performing loans ratio to 10.9% at year-end 2015 from 11.5% at year-end 2014. Coverage of non-performing loans reinforced to 57.3% from 52.9% at the end of 2014.

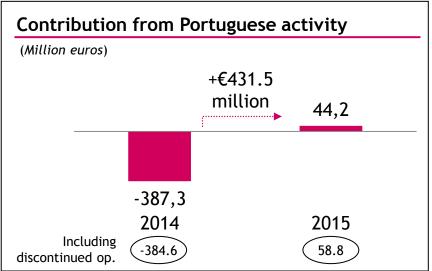
## Capital and liquidity

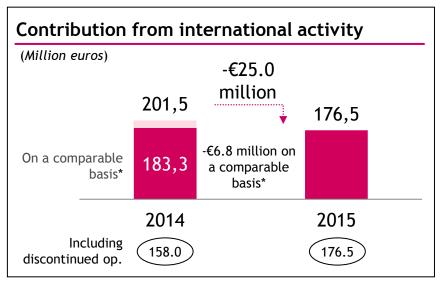
Reinforced to European benchmark levels

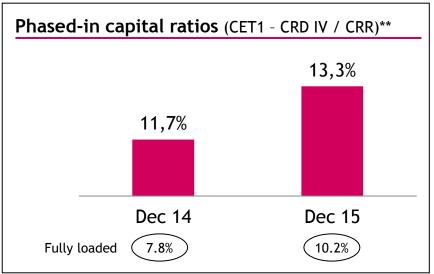
- Common equity tier 1 ratio\*\* at 13.3% according to phased-in criteria, compared to 11.7% as at December 31, 2014. This figure stood at 10.2% on a fully implemented basis.
- Capital figures do not include the impact of the agreement to merge Millennium Angola and Banco Privado Atlântico, S.A., estimated at +0.4 percentage points on a phased-in basis.
- ECB funding usage down to €5.3 billion (€1.5 billion of which TLTRO) from €6.6 billion as at December 31, 2014.

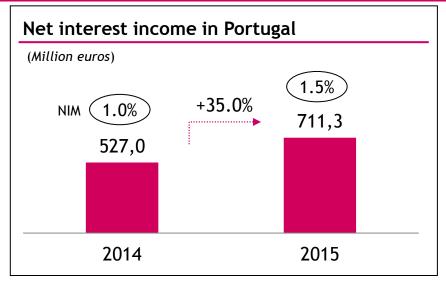


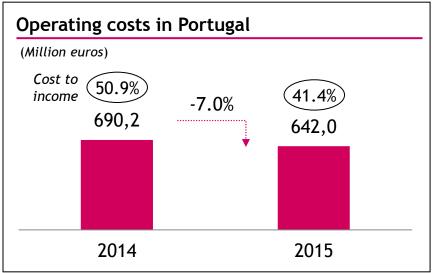


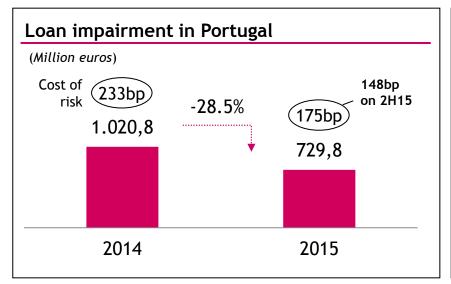


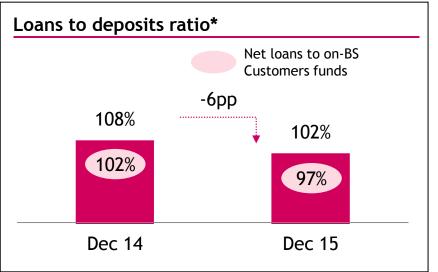














#### Retail

- Mobile banking users increased twofold, resulting from the Mobile App's new functions and from a new mobile website for smart phones and tablets
- Optimisation and renovation of the branch network
- More than 900,000 Customers now hold "package solutions"
- Increased capture of new Customers (+15%)
- "Best banking website" for the 5<sup>th</sup> year in a row - a "PC Guia" magazine award

#### **Companies and Corporate**

- New funding lines totalling €700 million following agreements with EIB and EIF
- "PME Crescimento 2015" funding in excess of €160 million
- Support to 267 investment projects under the "Portugal 2020" programme
- New digital solutions for companies
- "Professionals' Choice 2016" a "Escolha dos Consumidores" award
- Investment banking income up 25% to €34 million in 2015

#### Best benchmark scores

"Basef Banca", December scores

- Increased penetration as 1<sup>st</sup>
   bank (+1.7pp from Dec.2014):
   largest private sector bank
- Main bank among upper and upper-middle classes: market share up by 2.6pp from 2014
- Leader in Customer service (among 5 largest banks)
- Reinforced leadership as chosen bank among private sector banks (market share up by 1.5pp)

Data E (Companies), 2015

- Main bank of Portuguese companies
- Leader in innovation, efficiency and proximity to Customers



### Agenda

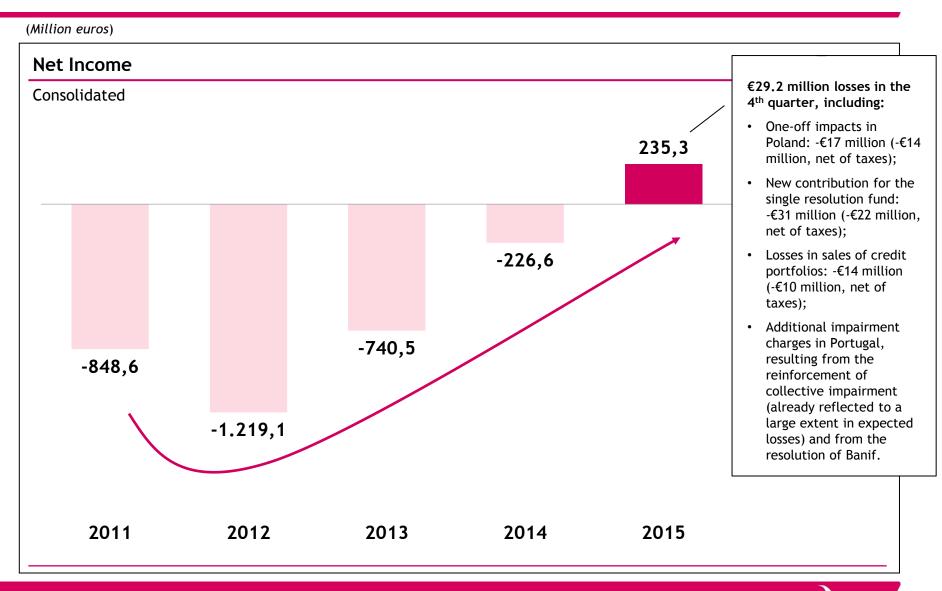
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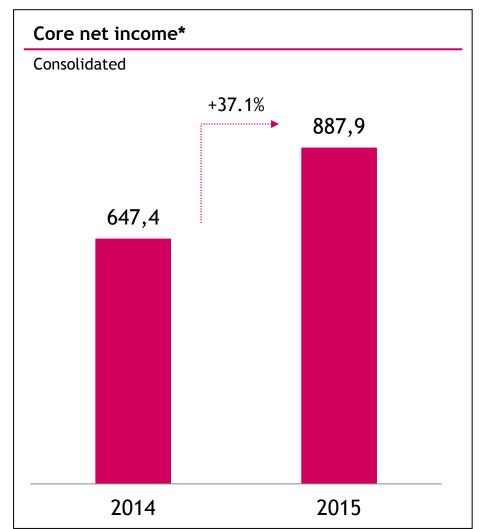
## 2015 earnings: profitability affirmed...

(million euros)	2014	2015	YoY	Impact on earnings
Net interest income	1,116.2	1,301.6	16.6%	+185.4
Net fees and commissions	680.9	692.9	1.8%	+12.0
Other operating income	495.4	509.1	2.8%	+13.7
Banking income	2,292.5	2,503.5	9.2%	+211.1
Staff costs	-635.6	-616.1	-3.1%	+19.5
Other administrative costs and depreciation	-514.0	-490.5	-4.6%	+23.5
Operating costs	-1,149.6	-1,106.5	-3.7%	+43.1
Operating net income (before impairment and provisions)	1,142.9	1,397.0	22.2%	+254.2
Loans impairment (net of recoveries)	-1,107.0	-833.0	-24.7%	+274.0
Other impairment and provisions	-209.3	-161.3	-22.9%	+48.0
Net income before income tax	-173.4	402.7		+576.1
Income taxes	97.7	-56.4		-154.1
Non-controlling interests	-110.1	-125.6	14.1%	-15.6
Net income from discontinued or to be discontinued operations	-40.8	14.6		+55.5
Net income	-226.6	235.3		+462.0

### ... after 4 years of losses



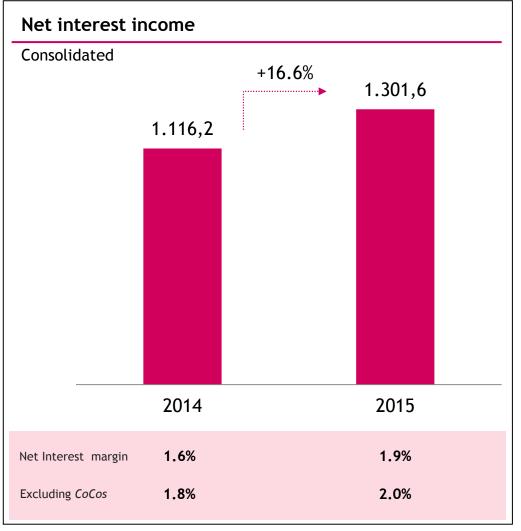
# Core net income improves, reflecting strong performance in Portugal

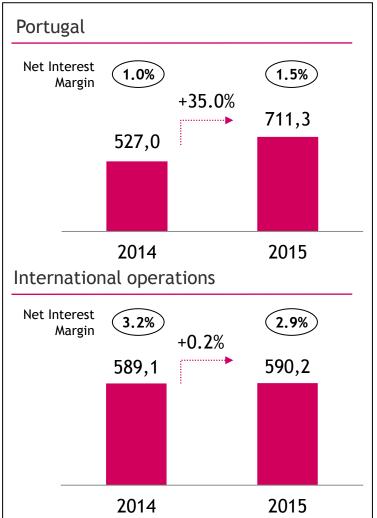






# Net interest income increases reflecting improvement in Portugal





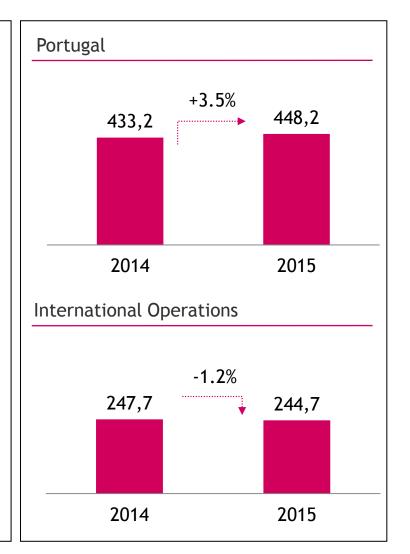
# Increased commissions, despite demanding regulatory environment

(Million euros)

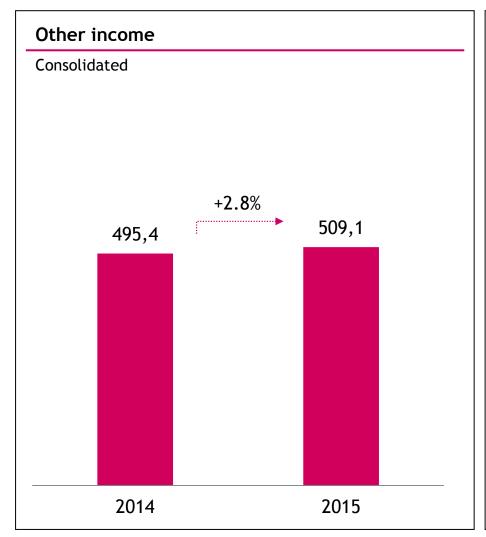
#### Fees and commissions

Consolidated

	2014	2015	YoY
Banking fees and commissions	545.1	562.5	+3.2%
Cards and transfers	193.6	172.4	-11.0%
Loans and guarantees	159.6	178.6	+11.9%
Bancassurance	72.7	75.3	+3.5%
Customer account related	76.6	84.4	+10.1%
Other fees and commissions	42.5	51.8	+21.8%
Market related fees and commissions	135.7	130.4	-4.0%
Securities operations	97.0	91.3	-5.9%
Asset management	38.7	39.1	+0.9%
Total fees and commissions	680.9	692.9	+1.8%
	•		

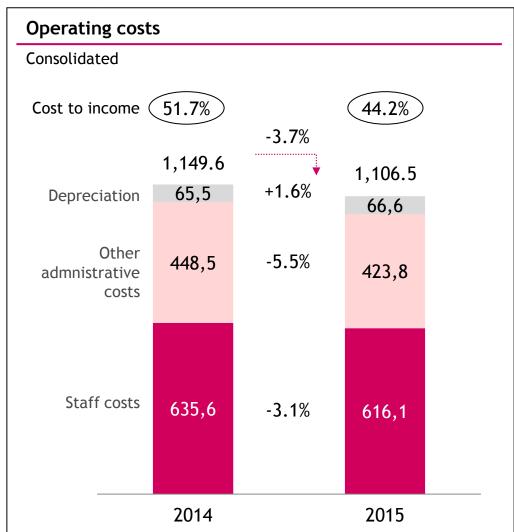


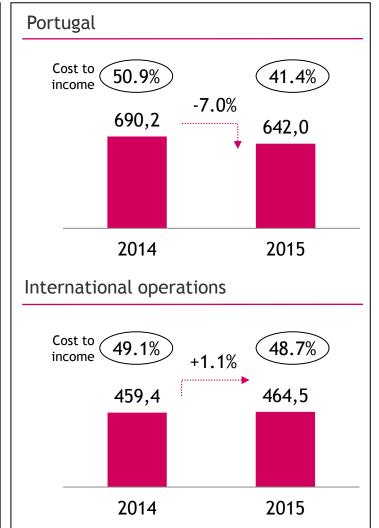
# Other income: gains on the sale of sovereign debt were partially compensated by additional contributions



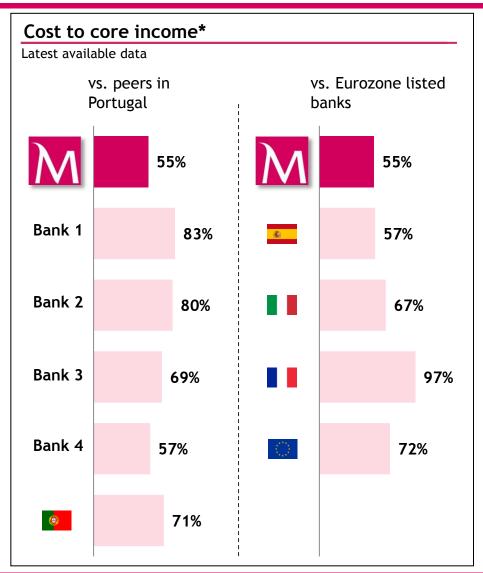


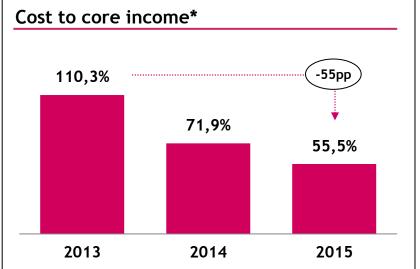
### Cost reduction proceeds in Portugal





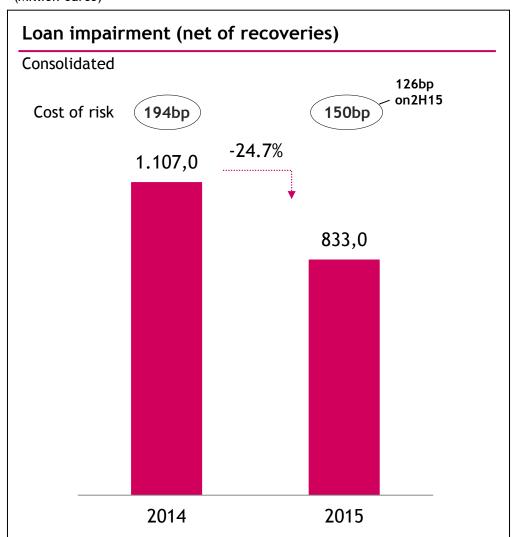
## Millennium bcp is one of the most efficient banks in Portugal and in the Eurozone





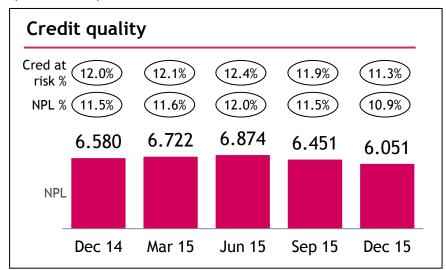
- Millennium bcp is the most efficient bank in Portugal and is among the most efficient in the Eurozone, with a cost to core income\* of 55% in 2015.
- Millennium bcp is also the most improved bank in Portugal in terms of cost to core income\* in recent years: 55pp down from 2013

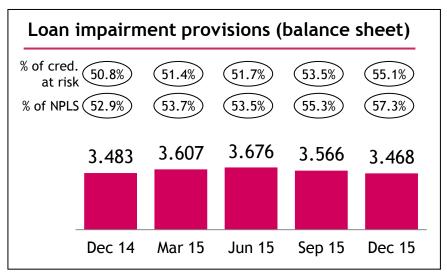
### Impairment slowing down in Portugal...

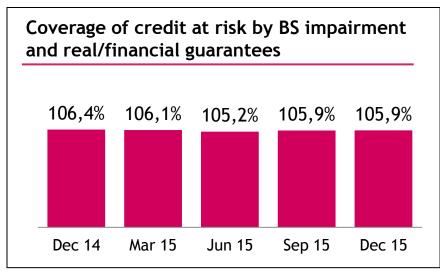


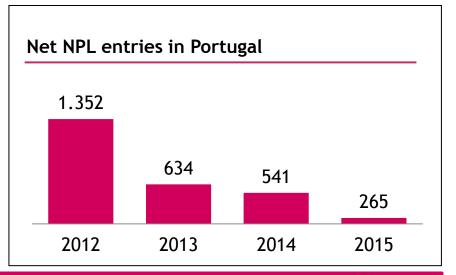


### ... with lower delinquency and increased coverage

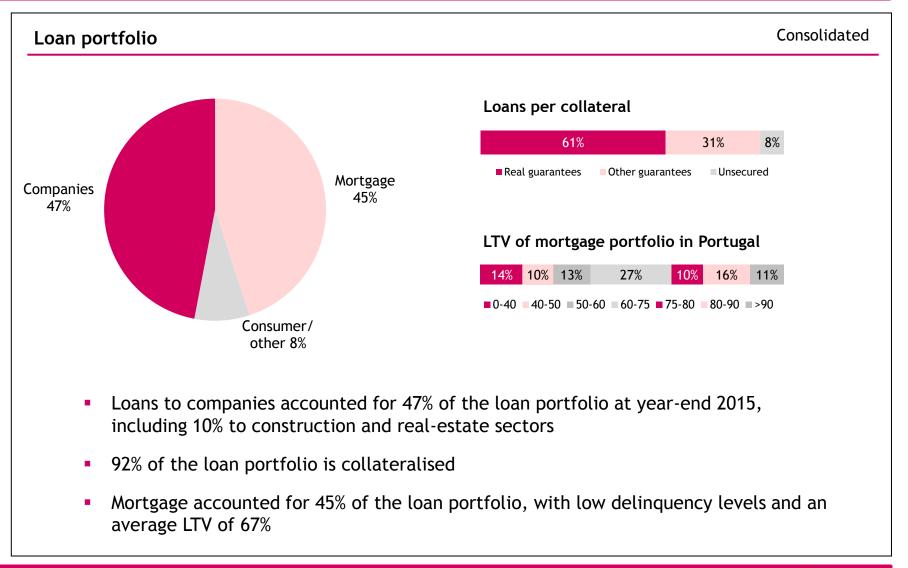








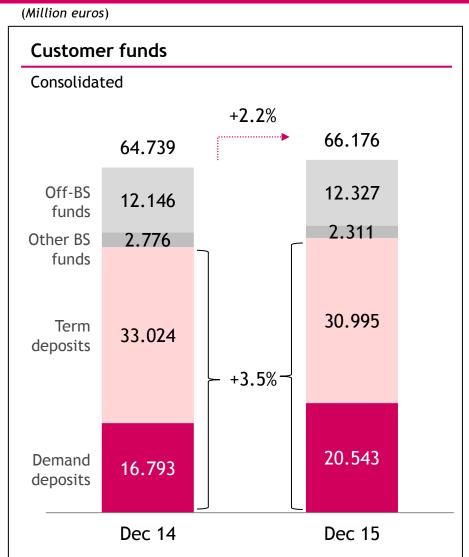
#### Diversified and collateralised portfolio

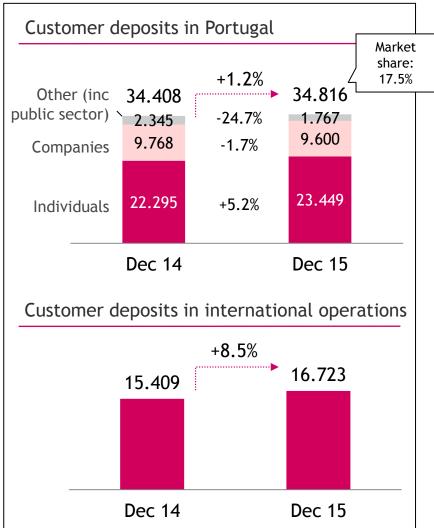


### Agenda

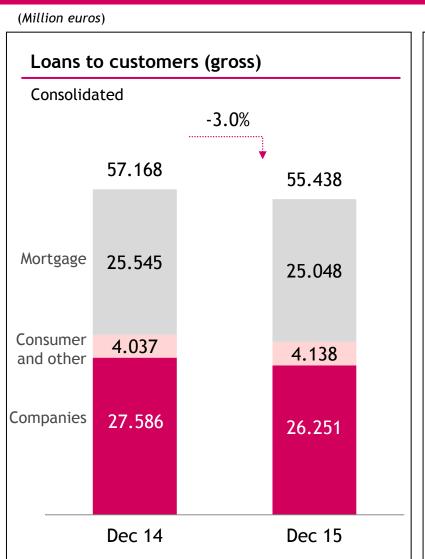
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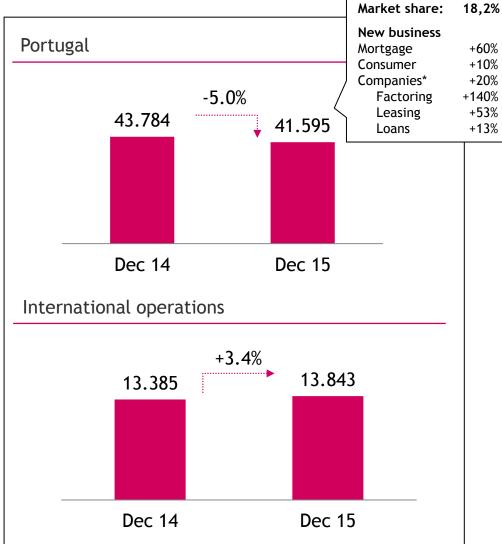
# Deposits increase, with individuals in Portugal and international operations standing out



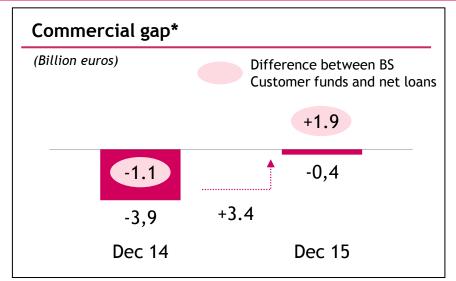


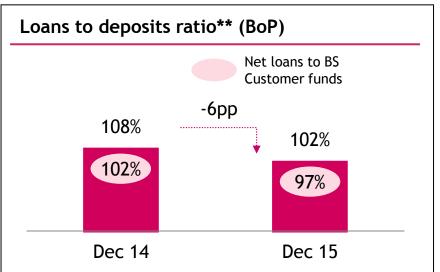
### Credit increases in international operations

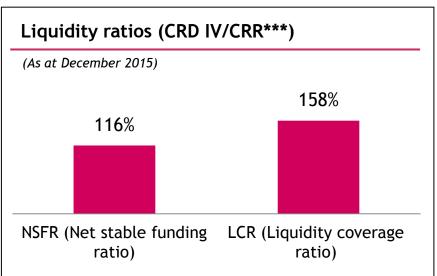




# Continued improvement of the liquidity position, current ratios exceed future requirements





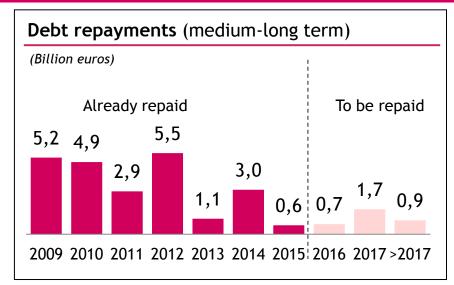


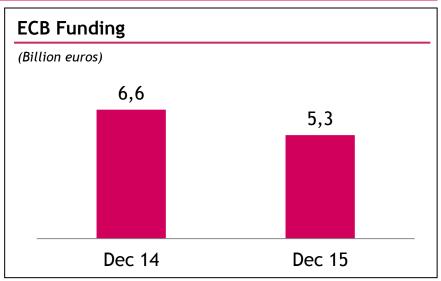
- Commercial gap narrows €3.4 billion from end-2014
- Loans to deposit ratio (Bank of Portugal criteria) at 102%, 97% if all BS Customer funds are included
- Liquidity ratios CRD IV/CRR higher than the required 100%

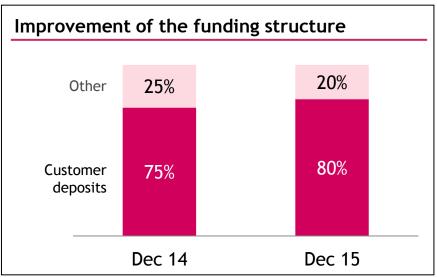
<sup>\*</sup> Based on Customer deposits and net loans to Customers.

<sup>\*\*</sup> According to the current version of Notice 16/2004 of the Bank of Portugal.

## Lower refinancing needs in the medium to long term, Customer deposits are the main funding source





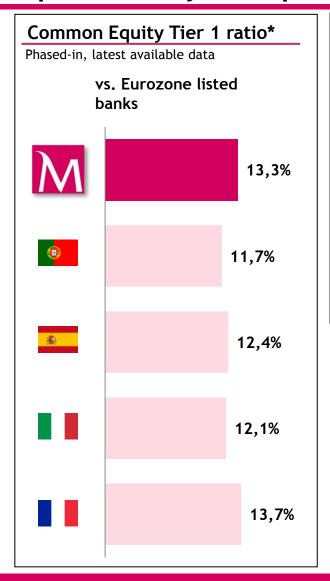


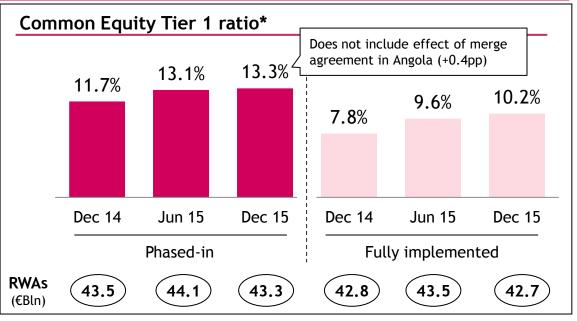
- Future debt repayments (medium-long term) significantly lower than in the past
- Net usage of ECB funding at €5.3 billion, compared to €6.6 billion year-end 2014
- €13.9 billion (net of haircut) of eligible assets available for refinancing operations with ECB, with a €8.6 billion buffer
- Customer deposits account for 80% of funding

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# Capital strengthened to European benchmarks, supported by profitability and specific measures





- Capital ratios strengthened from 31 December 2014 to 13.3% according to phased-in criteria and to 10.2% on a fully implemented basis, reflecting the sale of a 15.4% shareholding in Bank Millennium (Poland), the debt-equity swap, earnings for 2015 and lower RWAs
- Millennium bcp has the 2<sup>nd</sup> strongest capital in Portugal, and is in line with European benchmarks
- Leverage ratio at 7.3% according to phased-in criteria and on a fully implemented basis, this ratio stood at 5.6%



#### Pension fund

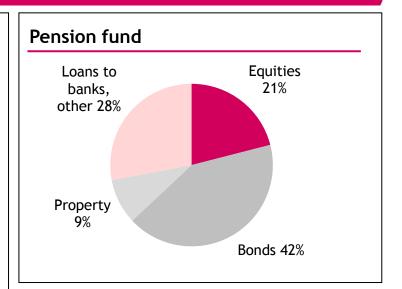
#### **Key figures**

(Million euros)

	Dec 14	Jun 15	Dec 15
Pension liabilities	3,133	3,136	3,136
Pension fund	3,095	3,070	3,158
Liabilities' coverage	110%	109%	111%
Fund's profitability	8.1%	0.5%	-0.8%
Actuarial differences	(477)	(38)	(111)

#### **Assumptions**

	Dec 14	Dec 15	
Discount rate	2.50%		
Salary growth rate	0.75% until 2017		
Salary growth rate	1.00% after 2017		
Donatana musudh sata	0.00% until 2017		
Pensions growth rate	0.50% after 2017		
Projected rate of return of fund assets	2,50%		
Mortality Tables			
Men	TV 73/77 -2 years		
Women Tv 88/90 -3 years			



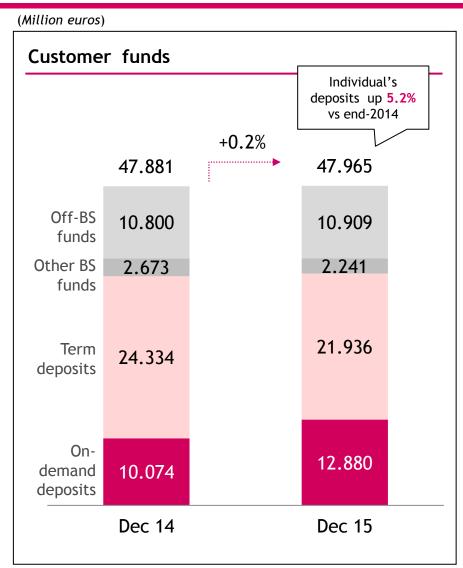
- Pension liabilities coverage at 111%
- Negative actuarial differences in 2015 resulting from the fund's profitability being below assumptions
- Assumptions unchanged in 2015

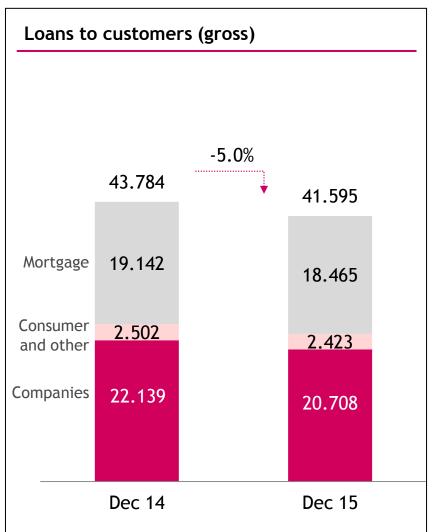
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#### Portugal: deleveraging effort improves liquidity position

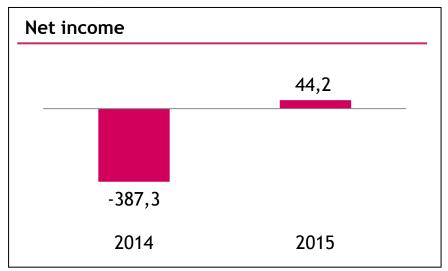




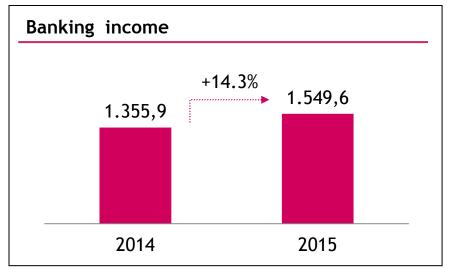


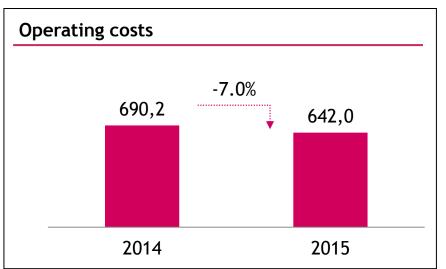
### Net income improves significantly





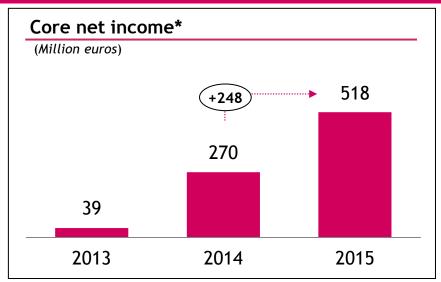
- Improved net income resulting from an increased banking income (+14.3%), a 7.0% reduction in operating costs and a lower cost of risk
- The increase in banking income reflects higher core income
- Lower operating costs resulting from the implementation of the restructuring programme started at the end of 2012

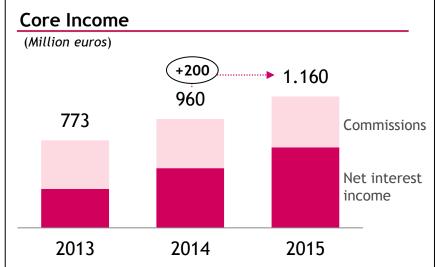


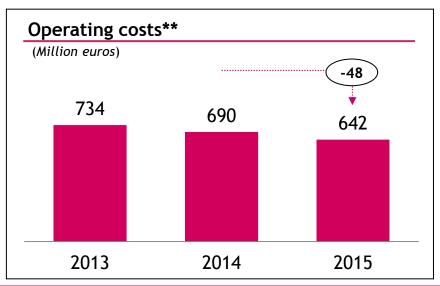


# Improvement trend on core income and operating costs in Portugal proceeds









- Core income increases to €1,160 million in 2015
- Operating costs down to €642 million in the same period
- Continuation of the core net income\*\* expansion trend begun 2 years ago to €518 million in 2015

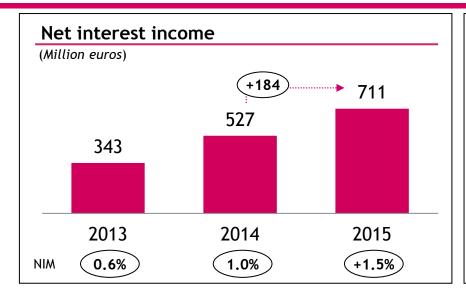


<sup>\*</sup> Core net income = net interest income + net fees and commission income - operating costs.

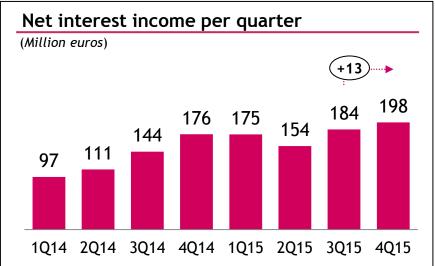
<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes non-recurring costs of €119 million in 2013.

## Increase on net interest income in Portugal reflects lower cost of deposits, in spite of the impact of lower loan volumes





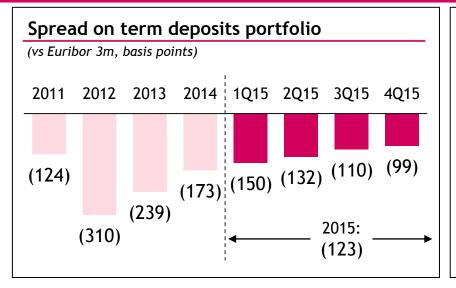
Million euros)		
	4Q15 vs.	2015 vs.
	3Q15	2014
Effect of cost of time deposits	+10.1	+182.7
Performing loans volume effect	-2.8	-87.1
NPL effect (non recurring)	+21.1	+43.5
CoCos effect		+114.7
Other (inc. sovereign debt)	-15.2	-69.5
То	tal +13.2	+184.3

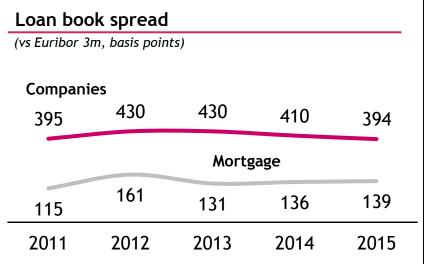


- Net interest income increased versus 3Q15, driven by:
  - Consistent reduction of the cost of time deposits
  - Non-recurring interest recovery from NPLs
  - These effects were partially offset by the continued reduction in loan volumes
- Year-on-year increase of net interest income from commercial business, as the impact of the continued decline of the cost of term deposits, the reduction of NPL and the early repayment of CoCos more than compensated for the unfavourable impact of lower loan volumes and the lower contribution from the sovereign debt portfolio

### Continued effort to reduce the cost of deposits







Customer spread					
(vs Euribor 3m, basis points)					
248	318	303	286	292 Loans	
				Customor	
123	103	132	165	208 Customer spread	
(124)	(215)	(171)	(120)	(85) Deposits	
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	

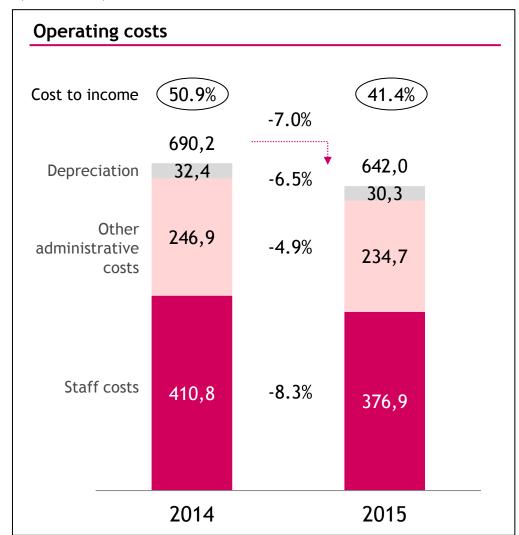
- Continued reduction of the spread of the portfolio of term deposits, down to 123bp in 2015 from 173bp in 2014;
   December's front book priced at an average spread of -54bp, substantially below current back book's
- The slight decrease in the average spread on loans to companies was compensated by an improvement in mortgage loans, resulting in an improved spread on the total loan book
- The combination of an improved spread on loans and on deposits has resulted in a significant increase to the Customer spread, which stood at 208bp in 2015 (165 bp in 2014)

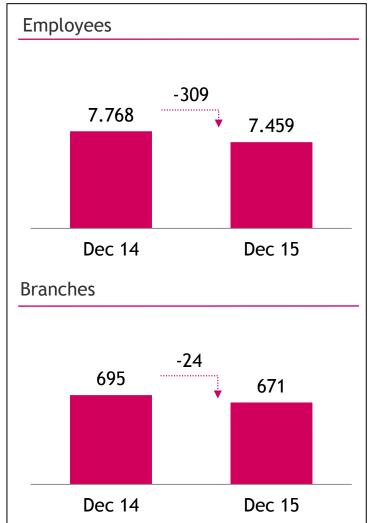
# Increased commissions, benefiting from early repayment of State-guarantees

	2014	2015	YoY
Banking fees and commissions	368.0	389.8	+5.9%
Cards and transfers	103.6	99.4	-4.0%
Loans and guarantees	119.0	118.3	-0.6%
Bancassurance	72.7	75.3	+3.6%
Customer account related	76.5	84.2	+10.2%
State guarantee	-22.7	0.0	
Other fees and commissions	18.8	12.5	-33.8%
Market related fees and commissions	65.2	58.4	-10.4%
Securities operations	57.7	52.1	-9.6%
Asset management	7.5	6.2	-16.5%
Total fees and commissions	433.2	448.2	+3.5%

# The implementation of the plan proceeded, on target with strategic goals



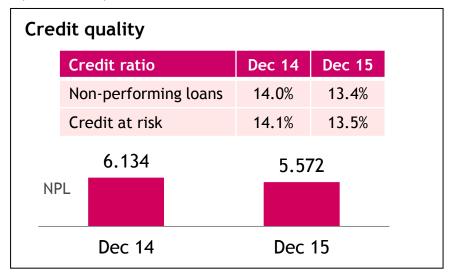


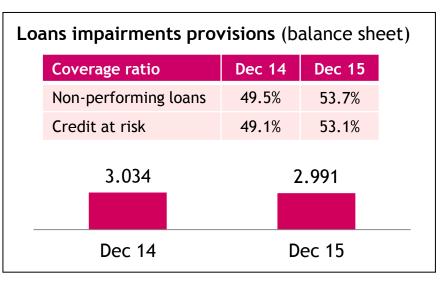


#### Reinforced coverage of delinquent loans

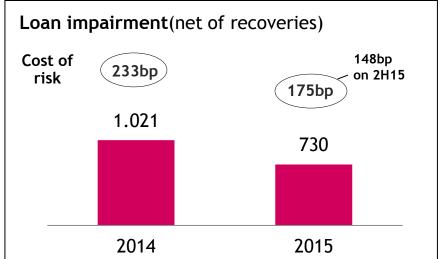


(Million euros)



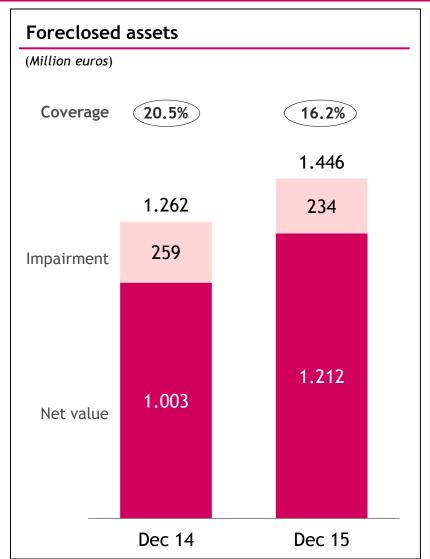


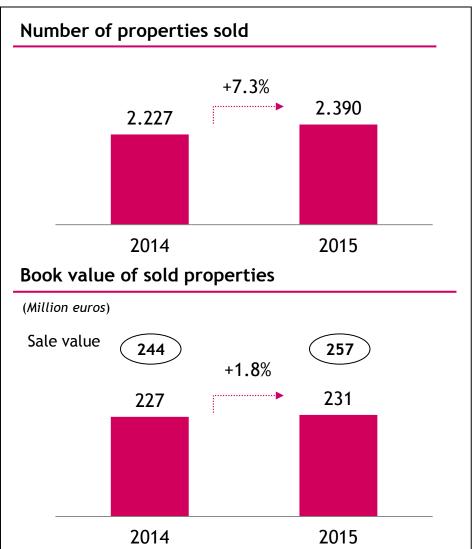
#### NPL buildup Dec 15 Dec 15 vs. Dec 14 vs. Sep15 Inicial stock 6,134 5,917 +/- Net entries +264.9 +10.0 -230.1 - Write-offs -632.3 - Sales -194.1 -124.0 Final stock 5,572 5,572



# Foreclosed assets sold above book value, confirming appropriate coverage







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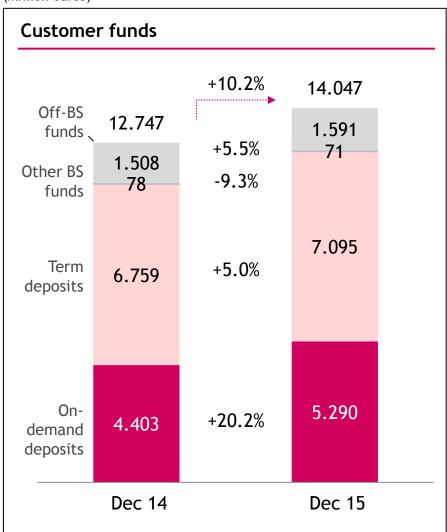
## Stable net income in international operations

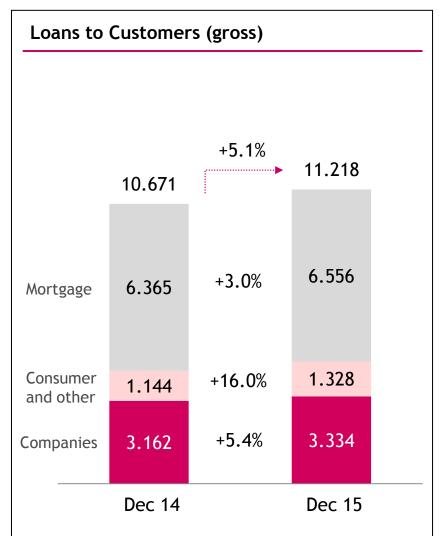
	2014	2015	Δ% local currency	Δ% euros	ROE
International operations*					
Poland	155.7	130.7	-16.0%	-15.8%	9.1%
Mozambique	84.1	84.2	+0.2%	-4.8%	19.6%
Angola	50.4	75.7	+50.1%	+47.7%	22.8%
Net income	290.2	290.6	+0.2%	-1.5%	
Other and non-controlling interests	-88.7	-114.1			
Total contribution int. operations	201.5	176.5		-12.4%	
On a comparable basis**	183.3	176.5		-3.7%	

### Poland: growing Customer funds and loans to Customers

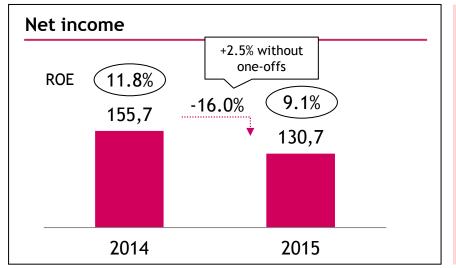




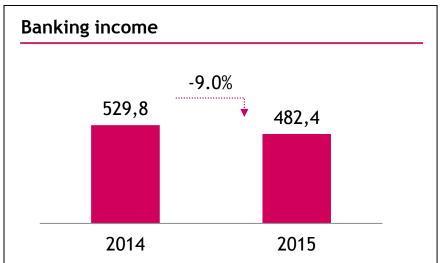


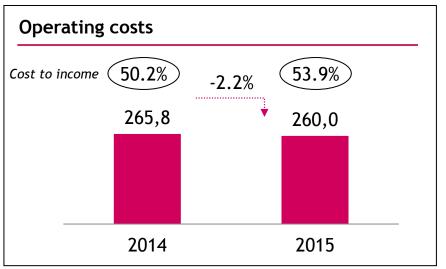


# Net income penalised by additional contributions in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2015

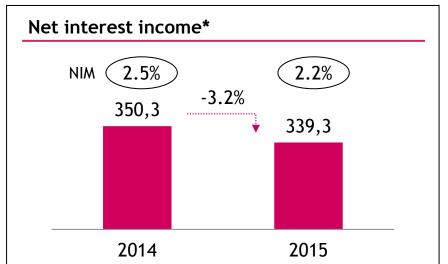


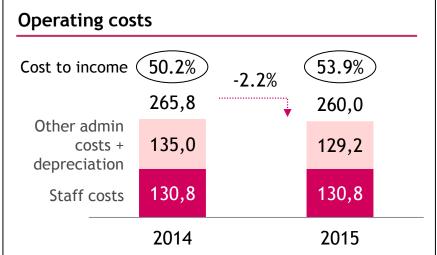
- Net income decreases 16.0%, reflecting one-offs of -€34 million (-€29 million, net of taxes) due to the bankruptcy of SK Bank, a contribution to the mortgage restructuring fund, a fine by the competition authority related to 2006 and linked to interchange fees, and provisions for taxes and other; net income increased 2.5% without these impacts
- This difficult environment led to a 9.0% reduction of banking income, partially offset by lower operating costs (-2.2%) and by a reduction of the cost of risk
- Common equity tier 1 of 16.4% as at end-2015

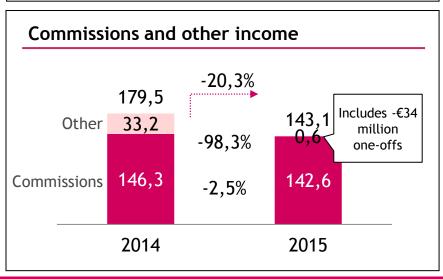


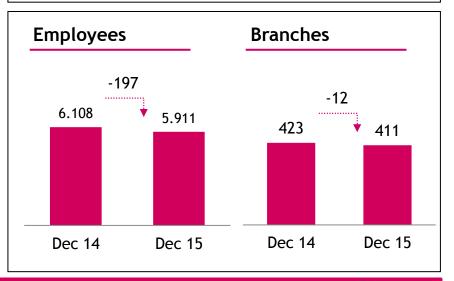


# Income reduction determined by additional contributions in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter 2015



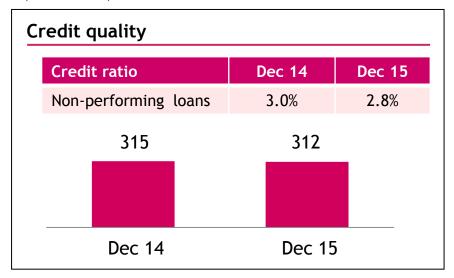


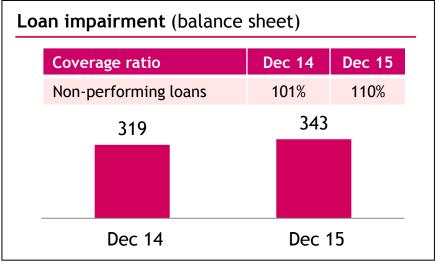


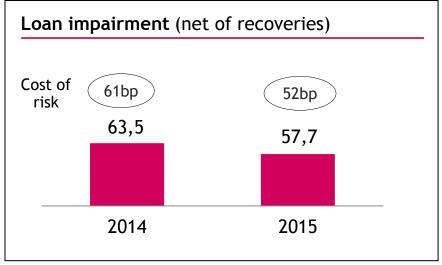


### Stable credit quality, with high levels of coverage





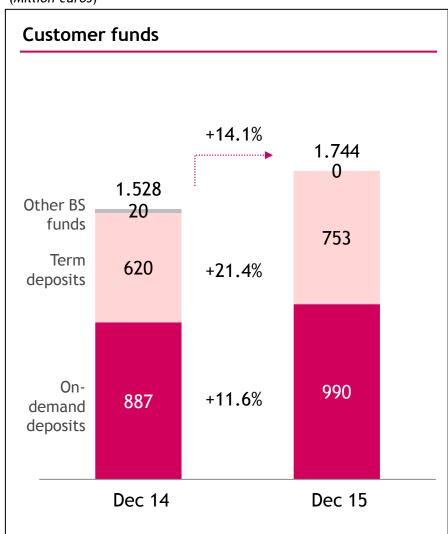


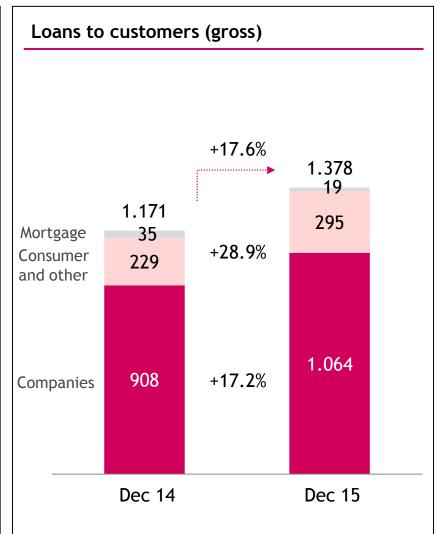


- NPL ratio improved to 2.8% of total credit as at 31 December 2015 from 3.0% on the same date of the previous year
- Provision coverage of NPLs increased to 110% from 101% at the end of 2015
- Lower provisioning effort, as reflected on cost of risk decreasing to 52bp in 2015 from 61bp in 2014

## Mozambique: strong volume growth

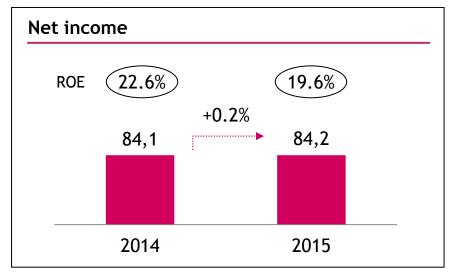




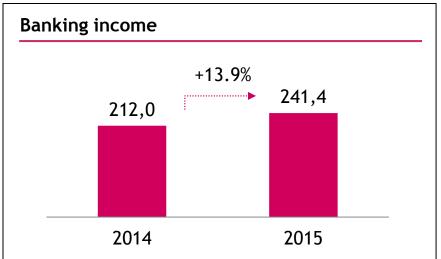


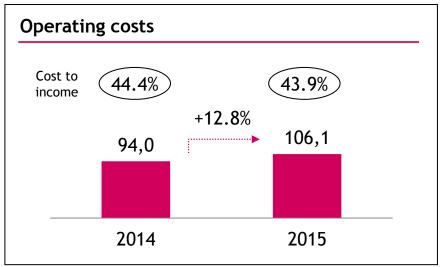
### Stable net income





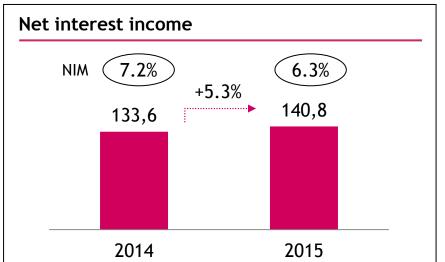
- Net income up by 0.2%, with ROE at 19.6%
- Increase of 13.9% in banking income due to higher net interest income, commissions and results from foreign exchange operations
- Operating costs up by 12.8%
- Common equity tier 1 of 19.8% as at end-2015

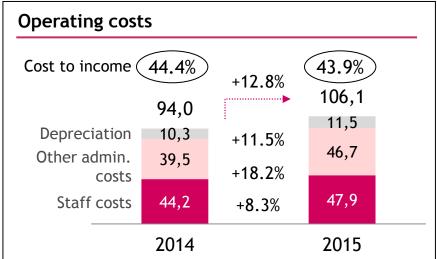


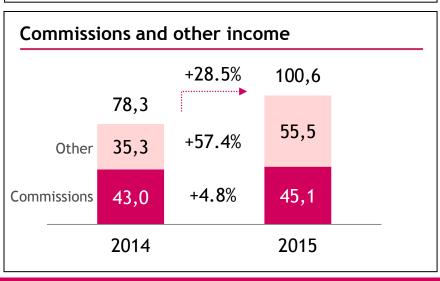


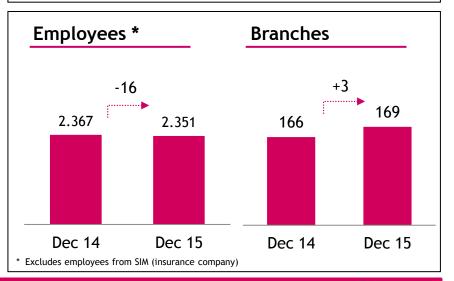
# Growth in core income partially offset by the increase in operating costs





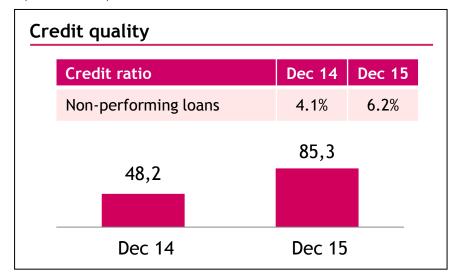


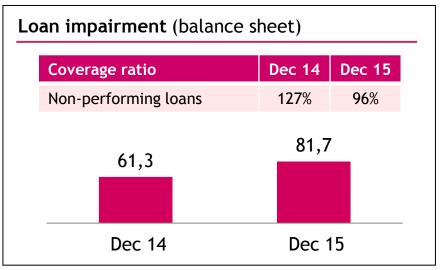


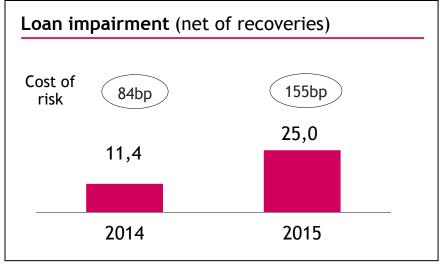


## Credit quality and coverage





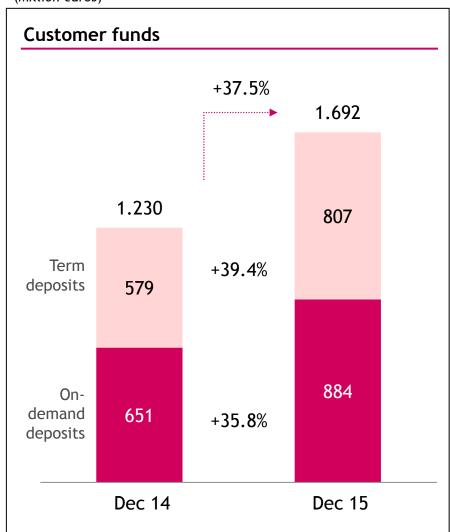


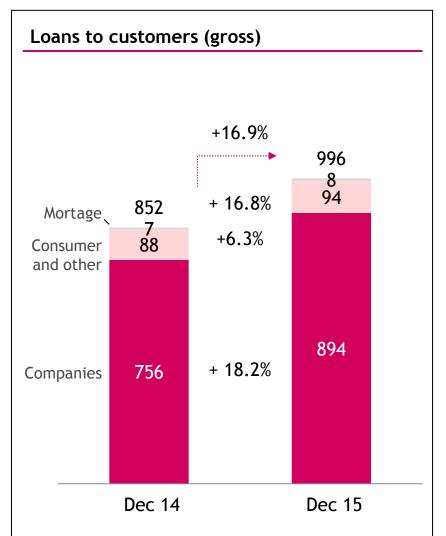


- Key indicators continued to show comfortable figures in spite of credit quality having deteriorated: NPL ratio at 6.2% with a 96% coverage at the end of 2015
- Increased provisioning effort, as reflected by a 155bp cost of risk, up from 84bp in 2014

## Angola: strong volumes growth

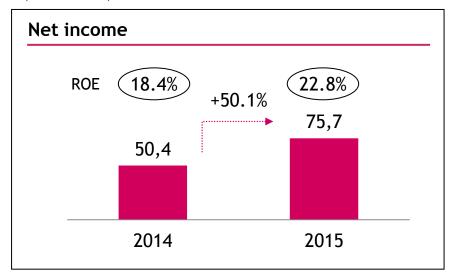




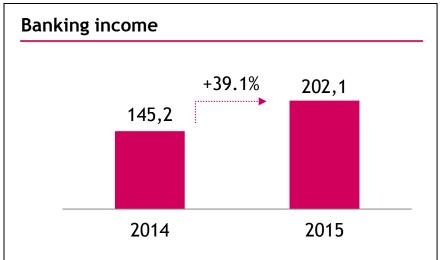


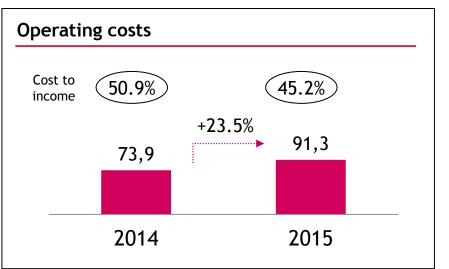
### Net income increase driven by higher banking income



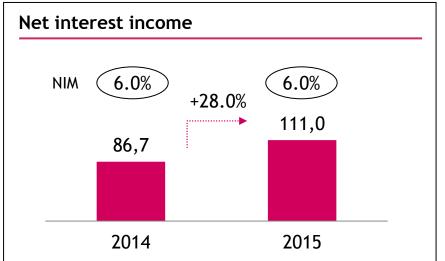


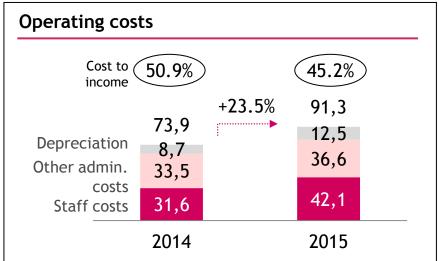
- Net income increases 50.1%, with ROE at 22.8%; increase of 39.1% in banking income, influenced by higher net interest income and trading gains; operating costs increased by 23.5%
- Capital ratio of 13.7% as at the end of 2015
- Merger with ATLANTICO according to plan, with completion scheduled for the beginning of the 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter 2016. Merger creates the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest private sector bank in Angola (market share of 10%), allowing for returns on invested capital at approximately 20%, and leading to a c.40bp impact on CET1 on a phased-in basis

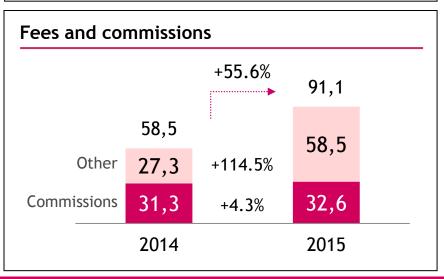


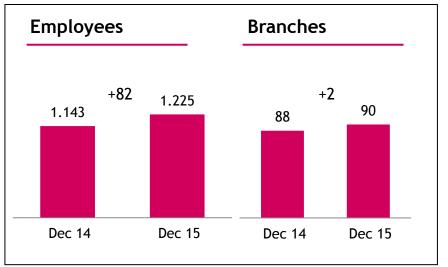


# Strong growth in net interest income, partially compensated by increased operating costs



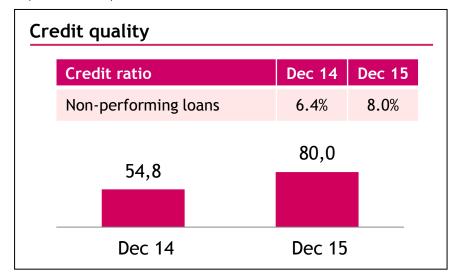


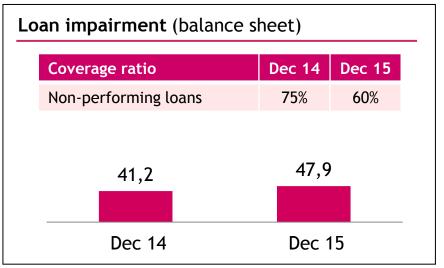


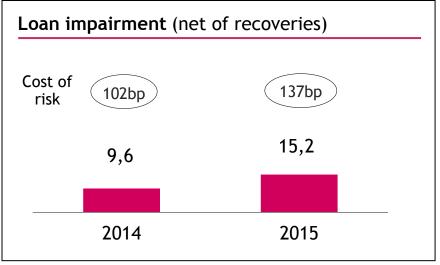


## Credit quality and coverage









- Key indicators continued to show comfortable figures in spite of credit quality having deteriorated: NPL ratio at 8.0% with a 60% coverage at the end of 2015
- Increased provisioning effort, as reflected by a 137bp cost of risk, up from 102bp in 2014

## Agenda

- Highlights
- Group
  - Profitability
  - Liquidity
  - Capital
- Portugal
- International Operations
- Conclusions and targets for 2018

## Progress on 2012 strategic plan metrics

			Act		2015 Strategic plan 2015 2015  13.3% >10%  ✓								
Phases	Priorities		2014	2015	-	2015							
Demanding economic environment 2012-2013	Stronger balance sheet	CET1* (phased-in) (fully	11.7% 7.8%			>10%	<b>√</b>						
2012 2013		implemented)	7.0/0	10.2/0									
Creating growth and profitability conditions	Recovery of profitability in	LtD**	102%	97%		<110%	✓						
	Portugal	C/I	52%	44%		≈50%	✓						
2014-2015	Continued development	Operating costs	€690M	€642M		≈€660M	✓						
	of business in Poland, Mozambique and Angola	Cost of risk (bp)	194	150		≈100	✓ ✓ ✓						
Sustained growth 2016-2017	Sustained net income growth, greater balance between domestic and international operations	ROE	-6.5%	5.3%		≈ <b>7</b> %	<b>V</b> iri						

## Significant transformation of Millennium bcp over the last years, since the 2008 crisis

		Past	2015
Capital	Capital ratio	<b>4.2%</b> Core Tier 1 BoP, Mar 08	13.3% CET1 phased-in
	Loans to Deposits	<b>175%</b> Mar 09	101%
Liquidity	Gap comercial billion euros	<b>32.5</b> Mar 09	0.4
	ECB funding usage	<b>15.4</b> Sep 11	5.3
	Cost-income	<b>76.5%</b> 6M13	44.2% Cost-core income: 55.5%
Costs	Operating costs in Portugal million euros	1,031 2008	642
	Branches in Portugal	<b>920</b> Set 08	671
Accet quality	Cost of risk in Portugal	<b>243 bp</b> 9M14	175 bp
Asset quality	Credit at risk in Portugal billon euros	<b>7.4</b> Jun 12	5.6
Des Chalailte	Net income million euros	<b>-1,219</b>	+235
Profitability	ROE	-35.4% 2012	5.3%

## Adapting Millennium bcp to a changing financial system

#### A new framework for the financial system

**Market and Customers** 

New trends, digital transformation



Competition

Changing competition profile



Regulation

New supervision mechanism, increased capital requirements



#### The road to 2018

	Retail		Companies	Credit recovery	Processes
Redefining the distribution model	Retail  e Re-launching the affluent segment	Strengthening leadership in small businesses	Adjusting business model to support growth	Optimising credit recovery areas	Re-designing and simplifying operating model
•		Digital evoluti	on of Millennium	bcp	•

## The road to 2018: targets

	2014	2015	Target 2018
Branches	695	671	< 570
Customers with digital access [percentage of total Customers]	24%	26%	> 35%
Digital transactions [percentage of total transactions]	34%	40%	> 50%
Customer satisfaction [ranking in Marktest's Customer satisfaction index]	#2	#2	#1
Credit at risk in Portugal [billion euros]	6.2	5.6	≤ 4.5
New Prestige Customers [x1,000, net of Customers lost]	0	6	> 10 Average p.a. 2016-2018
Cost per Customer [Retail, euros]	189	171	< 160

## Road to 2018: financial targets

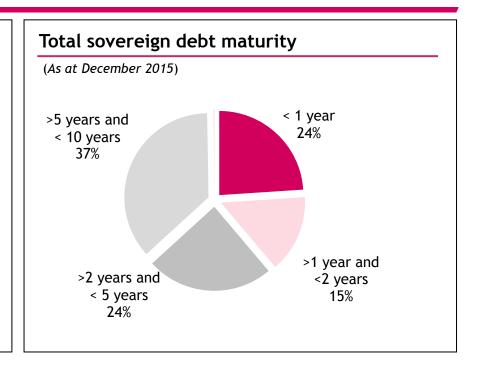
	2014	2015	Target 2018
Phased-in CET1 ratio	11.7%	13.3%	. 4.40/
Fully implemented CET1 ratio	7.8%	10.2%	≥11%
Loans to Deposits	108%	102%	<100%
Cost-core income	64.0%	55.4%	<50%
Cost-income	51.7%	44.2%	<43%
Cost of risk	194 bp	150 bp	<75 pb
ROE*	-6.5%	5.3%	>11%

# Appendix

## Sovereign debt portfolio

#### Sovereign debt portfolio

		Dec 14	Sep 15	Dec 15	YoY	Δ % quarterly
Portugal		4,688	5,049	3,848	-18%	-24%
T-bills		815	199	881	+8%	>100%
Bonds		3,873	4,850	2,967	-23%	-39%
Poland		1,820	1,722	2,312	+27%	+34%
Angola		367	468	579	+58%	+24%
Mozambique		587	499	472	-20%	-5%
Other		130	92	91	-30%	-1%
	Total	7,592	7,830	7,303	-4%	-7%



- Total sovereign debt at €7.3 billion, of which €1.8 billion maturing up to one year
- Portuguese and Mozambican sovereign debt decreased, whereas exposure to Polish and Angolan sovereign debt have increased from end-2014

## Sovereign debt portfolio

(Million euros, as at December 2015)

	Portugal	Poland	Mozambique	Angola	Other	Total
Trading book*	180	96	0	2	38	316
≤ 1 year		14		2		16
> 1 year and ≤ 2 years		34			38	73
> 2 year and ≤ 5 years	175	36				211
> 5 year and ≤ 10 years	4	12				16
> 10 years						
Banking book**	3,668	2,216	472	577	53	6,987
≤ 1 year	885	447	265	137		1,734
> 1 year and ≤ 2 years	201	571	66	175		1,013
> 2 year and ≤ 5 years	145	1,034	141	200	51	1,570
> 5 year and ≤ 10 years	2,436	146		66	2	2,650
> 10 years	1	18				19
Total	3,848	2,312	472	579	91	7,303
≤ 1 year	885	461	265	139		1,750
> 1 year and ≤ 2 years	201	605	66	175	38	1,086
> 2 year and ≤ 5 years	321	1,070	141	200	51	1,782
> 5 year and ≤ 10 years	2,440	158		66	2	2,666
> 10 years	1	18				19

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<sup>\*</sup> Includes financial assets held for trading at fair valu through net income (€152 million).
\*\* Includes AFS portfolio (€6,868 million) and HTM portfolio (€118 million).

**Financial Statements** 

### **Consolidated Balance Sheet\***

	31 December	31 December
	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and deposits at central banks	1,840.3	1,707.4
Loans and advances to credit institutions		
Repayable on demand	776.4	795.8
Other loans and advances	921.6	1,456.0
Loans and advances to customers	51,970.2	53,685.6
Financial assets held for trading	1,188.8	1,674.2
Financial assets available for sale	10,779.0	8,263.2
Assets with repurchase agreement	-	36.4
Hedging derivatives	73.1	75.3
Financial assets held to maturity	494.9	2,311.2
Investments in associated companies	315.7	323.5
Non current assets held for sale	1,765.4	1,622.0
Investment property	146.3	176.5
Property and equipment	670.9	755.5
Goodwill and intangible assets	210.9	252.8
Current tax assets	43.6	41.9
Deferred tax assets	2,561.5	2,398.6
Other assets	974.2	784.9
	74,884.9	76,360.9

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Liabilities		
Amounts owed to credit institutions	8,591.0	10,966.2
Amounts owed to customers	51,538.6	49,816.7
Debt securities	4,768.3	5,709.6
Financial liabilities held for trading	723.2	953.0
Hedging derivatives	541.2	352.5
Provisions for liabilities and charges	284.8	460.3
Subordinated debt	1,645.4	2,025.7
Current income tax liabilities	22.3	31.8
Deferred income tax liabilities	14.8	6.7
Other liabilities	1,074.7	1,051.6
Total Liabilities	69,204.3	71,374.0
Equity		
Share capital	4,094.2	3,706.7
Treasury stock	(1.2)	(13.5)
Share premium	16.5	-
Preference shares	59.9	171.2
Other capital instruments	2.9	9.9
Fair value reserves	23.3	106.9
Reserves and retained earnings	192.2	458.1
Net income for the year attrib. to Shareholders	235.3	(226.6)
Total equity attrib. to Shareholders of the Banl	4,623.2	4,212.5
Non-controlling interests	1,057.4	774.4
Total Equity	5,680.6	4,986.9
	74,884.9	76,360.9

<sup>\*</sup> Following the first application of IFRIC 21 in June 2015, whose impacts at Group level are related with the recognition of the contributions from the banking sector, for the deposits guarantee fund and for the resolution fund, it was also necessary to restate the consolidated financial statements for 2014.



### **Consolidated Income Statement\***

### Per quarter

(Million euros)		I	Per quarter		
	4Q 14	1Q 15	2Q 15	3Q 15	4Q 15
Net interest income	325.2	328.4	299.6	328.7	344.9
Dividends from equity instruments	0.1	2.0	3.8	0.1	6.1
Net fees and commission income	174.7	169.9	180.7	169.7	172.5
Other operating income	-10.1	-18.0	-23.9	-13.7	-66.2
Net trading income	85.0	200.1	308.1	45.8	41.4
Equity accounted earnings	7.7	6.1	14.6	4.5	-1.6
Banking income	582.5	688.4	782.9	535.1	497.2
Staff costs	157.6	153.3	155.7	152.1	155.0
Other administrative costs	117.3	106.7	106.4	102.3	108.5
Depreciation	17.2	16.7	16.6	15.7	17.7
Operating costs	292.0	276.6	278.6	270.2	281.2
Operating net income bef. imp.	290.5	411.8	504.3	264.9	216.0
Loans impairment (net of recoveries)	232.5	205.6	269.4	153.0	205.0
Other impairm. and provisions	66.3	70.1	21.7	25.5	43.9
Net income before income tax	-8.3	136.1	213.2	86.3	-32.9
Income tax	73.9	36.3	18.1	26.4	-24.5
Non-controlling interests	28.2	30.1	38.7	36.1	20.7
Net income (before disc. oper.)	-110.4	69.6	156.3	23.8	-29.1
Net income arising from discont. operations	-6.8	0.8	14.0	0.0	-0.1
Net income	-117.1	70.4	170.3	23.8	-29.2

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### Consolidated Income Statement (Portugal\* and International Operations)

For the 9-month periods ended 31th December, 2014 and 2015

													Interna	tional ope	rations						
		Group			Portugal		Total Bank Millennium (Poland)				M illennium bim (M oz.)			M ille	nnium Ar	ngo la	Other int. operations				
	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ %	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ%	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ %	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ %	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ%	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ%	Dec 14	Dec 15	Δ %
Interest income	2,653	2,316	-12.7%	1,699	1,376	-19.0%	953	940	-1.4%	616	553	-10.2%	207	221	7.0%	124	160	28.7%	6	6	-6.3%
Interest expense	1,536	1,015	-34.0%	1,172	665	-43.3%	364	350	-3.9%	269	227	-15.8%	66	80	21.6%	36	49	35.3%	-8	-6	16.7%
Net interest income	1,116	1,302	16.6%	527	711	35.0%	589	590	0.2%	347	326	-5.9%	141	14 1	0.1%	88	111	26.0%	14	12	-12.1%
Dividends from equity instruments	6	12	>100%	2	9	>100%	4	3	-20.2%	0	1	23.0%	0	0	-20.3%	3	2	-26.4%	0	0	<-100%
Intermediation margin	1,122	1,314	17.1%	529	720	36.1%	593	593	0.1%	347	327	-5.8%	141	141	0.1%	91	113	24.2%	14	12	-12.1%
Net fees and commission income	681	693	1.8%	433	448	3.5%	248	245	-1.2%	146	143	-2.3%	45	45	-0.3%	32	33	2.7%	25	24	-1.7%
Other operating income	11	-122	<-100%	14	-86	<-100%	-2	-36	<-100%	-14	-51	<-100%	14	16	12.3%	-1	0	>100%	-1	-1	-0.8%
Basic income	1,814	1,885	3.9%	976	1,083	10.9%	838	802	-4.3%	479	419	-12.6%	200	202	0.9%	122	146	20.0%	38	36	-5.5%
Net trading income	442	595	34.7%	344	443	29.0%	99	152	54.6%	48	52	8.2%	23	40	72.3%	26	56	>100%	2	4	>100%
Equity accounted earnings	36	24	-34.6%	36	24	-33.8%	0	0	<-100%	0	0	<-100%	0	0		0	0		0	0	>100%
Banking income	2,292	2,504	9.2%	1,356	1,550	14.3%	937	954	1.8%	527	470	-10.7%	223	241	8.3%	148	202	37.0%	39	40	2.0%
Staff costs	636	616	-3.1%	411	377	-8.3%	225	239	6.4%	130	131	0.2%	47	48	3.0%	32	42	31.1%	16	18	16.9%
Other administrative costs	448	424	-5.5%	247	235	-4.9%	202	189	-6.2%	120	100	-16.9%	42	47	12.4%	34	37	7.3%	6	6	3.1%
Depreciation	66	67	1.6%	32	30	-6.5%	33	36	9.7%	13	12	-8.6%	11	11	6.0%	9	13	42.2%	0	0	-10.2%
Operating costs	1,150	1,107	-3.7%	690	642	-7.0%	459	465	1.1%	263	242	-8.0%	99	106	7.3%	75	91	21.6%	22	25	12.7%
Operating net income bef. imp.	1,143	1,397	22.2%	666	908	36.4%	477	489	2.6%	263	228	-13.4%	124	135	9.1%	72	111	52.9%	17	15	-11.6%
Loans impairment (net of recoveries)	1,107	833	-24.7%	1,021	730	-28.5%	86	103	19.7%	65	61	-6.3%	12	25	>100%	10	15	55.4%	0	2	>100%
Other impairm, and provisions	209	161	-22.9%	208	153	-26.5%	2	9	>100%	-1	3	>100%	2	4	>100%	1	1	>100%	0	0	-78.9%
Net income before income tax	-173	403	>100%	-563	25	>100%	389	378	-3.1%	200	164	-17.8%	110	106	-3.6%	62	94	52.0%	17	13	-26.3%
Income tax	-98	56	>100%	-176	-18	89.5%	78	75	-4.4%	45	34	-24.6%	20	20	0.5%	11	19	71.9%	2	2	-16.9%
Non-controlling interests	110	126	14.1%	0	-1	<-100%	110	126	15.1%	0	0		1	1	8.5%	0	0		109	125	15.2%
Net income (before disc. oper.)	-186	221	>100%	-387	44	>100%	201	177	-12.4%	155	131	-15.8%	88	84	-4.8%	51	76	47.7%	-93	- 114	-22.1%
Net income arising from discont, operation	c -41	15	>100%																		

<sup>\*</sup> Following the first application of IFRIC 21 in June 2015, whose impacts at Group level are related with the recognition of the contributions from the banking sector, for the deposits guarantee fund and for the resolution fund, it was also necessary to restate the consolidated financial statements for 2014.



# Consolidated Pro Forma Balance Sheet with Banco Millennium Angola equity-consolidated

llion euros)	31 December 2015		31 December 2015
Assets			
Cash and deposits at central banks	1,335	Amounts owed to credit institutions	8,375
Loans and advances to credit institutions	ŕ	Amounts owed to customers	49,847
Repayable on demand	734	Debt securities	4,768
Other loans and advances	877	Financial liabilities held for trading	723
Loans and advances to customers	51,022	Hedging derivatives	541
Financial assets held for trading	1,338	Provisions for liabilities and charges	281
Financial assets available for sale	10,250	Subordinated debt	1,645
Assets with repurchase agreement	0	Current income tax liabilities	22
Hedging derivatives	73	Deferred income tax liabilities	0
Financial assets held to maturity	427	Other liabilities	992
Investments in associated companies	484	Total Liabilities	67,196
Non current assets held for sale	1,754		
Investment property	146	Equity	
Property and equipment	511	Share capital	4,094
Goodwill and intangible assets	207	Treasury stock	-1
Current tax assets	44	Share premium	16
Deferred tax assets	2,562	Preference shares	60
Other assets	944	Other capital instruments	3
	72,709	Fair value reserves	23
		Reserves and retained earnings	192
		Net income for the year attrib. to Shareholders	235
		Total equity attrib. to Shareholders of the Bank	4,623
		Non-controlling interests	890
		Total Equity	5,513
			72,709

# Consolidated Pro Forma Income Statement with Banco Millennium Angola equity-consolidated

Million euros)		
Net interest income	1,191	
Dividends from equity instruments	10	
Net fees and commission income	660	
Other operating income	-122	
Net trading income	539	
Equity accounted earnings	61	
Banking income	2,339	
Staff costs	574	
Other administrative costs	387	
Depreciation	54	
Operating costs	1,015	
Operating net income bef. imp.	1,324	
Loans impairment (net of recoveries)	818	
Other impairm. and provisions	160	
Net income before income tax	346	
Income tax	38	
Non-controlling interests	88	
Net income (before disc. oper.)	221	
Net income arising from discont. operations	15	
Net income	235	



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Rui Coimbra, Head

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Banco Comercial Português, S.A., a public company (sociedade aberta) having its registered office at Praça D. João I, 28, Oporto, registered at the Commercial Registry of Oporto, with the single commercial and tax identification number 501 525 882 and the share capital of EUR 4,094,235,361.88.

