Part I

A. SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE (Organization and Corporate Governance)

I. Capital Structure

1. The capital structure (share capital, number of shares, distribution of capital by shareholders, etc.), including an indication of shares that are not admitted to trading, different classes of shares, rights and duties of same and the capital percentage that each class represents (Article 245-A/1/a).

On the date this Report was made (March 2021) the share capital of the Bank amounted to 4,725,000,000.00 Euros, represented by 15,113,989,952 shares of a single category, nominative, book-entry, without nominal value, fully subscribed and paid up, all admitted to trading in a regulated market (Euronext Lisbon). These shares represent 100% of the share capital, confer identical rights and are fungible between them.

According to the information provided by Interbolsa, as at 31 December 2020, the number of shareholders of Banco Comercial Português totalled 149,299.

The Bank's shareholder structure continued, on 31 December 2020, to be very dispersed, with four shareholders owning more than 2% of the share capital. Of these, only two have a stake above 5%. As a whole, the shareholders with qualifying stakes represented 54.28% of the share capital.

Shareholders with more than 5 million shares represented, on 31 December of 2020, 73.4% of the share capital and voting rights. In terms of geographic distribution, special note should be made of the weight of the shareholders in Portugal, which accounted for 30.5% of the total number of shareholders.

Although pursuant to its articles of association, the Bank has the ability to issue shares with special rights, namely voting or non-voting preferential shares either redeemable with or without premium or not redeemable, it has never done so.

For the issue of this type of shares it is necessary a specific resolution adopted by the Shareholders at a General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority of 2/3 of the votes cast.

2. Restrictions on the transfer of shares, such as clauses on consent for disposal, or limits on the ownership of shares (Article 245-A/1/b).

There are no clauses in the articles of association with these features. The shares representing the share capital of the Bank are freely transmissible and there are no limits on the ownership of shares.

3. Number of own shares, the percentage of share capital that it represents and corresponding percentage of voting rights that corresponded to own shares (Article 245-A/1/a).

The treasury stock (BCP shares) held by entities included in the consolidation perimeter is within the limits established by the Law and Regulations.

As at 31 December 2020, Banco Comercial Português, S.A. held no treasury stock in its own portfolio, and there were no purchases or sales of own shares throughout the period.

However, on that date, were recorded in the item "Treasury Stock" 323.738 shares (on 31 December 2019, 323.738 shares) held by clients which were given as collateral for credit granted by the Bank or by Group BCP. As there is evidence of impairment those shares were deemed as own shares and, complying with the applicable accounting standards, written off from equity.

Regarding treasury stock held by associate companies of the BCP Group, pursuant to Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2020, Millenniumbcp Ageas - Grupo Segurador, SGPS, S.A. held 142,601,002 BCP shares, amounting to Euros 28,891,000 and on 31 December 2019, it held the same number of shares, amounting to Euros 28,891,000.

The shares held by the Bank due to credit recovery process are not considered treasury stock in portfolio, as the respective sale is made in the market and in the short term.

4. Important agreements to which the company is a party and that come into effect, amend or terminated in cases such as a change in the control of the company after a takeover bid, and the respective effects, except where due to their nature, the disclosure thereof would be seriously detrimental to the company; this exception does not apply where the company is specifically required to disclose said information pursuant to other legal requirements (Article 245-A/1/j).

Banco Comercial Português, S.A is not a party to significant agreements, namely agreements that are enforced, altered or terminated in the event of change of control, following a public takeover bid, or change of composition of the governing bodies and which might hinder the financial interest in the free transferability of shares and the free appraisal by the shareholders of the performance of Directors.

Under its activity, the Bank has negotiated six bilateral contracts with the EIB in the overall amount of close to four hundred and thirty-five million Euros, which include clauses that confer the counterparty, under certain verifiable circumstances and in line with what is usual in the type of operations in question, the right to trigger the early repayment of these values, in the event of a change to the Bank's shareholder control. None of these contracts harmed the economic interest in the transfer of shares and the free appraisal by the shareholders of the Director's performance.

5. A system that is subject to the renewal or withdrawal of countermeasures, particularly those that provide for a restriction on the number of votes capable of being held or exercised by only one shareholder individually or together with other shareholders.

Article 26 of the Bank's Articles of Association establishes that votes cast by a single shareholder and its related entities, under the terms of number 1 of article 20 of the Securities Code, representing more than 30% of the votes of the total share capital, shall not be counted.

On the date this report was made, there were no shareholders reaching the above-mentioned limit of 30%. The amendment of this statutory provision requires the approval by 2/3 of the votes cast at the General Meeting.

The Bank's Articles of Association do not foresee the periodic review of the statutory rule that establishes the limitation of votes; however under the terms of article 13-C of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, these limits will automatically expire at the end of each five-year period if no resolution is adopted by the General Meeting of Shareholders to expressly maintain them.

The General Meeting of Shareholders held on 9 November 2016, approved by a majority of 96.10% of the votes cast, the maintenance of limits to votes foreseen in articles 25 and 26 of the Articles of Association; therefore the same is valid until 8 November 2021. However, the Bank will submit to the shareholder's appraisal, at the forthcoming General Meeting to be held until the end of May of 2021, the maintenance of limits to votes.

There aren't, on 9 November of 2016 nor on the date this report was approved, shareholders that own, directly or indirectly, 30% of the votes corresponding to the totality of the share capital.

The Bank adopts the rule for the limitation to voting rights, commonly referred to as "statutory ceiling on voting rights", since it deems that this is the best international and national corporate governance practice in terms of statutory restrictions for significant institutions with the size, internal organisation, scope and complexity of activities such as the ones pursued by the Bank.

6. Shareholders' agreements that the company is aware of and that may result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or voting rights (Article 245-A/1/g).

The Bank is not aware of the existence of any shareholders' agreement relative to the exercise of corporate rights or transferability of the Bank's shares.

II. Shares and Bonds Held

7. Details of the natural or legal persons who, directly or indirectly, are holders of qualifying holdings (Article 245-A/1/c & d and Article 16) with details of the percentage of capital and votes attributed and the source and causes of the attribution.

Under the terms of the Securities Code, the qualifying stakes in the Company's share capital as at 31 December 2020, indicating the percentage of the share capital and imputable votes, and the source and reasons of imputation, are reflected in the following table:

31 December 2020

Shareholder	Nr. of shares	% of share capital	% of voting rights
Chiado (Luxembourg) S.a.r.l., an affiliate of Fosun, whose parent company is Fosun International Holdings Ltd	4,523,384,503	29.93%	29.93%
TOTAL FOR FOSUN GROUP	4,523,384,503	29.93%	29.93%
Sonangol - Sociedade Nacional de Combustíveis de Angola, EP, directly	2,946,353,914	19.49%	19.49%
TOTAL FOR SONANGOL GROUP	2,946,353,914	19.49%	19.49%
BlackRock*	423,574,988	2.80%	2.80%
TOTAL FOR BLACKROCK	423,574,988	2.80%	2.80%
EDP Group Pensions Fund **	311,616,144	2.06%	2.06%
TOTAL EDP GROUP	311,616,144	2.06%	2.06%
TOTAL OF QUALIFIED SHAREHOLDERS	8,204,929,549	54.28%	54.28%

^{*} In accordance with the announcement on November 26, 2020 (last information available).

8. Indication of the number of shares and bonds held by members of the governing bodies, directors and persons closely related to these categories

Concerning this item, please see the information conveyed by the 2020 Annual Report, in note 46 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

9. Special powers of the Board of Directors, especially as regards resolutions on the capital increase (Article 245-A/1/i) with an indication as to the allocation date, time period within which said powers may be carried out, the upper ceiling for the capital increase, the amount already issued pursuant to the allocation of powers and mode of implementing the powers assigned.

Under the terms of article 5 (1) of the Bank's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors has powers to, when deemed convenient and after having obtained the favourable opinion of the Audit Committee, increase the share capital, once or more times, until the limit of the value of the existing share capital when the authorisation was granted or upon renewal of this authorisation.

The last renewal of this authorization was approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 21 April 2016, when the Bank's share capital amounted to 4,094,235,361.88 Euros, and the General Meeting resolved that 20% of that increase could be made through the placement, without shareholders preference rights, with qualified or institutional investors.

The Bank's share capital was increased twice under this authorization.

The first time on 18 November 2016, in the amount of 174,582,327.32 Euros, an increase reserved to Chiado (Luxembourg) S.à r.l. (Group Fosun), and on 7 February 2017, in the amount of 1,331,920,364.52 euros, in an increase with preference right for shareholders. Therefore, the ceiling for authorization to increase the capital to be resolved by the Board of Directors is established, on the date this report is made, at 2,587,732,670.04 euros.

^{**} Allocation in accordance with Art. 20 (1.f) of the Portuguese Securities Code.

On 11 November 2018, the shareholders resolved at the General Meeting of Shareholders to reduce the share capital in the amount of 875.738.053,72 Euro, to cover losses, and the share capital stood at 4.725.000.000,00 euros, an amount that remains until today.

The Board of Directors shall submit to the shareholders' decision at the forthcoming General Meeting of Shareholders to be carried out until the end of May of 2021, a proposal for the renewal of the authorisation mentioned above

10. Significant business relations between holders of qualifying stakes and the company

Business conducted between the company and qualifying shareholders or natural or legal persons related to them, pursuant to article 20 of the Securities Code, regardless of the amount involved, is always subject to appraisal and deliberation by the Board of Directors, after a prior opinion has been obtained from the Audit Committee, through proposal submitted by the Executive Committee, which is supported by a proposal made by the Credit Commission and an analysis and opinion issued by the Compliance Office in what regards the compliance of the proposals with internal rulings, legal and supervisory requirements and remaining conditions applicable to them, together with an opinion issued by the Risk Office to assess the risks that the operations involve.

During the financial year of 2020, the Audit Committee issued twenty opinions on operations of granting and renewal of credit lines and limits or on other credit operations related to shareholders holders of qualifying stake or related natural or legal persons. All the transactions were carried out under normal market conditions.

During the financial year to which this report relates to, the hiring of supplies and services between Banco Comercial Português and entities qualified as related parties, shareholders holding qualifying stakes and entities related with them was also analysed. The Audit Committee issued five opinions concerning proposals for the engagement of goods and services. These engagements were made in accordance with market conditions for similar operations, within the scope of the core business developed by the Bank and by the counter party and no special treatment was identified. Also, in this case, the Compliance Office, the Internal Audit Division, the Executive Committee, Audit Committee, and the Board of Directors verified compliance with the conditions mentioned above.

The operations carried out in 2020 are better identified in item 90 of this Report.

The Board of Directors, in accordance with its competences, conferred to it by its Regulations, reserved for itself the necessary and sufficient powers for the following acts:

- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, the agreements established between the Bank and holders of stakes above 2% of the Bank's share capital or entities that are in a controlling or group relationship with them or members of the management and supervision body, directly or through third parties, provided that any one of the following conditions applies: (i) the object of the agreement is not encompassed in the Bank's business; (ii) o the material engagement limit for assets and services exceeds the total amount of €100,000/year per group of suppliers part of the same economic group or client group, for the same type of assets and services; (iii) no special advantage is given to the party to the agreement in question;
- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, credit operations, regardless of their form, to: (i) members of the corporate bodies (ii) shareholders with stakes over 2% of the Bank's share capital, computed under the terms of art. 20 of the Securities Code, and to (iii) natural or legal persons related to either of them.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors also sets forth, regarding the same entities, the conditions establishing the contracts established with those entities are also subject to a mandatory prior opinion from the Audit Committee. Such contracts must also be submitted for approval by the Board of Directors.

In what regards credit transactions, the Service Order OS0016 sets forth that the Bank is not allowed to grant loans, directly or indirectly, in any form or of any kind (including acting as guarantor) to the members of its management and supervision bodies or to companies or legal persons directly or indirectly controlled by them.

We point out that this limitation does not apply to loans with social features or for social purposes or to loans resulting from staff management policies, as well as to loans granted due to the use of credit cards associated with the current account, under the conditions applicable to other Clients with a similar risk profile. Notwithstanding, these operations, in which the beneficiaries are members of the management and supervisory bodies of the Bank, or entities related with them, must obey to the following rules:

- In credit cards, 100% monthly payment of the amount used;
- Loans resulting from staff management policy must strictly obey the conditions in effect within the scope of that policy.

In accordance with the above-mentioned Service Order, the granting of credit (including the provision of guarantees) to:

- Entities wherein the members of the Bank's management and supervision bodies are managers or have a qualifying holding that does not ensure a controlling position, directly or indirectly;
- Shareholders holding 2% or more of the Bank's share capital and to related entities.

Is subject to the following special procedures:

- Approval by a majority of at least two thirds of the members of the Board of Directors and the members related to the entities involved in the loan application are not allowed to vote;
- The documentation on these operations to be sent by the Credit Division to the Executive
 Committee to be assessed and afterwards sent to the Board of Directors must contain an opinion
 issued by the Bank's Compliance Office on the compliance of the proposed operations with the
 applicable internal regulations, legal and statutory provisos and all other conditions applicable to
 them and an opinion issued by the Risk Office assessing the operation's inherent risks;
- The documentation regarding each loan application to be sent to the Board of Directors for final appraisal must include a prior favourable opinion issued by the Audit Committee.

Lastly and also in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the members of the Board of Directors and o the supervisory bodies cannot take part in the analysis and in the decision-making process of credit granting operations to companies mentioned in the previous paragraph of which they are managers or wherein they hold stakes and any of these situation requires the approval by, at least, a majority of two thirds of the remaining members of the administration body and a favourable opinion from the Audit Committee.

The operations under appraisal, which are also ruled by Recommendation I.5.1, are approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors by a majority of, at least, two thirds of its members. The Chairwoman of the Audit Committee, qualified as an independent member of the Board of Directors makes a detailed presentation of the operation under appraisal to the Board, underlining the fact that the same has been made aiming at the prevention of conflicts of interest and ensuring that the same is carried out under normal market conditions, issuing a prior and favourable opinion from the Audit Committee and, as a non-executive member of the Board of Directors, also votes the proposal. Hence, the Chairwoman of the Audit Committee takes, this way, cognizance of the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of which she is a member, together with the remaining members of the Committee and it is considered not justified, for being redundant, any other communication to address to the Audit Committee.

B. GOVERNING BODIES AND COMMITTEES

- I. General Meeting of Shareholders
- a) Composition of the Board of the General Meeting
- 11. Identification and position of the members of the board of the general meeting and respective term of office (beginning and end)

Under the terms of article 20, (1) of the Bank's Articles of Association, the Board of the General Meeting is composed by a Chairperson and a Vice-Chairperson.

The Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting of Shareholders were elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 10 May for a first term-of-office concerning the triennial 2017/2019.

The members of the Board of the General Meeting of Shareholders ended their term-of-office on 31 December 2019 remaining in office until 20 May 2020, the date on which the Annual General Meeting of



Shareholders was held, and in that forum they were reappointed as elected members of the Board of the General Meeting of Banco Comercial Português for the four-year period 2020/2023.

The Board of the General Meeting is composed of:

Chairman: Pedro Miguel Duarte Rebelo de Sousa (Independent)

Vice-Chairperson: Octávio Manuel de Castro Castelo Paulo (Independent)

Inherent to the position, the Board of the General Meeting is supported by secretarial services administered by the Company Secretary, Ana Isabel dos Santos de Pina Cabral who was appointed by the Board of Directors on 24 July 2018, performing duties for the three-year period 2018/2021.

b) Exercise of Voting Rights

12. Any restrictions on the right to vote, such as restrictions on voting rights subject to holding a number or percentage of shares, deadlines for exercising voting rights, or systems whereby the financial rights attaching to securities are separated from the holding of securities (Article 245-A/1/f)

Under the terms of the Bank's Articles of Association, each share corresponds to one vote. Natural or legal persons that own shares which confer to them at least one vote at zero hours of the fifth trading day prior to the date of the General Meeting may participate therein, directly or through a representative.

Voting in writing, by mail or internet is permitted, provided that the vote is received by the penultimate day prior to the date of the General Meeting.

Shareholders who participate in the General Meeting directly or through representation may only exercise their voting rights at the General Meeting.

In 2020 the Bank held its Annual General Meeting of Shareholders using electronic means, and the shareholders who registered for that meeting, as well as the majority of the members of the governing bodies, attended the meeting through a communication platform made available for that purpose. The shareholders who attended by this means voted on the proposals submitted during the meeting itself, also by using electronic means. The entire process of the General Meeting was audited by the Bank's Audit Division.

Due to the pandemic situation, it is expected that the Annual General Meeting, which will approve this Report, to be also be held using electronic means.

Considering the experience acquired, as well as the reliability of the systems implemented in the meantime, the Bank is in position to, in the future, hold General Meetings that will allow the simultaneous participation of shareholders both physically and by electronic means.

On these issues, see items 5, 14 and 48.

13. Details of the maximum percentage of voting rights that may be exercised by a single shareholder or by shareholders that are in any relationship as set out in Article 20/1.

On this issue, see item 5.

14. Details of shareholders' resolutions that, imposed by the articles of association, may only be taken with a qualified majority, in addition to those legally provided, and details of said majority.

The Bank's Articles of Association require the presence of shareholders holding more than one third of the share capital for the General Meeting to be held at first call. The Articles of Association also require a qualified majority of three quarters of the votes cast for approval of decisions on merger, demerger, transformation and a qualified majority of three quarters of the fully paid up share capital for resolutions on the dissolution of the company. The amendment of articles which establish limitations to voting rights or determine majorities different from those stipulated in the law requires a qualified majority of two thirds of the votes cast.

The demand for a reinforced quorum is not intended to adopt mechanisms that will make it difficult for shareholders to make decisions, on the contrary, it is aimed at protecting minorities and guaranteeing that

no relevant matter is decided without the effective participation of a representative number of shareholders.

On these issues, see items 5 and 48.

II. MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION

a) Composition

15. Identification of the endorsed governance model

Banco Comercial Português, S.A. has endorsed, since 28 February 2012, a one-tier corporate structure with a Board of Directors which includes an Executive Committee and an Audit Committee. It also has a Remuneration and Welfare Board elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

16. Articles of association rules on the procedural requirements governing the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable. (Article 245-A/1/h)

The members of the Board of Directors are elected at the General Meeting. Should the Board of Directors coopt any Director to fill a vacant position, such co-optation must be ratified at the first General Meeting of Shareholders taking place after the co-optation. The co-opted member shall exercise functions until the end of the term of office underway.

Elections are plural and conducted by lists, with indication by the proposing shareholders, and votes are cast based on these lists.

In accordance with the Bank's articles of association, a member of the Executive Board of Directors can be elected on its own according to article 392 (1 to 5) of the Companies Code.

Under the terms of the law, and under penalty of destitution, each Annual General Meeting of Shareholders votes on a renewal of the vote of confidence in each of the members of the management and supervisory bodies and likewise in the body as a whole.

Before submitting to election re re-election by the General Meeting of Shareholders, the candidates to the Board of Directors, including the members of the Audit Committee and of the Executive Committee, the Bank strictly complies with the general provisions set forth in article 30 of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies (LFCIFC) and makes an individual and collective assessment of the body, namely on the future composition of the remaining specialized committees of the Board, such as the Committee for Risk Assessment, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct.

In that assessment, the Bank takes into account the qualitative requirements of good repute, professional qualification, independence and accumulation of positions or availability for the exercise of functions in accordance with the provisions of articles 30-D, 31, 31-A and 33 of the LFCIFC, as well as of the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of the Corporate Bodies published by the European Central Bank in May 2018, the ESMA and EBA/GL/2017/12 guidelines on suitability of the members of administration bodies and key function holders, the Instruction from Banco de Portugal 23/2018 of 5 November and the Delegated Regulation (EU) 604/2014, of 4 March 2014, rectified by the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/861 of the Commission of 18 February 2016, for the categories of staff whose professional activities have a significant impact on the Bank's risk profile.

The Succession Plan of the Bank's Board of Directors approved on 30 May by the General Meeting of Shareholders by a majority of 99.71% of votes cast, establishes, pursuant to the rules mentioned previously, the internal policy for the selection and assessment of the suitability of the members of the administration and supervisory bodies, establishing the general principles and requirements regarding the profile of the new members of the Board of Directors and of the Supervisory bodies, namely the identification of the competences, availability for the exercise of the function, training and expertise required of the different members of the Board of Directors, so as to ensure sufficient knowledge for exercising the specific functions, namely in terms of managing material risks.

It is ensured that the non-executive directors who become members of the specialized committees of the Board of Directors, regarding the area of expertise of the respective committee, have sufficient time available, knowledge, skills, independence of mind and sufficient and appropriate experience to enable them to critically evaluate the decisions made by the management bodies. The executive directors must perform their duties on an exclusive basis, and any exception requires the approval of the Board of Directors or the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, and must have sufficient and appropriate knowledge, skills and experience for the performance of their duties. The individuals indicated to perform the functions of executive members must have, at least, five years of recent practical experience in the banking industry or similar.

1. Individual suitability assessment:

- To have good repute;
- To have sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to perform his/her functions;
- To be able to act with honesty, integrity and independence of mind to effectively assess, monitor
 and challenge the decisions taken by the management body in its management function and other
 relevant management decisions;
- To not be covered by any legal incompatibility related to the role to be performed;
- To have the availability to dedicate sufficient time to the performance of their functions in the institution;
- To comply or not with the limitation on the number of management positions.

2. Collective suitability assessment

Annually and with the help of an external and independent consultant, the Board of Directors carries out its own individual and collective assessment

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of each member of the Board of Directors are presented in Annex I of this Corporate Governance Report. These data are updated whenever justified and remain available at all times at the Bank's website at the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

17. Composition of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and the General and Supervisory Board, where applicable, with details of the articles of association's minimum and maximum number of members, duration of term of office, number of effective members, date when first appointed and end of the term of office of each member

Under the terms of the Bank's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors is composed of a minimum of fifteen and a maximum of nineteen members, elected for terms of office of four years, who may be reelected one or more times.

The current Board of Directors of Banco Comercial Português, with a term-of office from 2018 to 2021, is composed of seventeen members, all of them elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 30 May 2018, exception made to one of its members who was co-opted by the Board of Directors on 23 April 2019 and had his co-optation ratified by the General Meeting of Shareholders on 22 May 2019.

The Board has four women, representing 23.52% of the members of the Administration in office. The Chairperson of the Audit Committee, the Bank's supervisory body composed by four members, is a woman. This way, the Bank complies with the gender criteria and requirements regarding the members of the Board of Directors and supervisory body.

The Bank provides the proposals it presents to the elective General Meeting of Shareholders with documents that enable assessing the profile, knowledge, professional experience, namely the curricula of the candidates to members of the corporate bodies and the company maintains all information available for 10 years at the bank's website, in the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores

The composition of the Board of Directors at the end of the financial year this Report refers to, as well as the indication of the quality of its members, executive and non-executive, the date of the first appointment of each of the referred member and the date of end of term-of-office is identified in the table below:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: COMPOSITION	MANDATE (START AND END)	DOSITIONS AND CADACITY OF THE MEMBERS

Composition of the Board of Directors (Non-Executive Members)	Beginning of the term of office	Term of Office	Term of Office - End (a)	Appointment method	Body and Position	Qualification	
North Manual de Charles	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021		Board of Directors - Chairman	Not Independent (b)	
Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado	11/05/2015	2015/2017	31/12/2017	Election	Board of Directors - Vice-Chairman - Executive		
	28/02/2012	2012/2014	31/12/2014		Committee - Chairman		
Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Chairman	Not Independent (c)	
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Chairman	Not Independent (c)	
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Not Independent (c)	
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes	30/05/2018 11/05/2015	2018/2021 2015/2017	31/12/2021 31/12/2017	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Independent	
José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Independent	
Xiao Xu (Julia Gu)	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Not Independent (c)	
Lineilana V.	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Paged of Directors Member	Not Independent (a)	
Lingjiang Xu	09/01/2017	2015/2017	31/12/2017	Co-optation	Board of Directors - Member	Not Independent (c)	
Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Independent	
Wan Sin Long	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Board of Directors - Member	Independent	
Fernando da Costa Lima	23/04/2019	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Co-optation	Board of Directors - Member	Independent	
Composition of the Board of Directors (Executive Members)	Beginning of the term of office	Term of Office	Term of Office - End (a)	Appointment method	Body and Position	Qualification	
	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021		Executive Committee - Chairman		
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	11/05/2015 28/02/2012	2015/2017 2012/2014	31/12/2017 31/12/2014	Election	Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman		
	18/04/2011 11/11/2009	2011/2013 2008/2010	28/02/2012 31/12/2010	In replacement	Executive Board of Directors - Member	Executive	
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança	30/05/2018 11/05/2015 28/02/2012	2018/2021 2015/2017 2012/2014	31/12/2021 31/12/2017 31/12/2014	Election	Executive Committee - Vice-Chairman	Executive	
João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma	30/05/2018 09/01/2017	2018/2021 2015/2017	31/12/2021 31/12/2017	Election Co-optation	Executive Committee - Executive Vice-Chairman	Executive	
José Miquel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021				
Pessanha	11/05/2015	2015/2017	31/12/2017	Election	Executive Committee - Member	Executive	
Maria José Henriques Barreto Matos de Campos	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021	Election	Executive Committee - Executive Member	Executive	
	30/05/2018	2018/2021	31/12/2021				
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	11/05/2015	2015/2017	31/12/2017	Election	Executive Committee - Executive Member	Executive	
numunuolua Siiva Teixeira	28/02/2012	2012/2014	31/12/2014	LIGGIUII		LACCULIVE	
	18/04/2011	2011/2013	28/02/2012		Executive Board of Directors - Member		

⁽a) Although the end of the mandate coincides with the last day of the calendar year, to which it refers, the member shall remain in office until the election of the new composition.

The Board of Directors is composed by 17 members, 11 non-executive and 6 executive.

In accordance with the model adopted by the Bank, the Audit Committee, which is composed by 4 non-executive directors, 3 of which independent, is the supervisory body.

The Bank considers appropriate, either the number of non-executive members of the Board of Directors, or the number of those that, amongst them are qualified as independent - 5 out of 11, as per tables of items 17 and 26.

In article 28 of the Articles of Association, the Bank confirms the norm that the Board of Directors is composed by a minimum of 15 and a maximum of 19 members, elected by the General Meeting of Shareholders, therefore in line with the best domestic and European practices followed by similar

⁽b) The Director in question exercised the position of executive director in the previous term-of-office (2015/2017). The non independence is established in accordance of Item 91.a., of the EBA/GL/2017/12 Guidelines of 26 September 2017.

(c) The director in question is connected to a shareholder with a qualifying stake.

^{18.} Distinction of the executive and non-executive members of the Board of Directors and, relating to the non-executive members, identification of the members who may be considered independent or, if applicable, identification of the independent members of the Supervisory Board

companies, because this is the number seen as sufficient and appropriate to the size of the company and the complexity of the inherent risks of its activity, a number that allows it to possess a transparent organisational structure with lines of responsibility that the Bank observes.

All the non-executive members of the Board of Directors were evaluated, with the assistance of external evaluators, by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations which, for that purpose and besides the regulations mentioned above, took under consideration the Guide for the Assessment of Fit & Proper (May 2018) of the European Central Bank, as well as a group code on the assessment of the suitability and succession planning for the members of the management and supervisory bodies and other holders of Bank's key functions, having considered, apart from the profile of each one of the Directors, the following facts:

- Being an employee of the company over the last three years or a company which is in a controlling or group relationship;
- Having, in the last three years, provided services or established a significant business relationship
 with the company or company with which said company is in a control or group relationship, either
 directly or as a partner, board member, manager or director of the legal person;
- Receiving remuneration paid by the company or by a company that is in a controlling or group relationship in addition to the remuneration derived from carrying out the tasks as a Board Member;
- Living in non-marital cohabitation or being the spouse, relative or relative-in-law in a straight line
 and until the 3rd degree, inclusively, in the collateral line, of directors or natural persons directly or
 indirectly holding qualifying stakes;
- Being the holder of a qualifying stake or representative of a shareholder with qualifying stake;
- Having been re-elected for more than two, consecutive or not, terms-of-office;
- Having exercised for more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any corporate body of the company;
- Exercises or exercised in the last 5 years the position of member of the administration body, in its management function, in an institution included within the scope of the prudential consolidation.

Excluding the executive directors, five members of the Board of Directors, out of eleven members, are independent. In other words, 45% of the non-executive directors are independent, and BCP considers that the proportion of independent directors, versus the total number of directors, is adequate, taking into account the endorsed governance model and the size of the company.

According to CMVM Regulation 4/2013, Annex 1, nr. 18.1, in the recommendation III.4. Of the Governance Code of the IPCG and item 91a. of the guidelines EBA/GL/2017/12, a member of the Board of Directors who is not associated with any specific interest group within the company, or under any circumstances capable of affecting their impartiality of analysing or decision making is considered to be independent.

None of the non-executive directors exercised for more than twelve years, consecutive, or not, functions in any corporate body of the company.

Having been pondered the content of the Recommendations III.2 and III.3.of the IPCG Code, the art. 414 (5) (b), the provisions of article 31- A of the LFCIFC, the European legislation, namely the independence of mind criteria mentioned in the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of management bodies of the ECB (May 2018)", and the EBA/GL/2017/12 guidelines of 26 September 2017, applicable since 30 June 2018, the Committee for Nomination and Remunerations considered that the number of non-executive directors qualified independent ensures them the effective capacity to monitor, supervise and assess in a critical, impartial and adequate manner the activity developed by the executive directors.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors exercised the position of executive director in the previous term-of-office (2015/2017), reason why, in accordance with the contents of Item 91.a. of the Guidelines from EBA/GL/2017/12 of 26 September 2017 is qualified as non-independent.

The characteristics and competences of the independent Directors, namely at the level of the functions they perform in the different Committees of the Board of Directors show that, in practice, the respective autonomy is guaranteed and the independent directors, that represent 45% of the non-executive directors, never disclosed the need or even mentioned the advantage in having a coordinator (lead independent director), being considered that these reasons perfectly comply with the principle comply or explain.

On this matter, see the table presented in item 17.



19. Professional qualifications and other relevant curricular details of each member of the, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, The Supervisory Board and of the Executive Board of Directors

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of each member of the Board of Directors are presented in Annex I of this Corporate Governance Report.

These data are updated whenever justified and remain available at all times at the Bank's website at the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

20. Customary and meaningful family, professional or business relationships of members of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, with shareholders that are assigned qualifying holdings that are greater than 2% of the voting rights.

There are no habitual and significant family or business relations between the members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee with shareholders imputed with qualifying stakes above 2% of the voting rights. As shown in the table presented in item 7 of this Report, the shareholders owning stakes above 2% are legal persons. Under these terms, and by nature, there are no family relations between the members of the Board of Directors and shareholders with a stake above 2%. Furthermore, there are also no family relations between the members of the Bank's Board of Directors and Executive Committee and the members of the Boards of Directors of the shareholders with a stake above 2%.

The Bank favoured the interaction between the independence of behaviour of each member and the principle of being independent in the face of conflicts of interest that create obstacles to the ability to perform their duties independently and objectively. For this purpose, the Board of Directors has confirmed in its Regulations that any member of the Board of Directors that accumulates with his office, any management functions in any company that pursues an activity which competes with that of the Bank, or with an entity of Group BCP or in a company in which the Bank holds a significant stake, is prevented from accessing any privileged or sensitive documentation related to the company in question or participate in the debate or deliberate on any content related with that company.

Furthermore, and also in accordance with the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the directors are not allowed to vote or take part in the debate on issues, regarding which there is a direct or indirect conflict of interests with the company, on their own behalf or on behalf of third parties.

The Regulations of the Board of Directors, updated in February 2021, is available on the Bank's website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

The members of the Board of Directors who have professional/business relations with shareholders to whom, on 31 December 2020, a qualifying stake above 2% of the voting rights is imputable are listed in the following table:

PROFESSIONAL OR BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF BCP WITH SHAREHOLDERS HOLDERS OF A QUALIFIED STAKE OF MORE THAN 2% OF VOTING RIGHTS

Members of the Bank's Board of Directors	Professional or Business Relationship	Shareholders owning more than 2% of Voting Rights
Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia	Chairman of the Board of Directors of Luz Saúde, S.A.	Fosun Group
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray		Sonangol Group
Lingjiang Xu	Non-Executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, SA	Fosun Group
Xiao Xu Gu (Júlia Gu)	Vice-Chairwoman of Group Fosun High Technology (Group) Co., Ltd	Fosun Group
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	Chairman of the Board of Directors of Recredit - Gestão de Activos, S.A. (Angolan State)	Sonangol Group

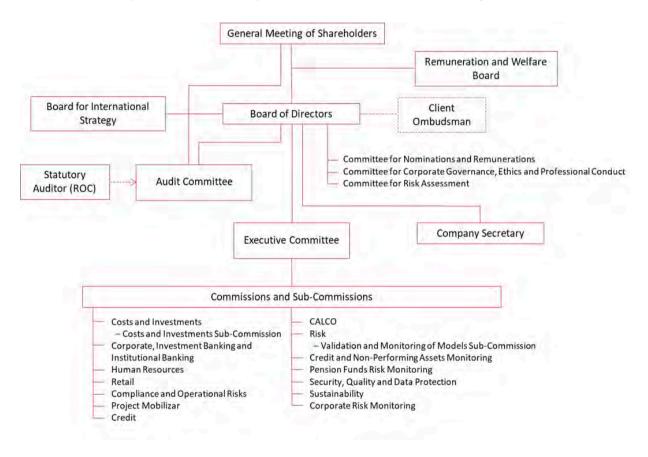
21. Organisational charts or flowcharts concerning the allocation of powers between the various corporate boards, committees and/or departments within the company, including information on delegating powers, particularly as regards the delegation of the company's daily management

Pursuant to the corporate governance model adopted by the Bank - the one-tier model - the company has a Board of Directors, which includes an Audit Committee, composed solely of non-executive members and an Executive Committee to which the Board of Directors has delegated the Bank's current management, as per the provisions of article 35 of the Articles of Association and articles 5 (2) (a) and 6 (1) of its Regulations.

The Board of Directors has appointed three other specialised committees, whose essential purpose is the permanent monitoring of certain specific or highly complex matters. The Company also has a Remuneration and Welfare Board appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

To advise on daily management issues, the Executive Committee has also appointed different subcommittees that, besides two or more Executive Directors, are permanently composed of various first line Directors who report to them.

The table below represents the Bank's Corporate Governance Model structure during 2020:



Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Bank vested with the amplest powers of management and representation of the company.

During the performance of their duties, the directors use their competences, qualifications and professional experience to assure, in a permanent and responsible way, a sound, effective, rigorous and prudent management of the Bank, respecting the characteristics of the institution, its size and the complexity of its business activities.

The members of the Board of Directors observe duties of zeal, care and loyalty, reflecting high standards of diligence inherent to a careful and orderly manager, critically analysing the decisions taken in the best interests of the company and also the implemented procedures and policies.



The directors are bound to secrecy in respect of any matters dealt with at the board meetings or that they become aware of due to the performance of their duties, except when the Board of Directors sees the need to internally or publicly disclose its resolutions, or when such disclosure is imposed by legal provisions or decision of an administrative or judicial authority.

The Board of Directors is the corporate body with competence to define the company's general policies and strategy, being vested with full management and representation powers for both the Bank and the Group, maintaining the ability to have back the powers delegated on the Executive Committee or on any of its other Committees.

The composition of the Board of Directors aimed at ensuring the capacity to enhance dynamics, leadership and control on the digital transformation process part of the strategic plan approved for 2018-2021.

In accordance with the provisions of number 2 of article 7 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors in effect since 31.12.2020, the latter reserved to itself the following competences:

- Select its Chairperson, Vice-Chairpersons and also the Chairperson of the Executive Committee;
- Appoint directors to fill in eventual vacancies;
- Ask the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting to call the General Meeting;
- Resolve on the change of head office and share capital increases, under the terms of the law and of the articles of association;
- Approve mergers, demergers and other changes to the company;
- Approve the Annual Reports and Financial Statements and the proposals that the management body
 is responsible for submitting to the General Meeting, namely the proposal for the appropriation of
 profits;
- Approve the Bank's annual and longer-term budgets;
- Approve the Strategic Plan for the Bank and for the Group;
- Approve the Market Discipline Report;
- Risk Risk Appetite Framework;
- Approve the ICAAP Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process;
- Approve the ILAAP Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Process;
- Approve the Recovery Plan;
- Approve Internal Control System Report;
- · Approve the Anti-Money Laundering Report;
- Define the general policies and strategic goals for the Bank and for the group and take care of their appropriate implementation;
- Provide bonds and personal or real guarantees on behalf of the company, with the exception of those included in the Bank's current activity;
- Purchase, sell and encumber immovable properties provided that the operation implies a negative impact above 0.5% on the regulatory consolidated own funds;
- Define and resolve on the eventual introduction of changes to the group's corporate structure, namely the opening and closing of establishments when it represents a 10% positive or negative variation in the number of establishments in Portugal at the end of the year prior to the making of the decision:
- Significant increases or reductions in the company's organization whenever these produce an impact above 5% in consolidated assets;
- Resolve, under the terms of the law and of the articles of association, on the issue of shares and
 other securities that imply or may imply a share capital increase by the Bank, establishing the
 conditions and carrying out, with them, all the operations permitted by law, abiding by any limits
 set by the General Meeting;
- Appoint, after getting the prior favourable opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, the Company Secretary and respective alternate, who must have the adequate expertise and profile to undertake such functions and to whom the Board of Directors must ensure technical autonomy and all the necessary means to carry out their functions;

- Appoint, after getting the prior favourable opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, a Client Ombudsman, who must necessarily be an individual with a recognized ability, honesty and experience in banking, without employment ties to the Bank and to whom it must ensure all the necessary means to carry out his/her functions freely and independently;
- Appoint, pursuant to a proposal made by the Executive Committee, the investor relations and, after
 getting the favourable opinions of the Audit Committee, and in the first case, also the Committee
 for Risk Assessment, the risk officer, the compliance officer and the head of audit division, to whom
 it must ensure technical autonomy and all the necessary means to carry out their functions;
- Approve and periodically review, after getting the opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, the remuneration policy concerning employees which report directly to the Administration, the ones responsible for the assumption of risks and for the control functions and the employees whose total remuneration places them in the same bracket of the three categories mentioned above provided that their respective professional activities have a material impact on the Bank's risk profile.
- Approve the respective internal regulations, as well as the regulations of the Audit Committee, of the Executive Committee and of the other committees it decides to create;
- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, credit operations, regardless of their form, to: (i) members of the corporate bodies (ii) shareholders with stakes over 2% of the Bank's share capital, computed under the terms of art. 20 of the Securities Code, and to (iii) natural or legal persons related to either of them;
- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, the agreements established between the Bank and holders of stakes above 2% of the Bank's share capital or entities that are in a controlling or group relationship with them or members of the management and supervision body, directly or through third parties, provided that any one of the following conditions applies: (i) the object of the agreement is not encompassed in the Bank's business; (ii) o the material engagement limit for assets and services exceeds the total amount of €100,000/year per group of suppliers part of the same economic group or client group, for the same type of assets and services; (iii) no special advantage is given to the party to the agreement in question;
- Ratify any acts undertaken on its behalf by the Chairperson or by his/her alternate in case of emergency.

The members of the management or supervisory bodies of an institution shall not participate in the appraisal and decision whether or not to grant credit to companies or other legal persons directly or indirectly controlled by them, of which they are managers or in which they hold a qualifying holding. In all these situations the approval by, at least, two thirds of the remaining members of the management body as well as the favourable opinion of the Audit Committee shall be required.

The delegation of powers by the Board of Directors does not exclude the competence of this corporate body to resolve on the same issues, nor does it waive, under legal and regulatory terms, namely the number 5 of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 604/2014 of March 4, revised by the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/861 of the Commission, of 18 February 2016, the responsibility of other directors for possible losses caused by acts or omissions occurred due to the exercise of duties received by delegation, in the extent that the members of the management body are ultimately, the ones responsible for the institution, its strategy and activities.

The Board of Directors is also internally organized and implements and sets goals regarding the assumption of risks through the formal approval of the Risk Appetite Statement (RAS)) of the Bank.

The "Risk appetite statement" incorporates a set of key indicators relating to the identified material risks and their acceptable levels of risk (tolerance levels). These levels of tolerance:

- Constitute maximum risk assumption objectives and are, in turn, developed and discharged "in cascade" and in greater detail to the risk limits that are part of the institution's risk policy and materialized in the internal rulings documentation;
- Are composed of two levels: an alert level prior to the maximum admissible value and a level of absolute "failure" which require corrective measures when they are reached.

The Board of Board of Directors monitors and analyses - by means of its Executive Committee, every month, and by means its Committee for Risk Assessment, every two month - the performance shown by the RAS indicators versus the established limits, thus acting in compliance with that performance whenever the indicators in question reach alert or failure levels.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring that the organizational culture and the governance and internal control systems, including the remuneration practices and policies are appropriate, efficient,



sustainable and contribute for a sound and prudent management of the Bank's activity and also for an environment that values internal control as a key element for the resilience and good performance of the Bank in the long run, and for the remaining themes handled in Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal.

The relevant information is object of analysis by the members of the Bank's corporate bodies and is disclosed, as a rule and at least 5 days prior to the date of the meeting where those issues will be debated, by means of a digital platform denominated Diligent Board.

The Bank produces, maintains permanently updated and hands out to each one of the members of the Board of Directors, the moment they are appointed or elected, several relevant information, namely the Regulations of the Board of Directors, of the Executive Committee and of the remaining Committees of the Board of Directors, on the organizational structure, the areas of responsibility and main internal rulings that guide the activity that it pursues, namely compliance, communication of irregularities policies and policies regarding the management of claims and performance general principles and regulations guiding the activities performed by the Client Ombudsman. This information is also disclosed, in the Portuguese and English version, on the internal website, at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

The Regulations of the Board of Directors, updated in February 2021, are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

http://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is composed of a minimum of three and a maximum of five non-executive members, elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders, and the lists proposed to elect the Board of Directors must detail which individual members are to be part of the Audit Committee and indicate the respective Chairperson.

The members of the Audit Committee, as is the case of all members of the governing bodies, are appointed for terms of office of four years, and may be re-elected.

The Audit Committee was elected at the General Meeting held on 30 May 2018 for the four-year period 2018-2021 and most of its members, including its Chairwoman, are qualified as independent. It has, among other, the competences foreseen in article 423-F of the Companies Code and in its own Regulations.

The Regulations of the Audit Committee, updated in February 2021, are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

Within the scope of its activities, the mission of the Audit Committee is to observe the long run interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also the public interest and to prevent the decision-making of the management body from being overpowered by any person or small number of people jeopardizing the Bank's interests in general.

As the Bank's supervisory body, it is responsible for ensuring compliance with the law and articles of association, in force on 31.12.2020, and it is entrusted with the following duties:

In general terms

- Supervising the Bank's management;
- Monitor the Group's management, which is understood as covering all the entities within the
 consolidation perimeter of the Bank, notwithstanding the powers of the supervisory bodies of the
 local entities with autonomous legal personality;
- Calling the General Meeting of Shareholders, whenever the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting fails to do so when he/she should;
- Verifying if the accounting processes and valuation criteria adopted by the Bank lead to a correct valuation of assets and results;

- Accessing call notices and minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee and taking part in the meetings of the Executive Committee wherein the Bank's annual accounts are appraised;
- Monitoring the entire procedure for preparing and disclosing financial information and presenting recommendations or proposals to ensure that such procedure is reliable;
- Overseeing the audit to the individual and consolidated financial statements of the financial year, especially its execution, considering eventual analyses or guidelines issued by the supervision authorities and to verify that the financial statements are compliant with the applicable legal framework;
- Verifying the accuracy of the financial statements;
- Issuing an opinion on the report, financial statements and proposal for the appropriation of profits to be submitted to the Annual General Meeting;
- Assess and follow-up, in a periodical manner, the financial statements and the main prudential
 indicators, the risk report prepared by the Risk Office, the activity pursued by the Compliance
 Office, the activity pursued by the Internal Audit, the handling of claims and complaints and the
 most significant correspondence exchanged with the Supervision Authorities;
- Issuing an opinion on the Bank's Annual Budget, in a medium and long-term perspective, focusing particularly on the observance of the objectives set out in the Bank's strategic plan and on the compliance with the capital requirements;
- Drawing up an annual report to inform the Board of Directors of the results of the audit to the
 financial statements, explaining how the audit contributed to the integrity of the procedure for
 preparing and disclosing financial information, as well as describing the role the Committee played
 in that procedure, clearly stating its concurrence with the contents of the legal certification of
 accounts, when applicable;
- Issuing an opinion on the share capital increases resolved by the Board of Directors;
- Issuing an opinion on the suspension of directors and on the appointment of substitute directors in accordance with the law and the Bank's articles of association;
- Resolve, in accordance with the decision made by the Board of Directors, on the Group Codes that it is responsible for.

Concerning the Internal Control System

- Supervising the efficiency of the risk management system, of the internal control system and of the
 internal audit system, in what regards the procedure for preparing and disclosing financial
 information of the whole consolidation perimeter of the Bank, notwithstanding the competences of
 the respective bodies of the local entities;
- Issuing a prior opinion on the external entity that aids in the assessment of the adequacy of the internal control system and monitoring its work;
- Issuing an opinion on the work plans and resources allocated to the Internal Audit and Compliance
 Divisions, and monitor its respective execution, being the recipient of the reports made by these
 Divisions, especially when the issues in question relate to the presentation of financial statements,
 the identification and resolution of conflicts of interests and the detection of potential illegalities
 and/or irregularities;
- Analyse and comment on the periodic reports drawn up by the internal control functions, in particular those related with situations of conflict of interest and reporting irregularities;
- Issue an opinion on the technical and professional adequacy of the candidates for the position of coordinating manager of the Internal Audit Division and Compliance Officer of the Bank;
- Receiving, handling and recording the communications of serious irregularities (whistleblowing)
 related with the management, accounting organization and internal supervision and of serious signs
 of infractions of duties foreseen in the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial
 Companies and remaining Portuguese and European legislation in effect, presented by shareholders,
 Bank employees or other;
- Issue an opinion on the internal service order that regulates the internal reporting of irregularities, to be approved by the Board of Directors.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors supervises the application of the Risk Appetite and ensures that the risks effectively taken stay at levels which are compatible with the ones of the RAS and that, if a

deviation occurs, the Executive Committee and/or the Board of Directors adopt the necessary corrective measures to mitigate the levels of risk, aiming at the compliance with the RAS.

Monitoring of the External Auditor and the Statutory Auditor

- Propose to the General Meeting of Shareholders, in case of an initial engagement, the appointment
 of, at least, two statutory auditors and eligible external auditors and issue a duly grounded
 recommendation as to which one it prefers, in abidance by the applicable Portuguese and European
 legislation. In case of the re-appointment for a new term-of-office, the Committee may merely issue
 one duly grounded proposal;
- Issuing an opinion on the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor and of the External Auditor, and
 ensuring that both have all the conditions to exercise their functions;
- Supervise and evaluate, every year, the independence and performance of the External Auditor and of the Statutory Auditor;
- Approve the tendering of services to the External Auditor for the provision of additional services, while guaranteeing that such services do not jeopardise its independence, in accordance with the domestic and European legislation and regulations;
- Receiving the additional services report drawn up by the External Auditor, in compliance with art. 11 of EU Regulation No 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014.

Concerning related parties

Issue an opinion, addressed to the Board of Directors, on any transactions wherein the Bank is a
party and involve related parties, including the signing of contracts for the supply of goods and
services, credit granting and the remaining activities resulting from the relation established by the
Bank with those entities.

Other competences

- Submit a quarterly report to the Board of Directors, in writing, informing on the work carried out by
 it and on the conclusions it has reached and an annual report of its activities, to be presented to the
 Chairperson of the Board of Directors, without prejudice to the duty of reporting to it any and all
 situations the Committee finds and deems to be of high risk;
- Hire experts to assist one or more of its members in the performance of its functions being the respective costs paid by the Bank.

The Audit Committee always holds mandatory regular meetings with the external auditors and statutory auditor at the time of appraisal of the quarterly, half-year and annual financial statements of the Bank. The Audit Committee receives the Reports of the Internal Audit Division, Statutory Auditor and External Auditors. It Holds regular meetings with the Directors responsible for the Bank's Financial, Credit and Risk areas and with the Compliance Officer, the Heads of Internal Audit of the Bank and of the Group and the Coordinating-Managers of the Research, Planning and AML Division and of Asset and Liability Management and of the Accounting Division. It has the power to summon or request clarifications from any Coordinating Manager or Employee of the Bank whom it wishes to hear.

Without prejudice to the hierarchical relationship maintained, respectively, with the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and with the Chief Risk Officer (executive director responsible for risk), the head of the Audit Division and the Compliance Officer report functionally to the Audit Committee on the following matters: activity plans; activity reports; organisation and operation documents of the internal audit and compliance areas; situations detected that involve high risk; supervisory actions and relevant lawsuits; and constraints to the effective execution of the defined legal and regulatory functions, namely with respect to the allocated resources. In turn, the Audit Committee, informs the Chairperson of the Board of Directors of all and any situation detected that it deems might qualify as being of high risk.

In the 2020 financial, during the 2018/2021 term-of-office, the Audit Committee had the following composition:

Chairwoman Cidália Maria Mota Lopes (Independent)

Members: Valter Rui Dias de Barros (Non-Independent)

Wan Sin Long (Independent)

Fernando Costa Lima (Independent)

Within an universe of four members that compose the Audit Committee, three members (75%) are qualified as independent.

On the date this report was approved, all the members of this Committee were subject to a performance assessment by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations that, for that specific purpose, was assisted by and external entity.

All the members of the Audit Committee have levels of responsibility and understanding of the activities conducted by the company that match the functions assigned to them, allowing them to make an unbiased evaluation of the decisions made by the management body, and to efficiently supervise activities performed by the latter. All the members of this Committee have appropriate knowledge, competences, and experience to clearly understand and monitor the risk strategy within a framework of governance coherent and compatible with the risk management systems.

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of each member of the Audit Committee are presented in Annex I of this Corporate Governance Report. These data are updated whenever justified and remain available at all times at the Bank's website at the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

This Committee received logistic and technical support from the Board of Directors' Support Office, with the secretarial services being administered by the Office Head.

During 2020, the Audit Committee held twenty-two meetings. Due to the pandemic, from 26.03.2020, *inclusive*, onwards, the meetings were held by electronic means and minutes of meeting were made and approved of all meetings held.

Attendance of the Audit Committee meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

Members of the Audit Comitee	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total attendance
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes	3	0	19	100%
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	3	0	19	100%
Wan Sin Long	2	0	20	100%
Fernando da Costa Lima	3	0	19	100%

Executive Committee

On 24 July 2018, and under the terms of article 407 of the Companies Code and article 35 of the Bank's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors (BofD) appointed an Executive Committee (EC) composed of six of its members. The Chairperson of the Executive Committee was indicated by the General Meeting of Shareholders. The BofD established the modus operandi of the EC and delegated to this committee the powers to conduct the Bank's current management. The Executive Committee performs all the Bank's day-to-day management duties that have not been reserved by the Board of Directors.

At the level of internal control and risk management, the hierarchical responsibility for the second lines of defence was attributed to one executive director, which also includes the Boards of Directors of the subsidiary companies operating abroad, this way extending the coordination and scope of the performance of these defence lines to the entire Group.

In accordance with the Regulations of the Executive Committee, in effect on 31.12.2020, the acceptance or exercise of functions, namely advisory functions or functions in executive corporate bodies of companies by any member of its members must obtain the prior favourable opinion of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations. Any of the members of this Committee performs executive functions in entities outside the Group, as stated in the respective curricula attached to this report.

One must, notwithstanding, point out that, in accordance with article 6 of the same regulations, the exclusivity regime applied to the Bank's executive directors, set forth in article 8 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, does not apply whenever these members exercise management functions in third companies, pursuant to an indication of the Group or in representation of the Group or if, for such, they have been expressly and reasoned, authorised by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations.

The Regulations of the Executive Committee, updated in February 2021, are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

http://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

In its internal organisation, the Executive Committee has distributed areas of special responsibility to each of its members.

As at 31 December 2020, the distribution of these areas of special responsibility was as follows:

(In absences of Directors responsible for the areas, the respective alternate Directors shall be occasionally appointed by the CEO) Miguel Maya - CEO CEO's Office Communication Division Human Resources Division Credit Division Digital Transformation Office Economic Studies, Sustainability and Cryptoassets Division MiguelBraganca - VC/CFO (MB) Joao Nuno Palma - VC (JNP) Investor Relations Division International, Treasury & Markets Division Accounting and Consolidation Division Large Corporates Division Research, Planning and ALM Division Investment Banking Coordination Division Management Information Division Corporate Business Marketing Division Legal and Litigation Advisory Division Private Banking Division Tax Advisory Division Asian Desk Means of Payment and Acquiring Division Institutional Banking Division Companies and Corporate Division - North Rui Manuel Teixeira Companies and Corporate Division - South Retail Divisions Retail Marketing Division José Miguel Pessanha Quality and Network Support Division Rating Division Wealth Management Division Office for Regulatory and Supervision Monitoring Specialized Credit and Real Estate Division Office for the Validation and Monitoring of Models Specialised Monitoring Division Personal Data Protection Office Hierarchical reporting functionally dependent on the Committee for Risk Assessment Risk Office Hierarchical reporting functionally dependent on the Audit Committee Compliance Office Maria José Campos (MJC) Specialised Recovery Division Retail and Small Amounts Recovery Division Direct Banking Division Operations Division IT Division Procurement and Logistics Division Information Security Division Corporate Direct Banking Division

The non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors is directly responsible for the Board of Directors Support Office, Company Secretary's Office and the Audit Division and Millennium bcp Foundation.

Within the scope of the competences attributed to him/her, the Chairperson of the Executive Committee represents this Committee and convenes and conducts the respective meetings, has the casting vote and, in addition to direct accountability for the respective areas of responsibility, has the following duties:

- Coordinating the activities of the Executive Committee, distributing special areas of responsibility among its members, and entrusting one or more with the preparation or follow-up of the issues appraised or decided on by the Executive Committee;
- Assisted by the Director of the special area of responsibility, the Chairman, strives to ensure the correct execution of the resolutions adopted by the Executive Committee;
- Ensures that all the relevant information is provided to the non-executive members of the Board of Directors relative to the activity and resolutions adopted by the Executive Committee;
- Ensures compliance with the limits of delegation of competences, the approved strategy for the Bank and Group, and the duties of collaboration with the Board of Directors and, in particular, with its Chairperson.
- The Regulations of the Executive Committee are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

b) Functioning

22. Existence and local where it may be consulted the regulations, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and of the Executive Board of Directors.

In accordance with the provisions of article 18 of the Bank's Articles of Association and of article 8 of the Notice of Banco de Portugal 3/2020, minutes are always drawn up from the meetings of the several corporate bodies and the same are signed by all participants. These minutes state, apart from the several identification data, the identification of the supporting documents of each one of the items of the agenda, the grounds for each decision taken, including the outcome of the voting and identification of the voting members, and explicit reference to any diverging opinions, a description of eventual recommendations made and the identification of the subjects that require a follow-up at future meetings. As in this statutory provision and in article 8 of Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal, the Regulations of the different specialised Committees of the Board of Board of Directors, including the Executive Committee, confirm the need to draw up minutes of all their meetings. The documentation supporting the deliberations and topics addressed at the meetings of each of the committees should be filed together with the minutes of the respective meeting, for a better understanding of the decisions that were made. When persons who are not members of the Board or of the Committee in question, participate in a meeting of the Board or of a Committee, an extract of the meeting containing his/her respective interventions will be sent to them so that they may give their express agreement to what is stated therein concerning their interventions.

According to the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors and of each one of its specialized committees, in the article concerning "Meetings" the supporting documents of the meetings are sent to the participating directors at least 5 days prior to the scheduled date for each meeting. The Bank keeps available, during the term of office of its members, all the agendas and support material for the meetings, as well as the legislation, internal regulations and other relevant documentation, on an online platform called "Diligent Boards".

The regulations of the Board of Directors, of the Executive Committee, of the Audit Committee and the other Committees of the Board of Directors are available on the internal portal and at the Bank's website at the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

All these documents as well as other deemed necessary or appropriate for the exercise of the respective function, may be consulted by the directors at the digital platform supporting the members of the corporate bodies.

23. Number of meeting held and degree of assiduity of each member, as applicable, of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board and the Executive Board of Directors, in the meetings held.

During 2020, the Board of Directors met twelve times. Due to the pandemic, from 26.03.2020, inclusive, onwards, the meetings were held by electronic means. The Company Secretary acted as the secretary of the meetings and minutes of all meetings were drawn up and approved.



The attendance records, through presence or representation, of each one of the members of the Board of Directors at meetings is shown in the following table:

Non- Executive Members of the Board of Directors	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Nuno Manuel da SIva Amado	2	0	10	100.00%
Jorge Manuel Baptista Magãlhaes Correia	2	0	10	100.00%
Valter Rui Diasde Barros	2	0	10	100.00%
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	1	0	10	91.67%
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes	2	0	10	100.00%
Fernando da Costa Lima	2	0	10	100.00%
José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	2	0	9	91.67%
Julia Gu	1	1	10	100.00%
Lingjiang Xu	1	0	11	100.00%
Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca	2	0	10	100.00%
Wan Sin Long	1	0	11	100.00%

Executive Members of the Board of Directors	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	2	0	10	100.00%
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança	2	0	10	100.00%
João Nuno de Olivera Jorge Palma	2	0	10	100.00%
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha	2	0	10	100.00%
Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Campos	2	0	10	100.00%
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	2	0	10	100.00%

During the financial year of 2020, the Executive Committee adopted an unanimous resolution in writing and met fifty-four times, being the secretarial services provided by the Company Secretary who timely provided the supporting documents to all EC members. Minutes of meetings were drawn from all the meetings held. The Chairpersons of the Board of Directors, of the Audit Committee and of the Committee for Risk Assessment have access to the agendas and to the minutes of meetings of the Executive Committee, as well as to the meeting's supporting documents, which are remitted to them by the Company Secretary.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Executive Committee on 10.03.2020, aiming at segregating the members of the EC for prevention/ prophylactic reasons, the meetings were held through electronic means.

The attendance level of each member of the Executive Committee at meetings held is shown in the following table:

Executive Members of the Board of Directors	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	10	0	43	98.15%
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança	9	0	45	100.00%
João Nuno de Olivera Jorge Palma	10	0	44	100.00%
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha	10	0	44	100.00%
Maria José Henriques Barreto de Matos de Campos	10	0	44	100.00%
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	8	0	43	94,44%

The composition, the number of annual meetings of the administration, supervisory bodies and of its committees are available for, at least, ten years on the Bank's website, at the following page:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/

24. Details of competent corporate boards undertaking the performance appraisal of executive directors

In accordance with article 115-B (2) (d) the nominations committee is responsible for assessing, at least once a year, the knowledge, competences and the experience of each one of the members of the administration and supervisory bodies as a whole and report to them their findings.

In accordance with the provisions of this legal requirement, the Board of Directors, using the competence vested by article 37 (1) of the Bank's Articles of Association and by article 6 (2) and 7 (2.3 to 2.5) of its own Regulations, has constituted specialised committees, exclusively composed by non-executive members of the Board of Directors, to whom attributed the duty to monitor certain specific matters on a permanent basis.

To this purpose, it created the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and endowed it with competences to assess if all members of the management and supervision bodies have and ensure the competences and the suitability requirements necessary for the functions exercised or to be exercised.

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, within the scope of its competences, acts in accordance with article 30-A (1) and article 115-B (2.d) of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, Instruction of Banco de Portugal nr. 23/2018 dated 05 November 2018 and the European legislation in effect, and also with item 4 of the Draft of the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of management bodies of the European Central Bank of May 2018, as well as the recommendations from the European Securities and Markets Authority set forth in the guidelines on the assessment of the suitability of members of the corporate bodies and holders of key functions, EBA/GL/2017/12 of 26 September applicable as of 30 June 2018..

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is composed by three non-executive directors (see item 27.b), two of which have been qualified as independent.

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, within the scope of evaluation, has the following competences:

- Make, at least every year, recommendations on candidates to members of the Bank's management
 and supervisory bodies, observing the Fit & Proper Assessment process, evaluating, among other
 things, the respective profile in terms of good repute, professional qualification, independence and
 availability for exercising the office;
- Resolve on the appointment of members to the corporate bodies in credit institutions and financial companies of the group;
- Make an evaluation or a re-evaluation report on individuals for elective position with the purpose of
 placing it at the disposal of the general meeting within the scope of the respective preparatory
 information;
- Evaluate, at least once a year, the performance, knowledge, competences and experience of each one of the members of the administration and supervisory bodies and of those bodies as a whole and report the respective results to those bodies, giving cognizance of the same to the Remunerations and Welfare Board;

The Board of Directors promoted the process of evaluation of the members of the Board of Directors and the Committee for Nominations and remunerations approved, in April 2020, the self-assessment questionnaires which were handed out to all members of the Board of Directors.

In April 2020, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations approved the Report made by Ernst & Young on the evaluation of the suitability of the management and supervisory bodies, which includes the individual analysis of each member of the Management and supervisory Bodies, based on the requirements of good repute, professional qualification, independence, accumulation of positions and availability, and the collective institutional assessment of said management and supervisory bodies, prepared in full compliance with the requirements of the Questionnaire, attached to the Instruction of Banco de Portugal no. 23/2018.

In May 2020, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations appraised the qualitative and quantitative assessment process of the members of the Executive Committee and debated the methodology to adopt regarding their own assessment

25. Pre-determined criteria for the evaluation of the manner of appointment, profile, knowledge and performance of the executive directors and senior managers

On 30 May 2018, the General Meeting of Shareholders approved by a majority of 99.71% of the votes cast, the internal policy for the selection and evaluation of the suitability of the members of the management and



supervisory bodies, including the "Succession Plan of the Bank" that establishes, among other provisions, the following:

- power to elect the members of corporate bodies;
- selection policy;
- composition of the Board of Directors
- · specific and minimum requirements for the exercise of management and supervisory functions;
- specialized committees of the Board of Directors

The Bank has a Group Code-0043 that defines the framework for the assessment of the individual suitability of the individuals appointed to exercise positions in the management bodies and of key-function holders in Banco Comercial Português and for the collective assessment of a given composition of a management body of Banco Comercial Português and other relevant Entities of the Group.

The Succession Plan for the Bank's Board of Directors is available on the Bank's website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/investidores/Documents/

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is strongly convinced that the selection of the members of the corporate bodies is of the exclusive competence of the shareholders as owners of the capital, and should not abdicate from the right to select the individuals that, at each moment, it considers more adequate to manage their assets.

Convicted that there are other values to safeguard beyond the shareholder's interests, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations evaluates the candidates to members of the corporate bodies and senior managers proposed to it by the shareholders by means of clear and transparent rules, namely those from the Guide to fit and proper assessments of the members of the Corporate Bodies published by the European Central Bank in May 2018, the ESMA and EBA Guidelines on suitability of members of the management bodies and key function holders which entered into effect on 30 June 2018, together with the Banco de Portugal Instruction 23/2018 of November 5.

The process for the authorization for the exercise of functions concerning the members of the administration and supervisory bodies of credit institutions, among which is the Bank, remains subject to the supervision from Banco de Portugal and from the European Central Bank and, in that sense, and regarding the members of the administration and supervisory bodies, the effectiveness of the election made at the General Meeting of Shareholders may remain subject to the suspensive condition of obtaining authorization for the exercise of functions.

The curricula of candidates for members of the management and supervisory bodies and other documentation that, according to the law are given to shareholders, are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address.

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/investidores/Documents/

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is also competent to assess, at least once a year, the suitability, knowledge, competences, experience, the practical and theoretical experience, the professional qualification, independence, incompatibilities and the specific and minimum requirements for the exercise of the position of each one of the members of the administration and supervisory bodies, including the executive directors, assessing also the suitability of the whole administration body and senior managers;

Pursuant to article 3 of its Regulations and being the body responsible for the Bank's nomination policy, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations actively contributes to compliance with the institutional obligations with respect to the endorsement of suitable policies on individual and collective assessment of the members of the management and supervisory bodies.

With a view to optimising the appropriate performance of its duties, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations uses external consultants specialised in consulting services in talent areas to assist in the transparent, strict and rigorous process of assessment of suitability and performance of the members of the Board of Directors, including the Executive Committee, in accordance with, namely, the following specific and predefined criteria:

- good repute;
- qualification, theoretical training and practical experience;

- practical and theoretical professional experience, capacity to apply the competences acquired in previous positions;
- availability, diligence in the performance of the respective duties with the necessary commitment of time and attention;
- making of focused decisions;
- independence for the exercise of the position;
- conflicts of interest and independence of mind;
- risk perception and decision-making capacity;
- drive towards institutional growth;
- collective aptitude;
- acting with loyalty and weighing up of the interests of the company and of all its stakeholders;
- strategic vision, independence, transparency and good repute;
- proportionality and evaluation on a case-by-case basis;
- assessment of aptitude and performance on a continuous basis;
- · fairness and respect for procedural guaranties;
- · interaction with supervision.

Within the scope of the evaluation process, each one of the members of the Board of Directors filled in a self-assessment questionnaire aiming at assessing the compliance with legal suitability requirements for the exercise of the functions, namely, good repute, knowledge, experience and availability. Based on the collected information and supplemented by a matrix of collective appraisal, pursuant to Annex II of Banco de Portugal Instruction 23/2018, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations prepares, with the assistance from the advising company Ernst &Young, that ensured the provision of the services to the company with independence, an assessment report for each member of the administration and supervisory bodies and of these bodies as a whole.

The conclusions reached by the assessment regarding the 2020 financial year were submitted by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations to the Board of Directors for approval.

In addition, the qualifications of the members of the management bodies have been improved through training actions by own initiative of the members or promoted by the Bank, provided by external trainers with a recognized technical expertise. The company provides in the digital platform of support to the members of the Board of Directors, denominated "Diligent Boards" a briefing of the most relevant domestic and EU legislation within the scope of the banking regulation and supervision.

26. The availability of each member of the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and details of the positions held at the same time in other companies within and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these boards throughout the financial year.

According to the assessments made, it was found that each executive and non-executive member of the Board of Directors showed willingness and dedicated to the performance of his/her duties the necessary time, proportional to the importance of the matters to be addressed, assessed in the light of the interest that the different issues pose to the company, as well as of the specific tasks entrusted to each member, which are identified in the following tables:

A - Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors and of the Audit Committee

NON-EXECUTIVE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS						
Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors of BCP	Current Positions in BCP	Positions in BCP Group	Positions in companies outside the BCP Group	Exercise of Other Relevant Activities	Qualification	Cumulation of Positions (Art. 33 of the LFCIFC)
	Chairman of the Board of Directors	Chairman of the Board of Curators of Fundaqao Millennium bcp	Member of the Supervisory Board of EDP - Energias de Portugal, S.A.	Member of the Board of Auditors of Fundação Bial		
	Member for the International Strategy	Vice-Chairman of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)		Member of the General Board of Universidade de Lisboa		
Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado		Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of BIM - Banco Internacional de Moçambique, S.A.		Chairman of the Senior Board of the Alumni Clube ISCTE	Non- independent (a)	Compliant

				Member of the Advisory Board of BCSD Portugal - Conselho Empresarial para o Desenvolvimento Sustentável, as representative of Banco Comercial Português, S.A.		
	1st Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors		Member of the Board of Directors and member of the Corporate Governance Committee of REN - Redes Eléctricas Nacionais, SGPS, S.A.	3 ,		
Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães	Chairman of the Remuneration and Welfare Board		Chairman of the Board of Directors of Luz Saúde, S.A.		Not Independent (b)	Compliant
			Chairman of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, S.A.			
			Chairman of the Board of Directors of Longrun, SGPS, S.A.			
	2nd Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors		Chairman of the Board of Directors of Recredit - Gestão de Ativos S.A. (Angola)			
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	Member of the Audit Committee				Not Independent (b)	Compliant
	Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct					
	Member of the Board of Directors					
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment				Not Independent (b)	Compliant
	Member of the Remunerations and Welfare Board					
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes	Member of the Board of Dire	ctors	Professor at the Coimbra Business School - ISCAC on tax issues	Member of the Scientific Board of the Portuguese Fiscal Association (AFP)	Independent	Compliant
mota Lopes	Chairwoman of the Audit Co	mmittee	Invited Professor at Faculdade Economia - Universidade de Coimbra			
Fernando da Costa Lima	Member of the Board of Directors Member of the Audit Committee		Non-Executive Director of Euronext Lisbon Advisor at Comissão do Mercado de Capitais (CMC) Luanda		Independent	Compliant
			Visiting Professor at Faculdade de Economia da Universidade do Porto			
	Member of the Board of Directors					
	Chairman of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations					
José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	Member of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct				Independent	Compliant
	Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment					
	Member of the Board of Directors		Vice-Chairwoman of Group Fosun High Technology (Group) CO., Ltd.			
Julia Gu			Member of the Executive Board of Directors - Mybank		Not Independent (b)	Compliant
			Chairwoman - Zhangxingbao (Network Technology Co., Ltd.)			
	Member of the Board of Directors	Member of the Supervisory Board of Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)	Non-Executive Member of the Board of Directors of Fidelidade - Companhia de Seguros, SA			

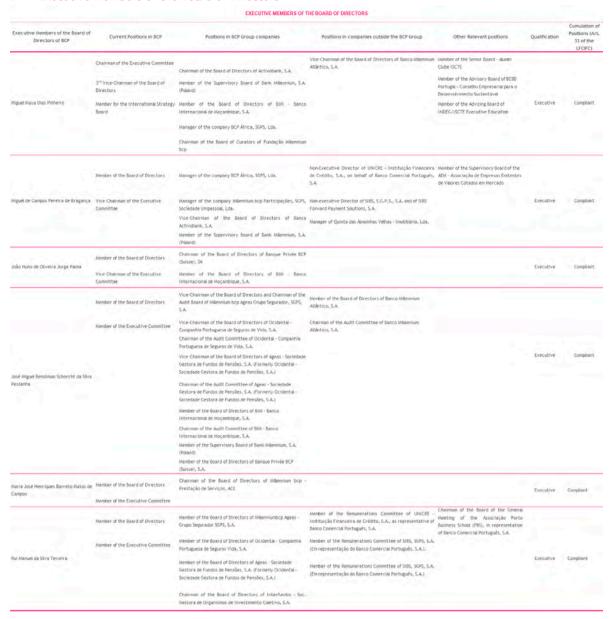
\Λ	2020	
V 1	2020	

Lingjiang Xu	Chairman of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct	Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors of Logrun Portugal, SGPS, S.A.		Not Independent (b)	Compliant
	Member of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations	Non-Executive Member of the Board of Directors - Luz Saúde, S.A.			
	Member of the Board of Directors				
Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca	Chairman of the Committee for Risk Assessment	Adviser of the Strategic General-Board of the Chamber of Commerce for Small and Medium-sized companies Portugal-China (as from January 2021)		Independent	Compliant
	Member of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations				
	Member of the Board of Directors	Board of Directors of Great C	Member of the Trustee Committee of the Wynn Care Foundation	Independent	Compliant
Wan Sin Long	Member of the Audit Committee				
	Member of the Committee for Risk Assessment				

⁽a) The Director in question exercised the position of executive director in the previous term-of-office (2015/2017). The non independence is established in accordance of Item 91.a., of the EBA/GL/2017/12 Guidelines of 26 September 2017.

⁽b) The director in question is connected to a shareholder with a qualifying stake.

B - Executive Members of the Board of Directors



b) Specialized Committees of the Board of Directors (BoD)

27. Details of the committees created within the Board of Directors, the General and Supervisory Board and the Executive Board, where applicable, and the place where the rules on the functioning thereof is available.

In addition to the Audit Committee and the Executive Committee, the Bank's Board of Directors, in order to ensure and contribute to the good and appropriate performance of the duties that are legally and statutorily entrusted to it, appointed three other specialised committees exclusively composed by non-executive directors, responsible for monitoring specific matters, which are identified as follows:

a) Committee for Risk Assessment

The Committee for Risk Assessment, established in accordance the provisions of article 115-L of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, is composed of three to five non-executive directors, appointed by the Board of Directors.

In the 2020 financial year, within the scope of the term-of-office 2018/ 2021, the Committee for Risk Assessment was composed as follows:

Chairman: Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca

(Independent)

Members: Ana Paula Alcobia Gray (Non- Independent)

José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (Independent)

Wan Sin Long (Independent)

Within an universe of four members that compose the Committee for Risk Assessment, three members (75%) are qualified as independent.

In accordance with the Bank's articles of association, the Committee for Risk Assessment follows-up and monitors the strategy and the appetite for risk of the company and advises the Board of Directors on strategies and policies regarding the assumption, management and reduction of the risks the Bank is facing or may be subject to.

All the members of this committee have appropriate knowledge, competences and experience to be able to understand, analyse and monitor the specific categories of risk faced by the company, appetite for risk and the defined risk strategy, as confirmed by the respective curricula attached to the present Report.

Within the scope of its activities, the Committee for Risk Assessment must take into consideration the long run interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also the public interest and prevent the decision-making of the management body from being overpowered by any person or small number of people jeopardizing the Bank's interests in general.

Among the competences set forth in the regulations of the Committee for Risk Assessment, in force since 31.12.2020, the following are highlighted:

- advise the Board of Directors on risk appetite, risk strategy, risk capacity and risk culture, including the Bank's policies for identifying, managing and controlling the risks;
- assist the Board of Directors in the supervision of the execution by the top management of the Bank's risk strategy;
- analyse if the conditions of the main products and services offered to Customers take into consideration the Bank's business model and risk strategy;
- examine if the incentives established in the remunerations policy take into consideration the risk, capital, liquidity and expectations concerning income;
- monitor the management of material risks to which the Bank is exposed, particularly the large risks, using appropriate indicators and metrics;
- support the Board of Directors in the assessment of the risk strategies of the main subsidiaries abroad;
- assess the impact of changes to the Bank's perimeter on the Bank's risk profile and whether such
 changes are compatible with the approved risk appetite;
- monitor the effectiveness of policies, methodologies and models used to evaluate assets, especially observing the valuation results of the respective impairment;
- monitor the effectiveness of capital and liquidity contingency plans, as well as the business continuity plan;
- periodically monitor the report on the main risk indicators;
- engaging the provision of services by experts to assist one or several of its members in the exercise
 of his/her/their functions, taking into account the importance of the issues in question.
- decide on the Group Codes that are within its competence.

In the exercise of its functions, the Committee for Risk Assessment has the specific competences delegated by the Board of Directors, namely:

 monitor and intervene in the process of identification of risks and of development of the risk strategy both in the Bank and in the Group, issuing an opinion to the Board of Directors on its adequacy, notwithstanding the competences of the responsible bodies of the local entities;



- monitor and intervene in the process to review the Group's Risk Appetite Framework, issuing an opinion for the Board of Directors on its adequacy and monitor the evolution of the Risk Appetite Statement:
- follow-up capital (ICAAP) and liquidity (ILAAP) planning processes issuing an opinion for the Board of Directors with the respective conclusions;
- analyse and approve the conclusions of the regular procedures for monitoring ICAAP and ILAAP;
- approve the scenarios proposed for internal stress tests, as well as the respective results;
- monitor and intervene in the process to revise the Recovery Plan, issuing an opinion for the Board of Directors;
- monitor the evolution of the process for preparing and executing the NPEs reduction plan;
- Ensure that the risk management activities are subject to periodical revisions and possess technical independence and that the individual in charge of the risk management function may report directly to the Audit Committee and cannot be dismissed without the prior approval of that Committee;
- giving an opinion on the technical and professional adequacy of the candidate to Risk Officer;
- issuing an opinion on the Bank's Risk Guidelines and on the Compliance Policies Manual or on changes to be introduced therein.

For the exercise of its functions, the Committee for Risk Assessment has access to information on the Bank's risk situation and is entitled to determine the nature, quantity, format, and frequency of the information concerning risks that it should receive. This Committee also implements internal procedures for communication with the Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

The Committee will inform the Board of Directors of its activities by means of a detailed quarterly report, without prejudice to the duty of reporting to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors any and all situations the Committee finds and deems to be of high risk.

During 2020, the Committee held seventeen meetings, received the logistic and technical support from the Board of Directors' Support Office, with the secretarial services being administered by the head of this office. Due to the pandemic, from 26.03.2020, inclusive, onwards, the meetings were held by electronic means and minutes of meeting were drawn and approved of all meetings held.

Attendance of the Committee for Risk Assessment meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

Members of the Committee for Risk Assessment	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca	2	0	15	100,00%
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	1	0	15	94,12%
José Manue Alves Elias da Costa	2	0	15	100,00%
Wan Sin Long	1	0	16	100,00%

The Regulations of the Committee for Risk Assessment, updated in February 2021, are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

 $https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Documents/Regimento_CNR.pdf$

b) Committee for Nominations and Remunerations

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, established in accordance the provisions of article 115-B and H of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, is composed of three to five non-executive directors, appointed by the Board of Directors.

The composition of the Committee for Nominations and Remuneration is in accordance with the provisions of the Committee's regulations since all its members are non-executive directors and any member is also a member of the Bank's Audit Committee.

During 2020, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations was composed as follows:

Chairman: José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (Independent)

Members: Lingjiang Xu (Non Independent)

Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca (Independent)

Within an universe of three members that compose the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, two members (66.66%) are qualified as independent.

The members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations possess collectively, the specific qualification and experience for the exercise of the respective functions, namely suitable professional qualification, and experience in terms of remuneration policies and practices as well as in risk management and remaining internal control functions. We should add that two members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations are also members of the Committee for Risk Assessment, so as to guarantee that the committee has the adequate qualifications to ensure an effective alignment between the institution's remuneration structures, the respective risk profile and the own funds base.

Within the scope of its activities, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations must take into consideration the long run interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also the public interest and to prevent the decision-making of the management body from being overpowered by any person or small number of people jeopardizing the Bank's interests in general.

Among the competences set forth in the regulations of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, in force since 31.12.2020, the following are highlighted:

- at least once a year, approve or review the Remuneration Policy of the Members of Corporate Bodies
 and of the staff and its execution regulations, securing the long-term interests of the shareholders,
 the investors and other stakeholders, as well as an appropriate management of the risk, the capital
 and liquidity;
- regarding the members of the corporate bodies, submit the conclusions of the work carried out
 pursuant to the previous paragraph to the Remunerations and Welfare Board, aiming at the
 preparation of a joint proposal, which will be addressed to the Annual General Meeting;
- under proposal of the Executive Committee, approve the decisions regarding any type of remuneration of the Heads of Division reporting directly to the Board of Directors and of those responsible for risk taking and for control functions;
- resolve on the appointment of all employees who are managers reporting directly to the Board of Directors or to any of its Committees, including the Executive Committee;
- monitor the independence of employees responsible for risk taking and control functions from the areas they control, including the powers given to them;
- proceed, every year, with the performance evaluation of the Heads of Compliance, Audit and Risk;
- verify the implementation of and the compliance with the remuneration policies and procedures adopted by the competent corporate body;
- · receive and assess the results of the Organisational Environment Questionnaires;
- decide on the Group Codes, which are within its competence;
- monitor, every year, the human resources, and staff management policies;

In general, exercise all the competences attributed to the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations under the provisions of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies and remaining domestic and EU legislation in force.

The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is also competent to, on a yearly basis and if, necessary, submit for approval by the Board of Directors a regulation for the execution of the Board of Directors' Succession Plan, describing the concepts that should preside to the selection of members of the management body.

For the correct performance of its functions, the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, may use all technical means that it deems fit, including resorting to external advisers; all expenses shall be paid by the Bank.

Regarding the competences of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations to carry out the assessment of the performance of the executive directors, please see the information provided in Item 24.

During 2020, the Committee adopted two unanimous resolutions in writing and net seventeen times. Due to the pandemic, from 26.03.2020, inclusive, onwards, the meetings were held by electronic means and minutes of meeting were drawn and approved of all meetings held. The Committee received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

Attendance of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

Member of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	9	0	8	100%
Lingjiang Xu	9	0	8	100%
Teófilo César Ferreira da Fonseca	9	0	8	100%

The Regulations of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, updated in February 2021, are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Documents/Regimento_CNR.pdf

c) Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct

The Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct is composed of three to five non-executive members, appointed by the Board of Directors.

During 2020, the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct was composed as follows:

Chairman: Lingjiang Xu (Non Independent)

Members: José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa (Independent)

Valter Rui Dias de Barros (Non-Independent)

Within an universe of three members that compose the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct, one member (33.33%) is qualified as independent.

All the members of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct have professional qualifications acquired through academic qualification, professional experience or specialised training appropriate to the performance of their duties, as confirmed by the respective curricula attached to the present report.

Within the scope of its activities, the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct must take into consideration the long run interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also the public interest and to prevent the decision-making of the management body from being overpowered by any person or small number of people jeopardizing the Bank's interests in general.

Among the competences set forth in the regulations of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct, in force since 31.12.2020, the following are highlighted:

- recommend the adoption by the Board of Directors of policies, compliant with ethical and
 professional conduct principles, rules and procedures necessary to comply with the provisos of these
 Regulations and with the applicable legal, regulatory and statutory requirements, as well as with
 recommendations, standards and best domestic and international practices in corporate governance;
- supporting the Board of Directors in the evaluation of the systems that identify and solve conflicts of interests;
- issue opinions addressed to the Board of Directors on the Code of Conduct and on other documents defining business ethical principles;
- every time it deems necessary, submit to the Board of Directors a report on the evaluation and monitoring of the structure, ethical and professional conduct principles and corporate governance

practices of the Bank and on the company's compliance with the legal, regulatory and supervisory requirements on these issues;

- Cooperate in the making of the Corporate Governance Annual Report concerning issues for which it is responsible;
- issue an opinion on the Annual Sustainability Report, concerning issues for which it is responsible;
- every time it deems necessary, submit to the Board of Directors a proposal on the guidelines for the
 Company's policies, based on a culture identified with the ethical and professional conduct
 principles targeted at contributing for the pursuit of social responsibility and sustainability goals.
 Proposing, particularly, guidelines for the social responsibility and sustainability policies of the
 Company, including, among other, the values and principles for safeguarding the interests of the
 shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also principles of social charity
 and environmental protection;
- perform any other competences or responsibilities delegated to the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct by the Board of Directors;
- decide on the Group Codes that are within its competence.

During 2020, the Committee met three times and, due to the pandemic, one meeting was held through electronic means. Minutes were drawn and approved of all meetings held. It received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

Attendance of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

Members of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Lingjiang Xu	2	0	1	100%
José Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	2	0	1	100%
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	2	0	1	100%

The Regulations of the Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/

28. Composition of the executive Board and/or details of the board delegate/s, where applicable.

The composition of the Bank's Executive Committee is as follows:

Chairman: Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro

Vice-Chairmen: Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança

João Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma

Members: José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha

Maria José Henriques Barreto Matos de Campos

Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira

29. Description of the powers of each of the committees established and a summary of activities undertaken in exercising said powers

The competences of each of the specialised committees created within the Board of Directors are as follows:

Audit Committee - On this matter, see the information presented in item 21. - Audit Committee

Executive Committee - On this matter, see the information presented in item 21. - Executive Committee

Committee for Risk Assessment - On this matter, see the information presented in item 27. a).



Committee for Nominations and Remunerations - On this matter, see the information presented in items 24, 25 and 27 b).

Committee for Corporate Governance, Ethics and Professional Conduct - On this matter, see the information presented in item 27. c).

III. SUPERVISION

a) Composition

30. to 32. Identification, composition and qualification concerning the independence requirement of the body and supervision - the Audit Committee

See the information presented in items 10, 17, 18, 21. - Audit Committee and 26.

33. Professional qualifications, as applicable, of the members of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the Supervisory Board or the Financial Matters Committee and other curricula data deemed relevant, being allowed a remittance to an item of the report where that information is already disclosed.

The professional qualifications and other curricular details of each member of the Audit Committee are presented in Annex I of this Corporate Governance Report.

These data are updated whenever justified and remain available at all times at the Bank's website at the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/

b) Functioning

34. Availability and place where the rules on the functioning of the Board of Auditors, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, may be viewed, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears.

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee.

35. The number of meetings held and the attendance report for each member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, and reference to the section of the report where said information already appears

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee.

36. The availability of each member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee, the General and Supervisory Board and the Financial Matters Committee, where applicable, indicating the positions held simultaneously in other companies inside and outside the group, and other relevant activities undertaken by members of these Boards throughout the financial year, and reference to the section of the report where such information already appears

On this matter, see the information presented in item 26.

c) Competence and duties

37. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body for the purposes of hiring additional services from the external auditor.

The Bank follows best practices in terms of assured independence in the contracting of services rendered by the external auditors, namely, in international terms, Commission Recommendation 2005/162/EC of 15 February 2005, Directive 2014/56/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014, amending Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 (8th EU Company Law Directive), on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, Regulation (EU)

No 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on specific requirements regarding statutory audit of public-interest entities. Finally, at national level, the commercial legislation, the recommendations and regulations of the Comissão do Mercado de Valores Mobiliários (CMVM), Law nr. 248/2015 of 9 September, which approved the Legal Framework for the Supervision of Audit, and the stipulations, as specifically applicable, in the Statute of the OROC (Portuguese Chartered Accountants Association) approved by Law 140/2015 of 7 September, which partially transposes to the internal legal system the aforesaid Directive 2014/56/EU and assures the implementation of Regulation (EU) 537/2014. The Bank's Articles of Association explicitly list, among the competences of the Audit Committee, that of supervising the independence of the Statutory Auditor and External Auditor, in particular with respect to the provision of additional services.

The Audit Committee, as the Bank's supervisory body and as the Group's controlling entity, has promoted the adoption of rules that assure the independence of the external auditors, and compliance with such rules is assessed and examined on an annual basis, in relation to the Group's various bodies and, at the same time, aimed at avoiding the possible creation of situations of conflicts of interest within the entity providing the Group's legal review of accounts or audit services, creating preventive mechanisms for the approval of additional services and fees.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for supervising the contracting of external auditors or its renewal by the Bank and by Group Banco Comercial Português, and to supervise the provision of the services foreseen in the internal regulations, Group Code - 0022 - Selection and Appointment of Statutory Auditor/SROC and contracting of services other than Auditing.

Through said Regulations that embody the principles presented in the national and international regulations, complying with the requirements of Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal, the Group endorses and systematises a series of rules regarding:

- the classification of the services rendered by the external auditors:
- the definition of the set of services that are not Audit, which the external auditor is not allowed to provide to any entity of the Group;
- definition of the number of services that are not Audit, which may be provided to the Group under specific stipulated circumstances;
- those who intervene in the application of the Group Code mentioned above must take regular training sessions on the responsibilities conferred to them;
- approval by the Audit Committee of engagement of services other than audit to be provided by the external auditor, creating different rules for the authorizations according to the type of services in question and defined limits;
- definition of a number of guidelines for the selection and appointment of the Statutory Auditor / SROC in order to ensure their independence;
- definition of a process for the selection and assessment of the proposals for the appointment of the Statutory Auditor /SROC, that includes several objective assessment criteria, with previously defined weights, the purpose of which is to guide the analysis to be made by the Audit Committee;
- definition of a methodology to assess the Statutory Auditor/SROC, proposed by the Audit Committee;
- provision to the Audit Committee of internal control information on the established principles and guidelines;

The Audit Committee issues an opinion on the work plans and on the resources allocated to the internal control services, including the control on the compliance with the rules the Company has to observe (compliance services and internal audit).

The Audit Committee is also the recipient of the reports made by these services, including matters related with the provision of accounts, identification and resolution of conflicts of interests and detection of potential irregularities.

In line with the guidelines ESMA/70/151/1439 of 05/04/2019, the Policy for the Prevention and Management of Conflicts of Interest (GR0038) is object of an annual review for confirmation of its adequacy to the respective legal and regulatory framework and purpose, without damaging an eventual further revisions when deemed justified.



The Audit Committee also continuously controls and monitors the effectiveness of the ICS (Internal Control System), of the RMS (Risk Management System), as regards the process of preparation and disclosure of financial information, and the Internal Audit and Compliance functions.

38. Other duties of the supervisory body and, where appropriate, the Financial Matters Committee

On this matter, see the information presented in item 21 - Audit Committee and preceding item 37.

IV.STATUTORY AUDITOR (including the Policy for the Selection and Evaluation of External Auditors and of the Statutory Auditor)

The Policy for the Selection and Evaluation of the External Auditors and of the Statutory Auditor is part of the internal service order no. 0022.

This one defines

- (i) The criteria concerning the technical and professional competence and experience in the financial sector and the process to select the statutory auditor;
- (ii) The methods used by the company to communicate with the statutory auditor;
- (iii) The supervisory procedures designed to ensure the independence and the absence of conflicts of interests with the Statutory Auditor;
- (iv) Other than auditing services, which cannot be provided by the statutory auditor.

The selection of the Statutory Auditor is based on the criteria and requirements mentioned below which are taken into account by the Audit Committee in the evaluations it carries out, either within the scope of the selection of candidates to present to the General Meeting of Shareholders, or in the subsequent evaluations it makes, at least once a year: and in the situations when it intends to propose the reappointment of the Statutory Auditor.

Thus, apart from the fees proposal, are also considered:

Technical Competence and Quality of the Service Provided

The Statutory Auditor must show that he/she has the sufficient knowledge, qualifications, and experience, namely in the financial sector, to provide a high-quality service, being, namely, relevant, the following criteria and requirements:

- the reputation of the statutory auditor, being considered the way he/she exercises the profession as well as the capacity to make objective decisions, weighted and assertive, adopting behaviours and enjoy public reputation able of giving confidence to the market;
- timely compliance with agreed calendars and deadlines;
- being proactive in the endeavour to, in a timely manner, get information related with business risks or other so as to identify and resolve any issues in due time, adjusting itself rapidly to alterations in risks, studying and presenting credible alternatives for debate;
- provision of quality audit services, at a controlled cost and with reasonable fees regarding any additional services provided.

Resources allocated to the Audit

Regarding the resources allocated to the services provided by the Statutory Auditor to BCP, the following should be evaluated:

- · Organization of the respective services;
- the technical competence of the statutory auditor and respective team, as well as the capacity to apply his/her knowledge in order to provide a service of quality within the agreed scope, as well ensure a realistic, technically grounded and independent analysis;



• the adequacy of knowledge versus the size of the Bank, the business risks, the specific systems, and operations inherent to the complexity of the activities pursued by the company.

Communication and Interaction

Concerning the communication and interaction between the bank and the statutory auditor, the first should evidence the capacity and concern in keeping the Ban adequately informed of the developments introduced in the accounting principles and frameworks and in the rules to be observed by the Bank and entities of the Group, including eventual relevant impacts on the activity pursued by the statutory auditor.

Independence, Objectivity and Professional Scepticism

The statutory auditor must be independent and, in the periodical evaluations it is subject to, are taken into consideration, namely, the following requirements:

- integrity and objectivity, as well as an attentive and interrogatory attitude;
- · the absence of conflicts of interests;
- independence
- the experience to identify, communicate and adequately solve issues with a technical nature that may arise in the course of the works.

39. Identification of the statutory auditor and its representative partner statutory auditor.

The current effective Statutory Auditor is Deloitte & Associados - SROC, S.A., registered in the OROC under no. 43 and in CMVM with no. 231 represented by its partner Paulo Alexandre de Sá Fernandes, ROC nr. 1456 and alternatively by Jorge Carlos Batalha Duarte Catulo, ROC no. 992.

40. State the number of years that the statutory auditor consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group.

The company Deloitte & Associados SROC, S.A was elected for the first time on 21 April of 2016 and reappointed for the two-year period 2019/2020; therefore it performs functions consecutively for 5 years and ended its second term-of-office on 31 December 2020, remaining in functions until the General Meeting of Shareholders that will proceed with a new election. The Audit Committee shall submit to the shareholders' appraisal and decision at the forthcoming General Meeting of Shareholders to be carried out until the end of May of 2021, a proposal for the reappointment of the Statutory Auditor and of the Auditor.

41. Description of other services rendered by the statutory auditor to the company

On this matter, see the information presented in item 46.

V. EXTERNAL AUDITOR

The Policy for the Selection and Evaluation of External Auditors is detailed in the internal service order no. 0022 already duly approached in Chapter IV.

42. Identification of the external auditor appointed for the purposes of article 8 and its corresponding representative partner statutory in the performance of duties, together with the CMVM's registry number

The Bank's external auditor and the statutory auditor is Deloitte & Associados - Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A., registered in OROC under nr. 43 and registered in CMVM under nr. 2016/1389, represented permanently by its partner Paulo Alexandre de Sá Fernandes registered in OROC under nr. 1456 and in CMVM under nr. 2016/1066 and alternately by Jorge Carlos Batalha Duarte Catulo, registered in OROC under no. 992 and in CMVM under no.2016/0607.

43. Number of years that the external auditor and respective partner that represents same in carrying out these duties consecutively carries out duties with the company and/or group.

The company Deloitte & Associados SROC, S.A was elected for the first time on 21 April of 2016 and re-appointed for the two-year period 2019/2020; therefore, it performs functions consecutively for 5 years and is currently in its second term-of-office.

44. Rotation policy and schedule of the external auditor and the respective partner that represents said auditor in carrying out such duties

The Bank complies with the rotation rules laid down in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and Council, of April 16, 2014 and Article 54 of Law No. 140/2015, of September 7 and, therefore, its External Auditor and the Statutory Auditor will not perform functions for more than three terms and the initial term of office combined with any renewal thereof cannot exceed the maximum duration of ten years.

45. Details of the Body responsible for assessing the external auditor and the regular intervals when said assessment is carried out.

The Audit Committee is, under the terms of the Bank's Articles of Association, the body responsible for assessing the quality of the services rendered by the external auditor and respective partner Statutory Auditor, under the terms referred to in items 21 - Audit Committee and 37.

This assessment highlights the professionalism of the auditors, transparency, ethics, quality control and good performance. The Audit Committee permanently monitors the activity of the external auditor and respective partner statutory auditor, in particular appraising in particular the conclusions of the audit to the financial statements, on an individual and consolidated basis, analysing the conclusions of the Desktop Review of the financial statements of the 1st and 3rd quarters and the Limited Review of the half-year interim financial statements. It meets with External Auditor and with the Statutory Auditor on a regular basis and whenever necessary.

The procedures aimed at ensuring the independence of the statutory auditor are defined in the Group Code GR0022 - Selection and Appointment of Statutory Auditor/SROC and contracting of services other than Auditing, which was updated in July 2020, after the publication of Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal.

The Audit Committee is the main interlocutor of the external auditor and of the statutory auditor of the bank, with whom it meets at least every month to carry out a close monitoring of their activity, and also to analyse and debate the respective reports and conclusions therein stated.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for recommending to the General Meeting of Shareholders the appointment of the external auditor and the election of the statutory auditor, or the renewal of their respective terms-of-office, taking into consideration the respective technical ability and remaining conditions for the exercise of those functions.

The Audit Committee annually assesses the quality of the services provided by external auditors, regarding the quality of the service provided as well as of their independence, objectivity and critical requirements demonstrated in the performance of their duties. The Bank officials who maintain relevant contact with the Auditors take part in this evaluation.

See the information presented in item 21; - Audit Committee

- 46. Details of services, other than auditing, carried out by the external auditor for the company and/or companies in a control relationship and an indication of the internal procedures for approving the recruitment of such services and a statement on the reasons for said recruitment. Apart from the Audit work, which includes legal review of accounts services and other reliability assurance services, the fees charged by the External Auditor include also the payment of the following services:
 - Tax Advisory Services tax advisory services to the Group in Portugal and abroad, in which the external auditor intervenes pursuant to a legal requirement;
 - Services other than legal review of accounts, namely: (i) Reliability assurance services, (ii) Tax advisory services and (iii) Services other than legal review - provided within the scope of services other than legal review, which are permitted in accordance with the defined rules of independence and subject to monitoring by the Audit Committee.

With regard to the approval of the engagement of these services and indication of the reasons for their engagement, the bank maintains a very strict policy of independence in order to prevent any conflicts of interest in the use of the services of its external auditors. As auditor of the BCP Group Deloitte & Associados, SROC, S.A. (hereinafter referred to as "External Auditors") complies with the rules on independence defined by the Group, including those established by Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014, by Law 148/2015 of 9 September and by Law 140/2015, of 7 September (Statute of the OROC).

To safeguard the independence of the External Auditors, and the national and international good practices and standards, the Audit Committee approved a series of regulatory principles, as described below:

- The External Auditor and the companies or legal persons belonging to the same network ("Network") cannot render to the Bank or to the Group the services that may be considered forbidden under the terms of the Statute of the OROC. Although it is generally considered that the independence of External Auditor could be affected by the provision to the Group of services unrelated to legal review or audit, the Audit Committee identified a set of services that may be undertaken by the External Auditor without jeopardising its independence. These services are validated by the Group's Compliance Office and subject to approval or ratification, depending on the amount of the fees, of the Audit Committee;
- the provision of services which are not discriminated in the above-mentioned number of services is object
 of specific approval by the Audit Committee prior to the signing of the contract in question. For that
 purpose, the proposals to be submitted to the appraisal of the Audit Committee must contain an opinion
 from the Compliance Officer of BCP, as set forth by the Group Code GR0022 and a duly grounded decision
 recommendation.

On this matter, see the information presented in item 38.



47. Details of the annual remuneration paid by the company and/or legal entities in a control or group relationship to the auditor and other natural or legal persons pertaining to the same network and the percentage breakdown relating to the following services (For the purposes of this information, the network concept results from the European Commission Recommendation No. C (2002) 1873 of 16 May)

The amount of the annual remuneration paid in 2020 by the Company and/or legal persons in controlling or group relations, to the external auditor (Deloitte) and other natural or legal persons belonging to the same network, detailed with their respective percentages, is reflected in the following table:

1) Remuneration paid to Deloitte for services rendered - 1	Euros				%				
January to 31 December 2020 Companies in Portugal	Audit	Reliability Assurance Services	Tax Advisory	Other Services	Total	Audit	Reliability Assurance Services	Tax Advisory	Other Services
Banco Comercial Portugues, S.A.	2,187,305	909,287		24,000	3,120,592	70.1%	29.1%		0.8%
Banco ActivoBank, S.A.	30,030	22,508			52,538	57.2%	42.8%		
Millennium BCP - Frestacao Servicos, ACE	29,029				29,029	100.0%			
Millennium bcp Imobiliaria, S.A.	21,021				21,021	100.0%			
Interfundos-Soc. Gestora de Organismos de Invest. Coletivo, S. A (1)	16,016	9,750			25,766	62.2%	37.8%		
BCP Capital Soc. Capital Risco	7,508	3,750			11,258	66.7%	33.3%		
Mllennium BCP Particpacoes Financeiras, SGPS, Soc. Unpessoal	6,507				6,507	100.0%			
BCP Africa, SGPS, Lda. (formerly BII Internacional, SGPS, Lda)	15,015				15,015	100.0%			
Mllennium bcp - Servicos de Comercio Electronico, S.A.	2,503				2,503	100.0%			
Magellan 2 e 3	19,500				19,500	100.0%			
Millennium Fundo de Capitalização, FCR	12,012				12,012	100.0%			
Total	2,346,446	945,295		24,000	3,315,741	70,8%	28.5%		0.7%

(1) corporate name until 27/02/2020: Interfundos - Gestão de Fundos de Investimento Imobiliário, S..A.

2) Remuneration paid to Deloitte for services rendered - 1			Euros				S	%	
January to 31 December 2020 Companies Abroad	Audit	Reliability Assurance Services	Tax Advisory	Other Services	Total	Audit	Reliability Assurance Services	Tax Advisory	Other Services
Bank Millennium, S.A. (Poland)	448,761	87,112			535,873	83.7%	16.3%		
Millennium BIM, S.A. (Mozambique)		71,000		100,699	171,699		41.4%		58.6%
Banque Privee BCP (Suisse), S.A.		15,000			15,000		100.0%		
Millennium BCP Bank & Trust (Cayman Islands)	18,018	3,000			21,018	85.7%	14.3%		
BCP Finance Bank, Ltd. (Cayman Islands)	10,511	1,500			12,011	87.5%	12.5%		
BCP Finance Company (Cayman Islands)	6,006	1,500			7,506	80.0%	20.0%		
BCP Investment, B.V. (Netherlands)	15,000				15,000	100.0%			
BCP International B.V. (Netherlands)	17,000				17,000	100.0%			
Magellan 3 (Ireland)	18,500		3,750		22,250	83.1%		16.9%	
Total	533,796	179,112	3,750	100,699	817,358	65.3%	21.9%	0.5%	12.3%

SUMMARY OF THE REMUNERATION PAID TO DELOITTE IN PORTUGAL AND ABROAD BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 31 December 2020

	Portugal	%	Abroad	%	Total	%
Legal review of accounts	2,346,446		533,796		2,880,242	
Reliability assurance services	945,295		179,112		1,124,407	
1. Total for Audit Services	3,291,741	89.2%	712,908	87.2%	4,004,649	96.9%
Tax Advisory Services	0		3,750		3,750	
Services Other than Legal Review of Accounts	24,000		100,699		124,699	
2. Total for Other Services	24,000	10.8%	104,449	12.8%	128,449	3.1%
	3,315,741	100%	817,358	100%	4,133,099	100%

¹ For purposes of this information, "network" shall mean article 2, paragraph p) of the Legal Framework for the Supervision of Audit, approved by Law nr. 148/2015, of 9 September.

C. INTERNAL ORGANISATION

I. Articles of Association

48. The rules governing amendment to the company's articles of association

Article 24 of the Bank's Articles of Association establishes the requirement of a constitutive quorum, above the legal one, of over one third of the share capital for the General Meeting of Shareholders to be able to validly meet and resolve on first call.

Regarding the resolution quorum, the Articles of Association, article 25, only diverge from the law with respect to resolutions on the merger, demerger and transformation of the Company, which require approval by three quarters of the votes cast, and dissolution of the Company where a majority corresponding to three quarters of the paid-up share capital is required.

The Bank and the shareholders that approved the articles of association in force consider that, since Banco Comercial Português is one of the companies with the largest free float in the Portuguese Stock Exchange, it is important to ensure that, in any circumstance and not only in the case specifically mentioned in the law, the shareholders, regardless of their respective representativeness, receive the guarantee that, on first call, the items submitted to the appraisal of the General Meeting can only be resolved on if the capital is minimally represented.

Also regarding the deliberative quorum, the Bank and the shareholders that approved the articles of association in force, that determined structuring issues such as the merger, demerger or transformation of the company should not, for the sake of the shareholding stability and transparency in the decision-making process, such not be adopted at first call without achieving a broad consensus among the shareholders.

II. Communication of Irregularities

49. Reporting means and policy on the reporting of irregularities in the company and prevention of conflicts of interest.

The Bank upholds a culture of responsibility and compliance, preventing conflicts of interest and recognising the importance of an appropriate framework and processing of the communication of irregularities. For this purpose, BCP implements suitable means for receiving, treating and filing communications of irregularities allegedly committed by members of governing bodies and employees of the Bank and companies included in the BCP Group.

The policy of communication of irregularities is regulated in an internal service order OS0131 - Communication and reporting of irregularities and this one is currently being updated in accordance with the Notice from Banco de Portugal 3/2020 and is available at the Bank's website:

http://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/Documents/Reg_Comunicacao_Irreg/

In accordance with the policy for the communication and reporting of irregularities of the bank, are considered irregularities the acts and omissions, intentional or negligent, related with the management, accounting organization and the internal supervision of the Bank, which are able of , seriously:

- Breach the law, regulations and other rules in force;
- Endanger the assets of clients, shareholders and of the Bank;
- Damage the BCP's reputation.

The Bank implements the appropriate means for the reception, handling and archive of the communications of irregularities allegedly committed by members of the corporate bodies or by employees of the companies part of Group Banco Comercial Português or any other person within the scope of the provision of services to any of the companies part of Group Banco Comercial Português.

For that purpose the Bank observes, on an ongoing basis, the principles and requirements set forth in article 116-AA of the Legal Framework for Credit Institution and Financial Companies, in article 305-F of the Securities Code, in article 35 of the Notice of Banco de Portugal 3/2020, and in section 13 of the guidelines issued by EBA, ion internal governance (EBA/GL/2017/11) of 26 September 2017.

Hence, and in accordance with the Regulations OSO131, the persons entitled to communicate irregularities are:

- the employees, agents, commissioners or any other person that renders services, either permanently
 or occasionally, to the Bank or to any entity of the Group, (ii) shareholders and (iii) any other
 person;
- the shareholders;
- · any other individuals.

The Employees have the duty to report to the Audit Committee any irregularity occurred that they are aware of , in particular, those who manage people or exercise functions in the areas of the three defence lines of the bank, internal audit, risk management or compliance.

The communication of the irregularity may, as an option, be made anonymously, or not, being addressed to the Audit Committee of BCP, and the same must be made in writing through the channels made available for that purpose, namely the website or through any other written mean of communication, addressed to: Comissão de Auditoria - Av.ª Prof. Dr. Cavaco Silva (TagusPark), Edifício 1, 2744-256 Porto Salvo, or to the e-mail address: comunicar.irregularidade@millenniumbcp.pt.

The Audit Committee is responsible for managing the communication of irregularities system and for assuring the confidentiality of the communications, being supported by the Board of Director's Support Office.

Once a communication is received, the Audit Committee shall undertake all efforts deemed necessary to assess if there are sufficient grounds to open an investigation and may establish a prior contact with the author of the communication, if known. In case the author of the communication so required, or whenever possible, the Audit Committee shall immediately communicate to him/her that the information has been received, within 7 days, at most, counting from the date the communication was received, except when the same is made anonymously. If there are sufficient grounds, the Audit Committee will develop all necessary investigations to become totally aware of all facts and it may request the support of the Audit Division, Risk Office, the Compliance Office or any other divisions or areas of the Bank. Once the investigation is over, the Audit Committee shall make a report for the internal transmission of its conclusions so that the appropriate diligences may be adopted to correct the irregularity and sanction it, if need be. It must also report it to external entities whenever so is justified by the specific situation.

The communications received, as well as the reports thereto connected are mandatorily kept for a minimum period of five years in paper or in a durable format enabling their full and unaltered reproduction, pursuant to the provisions in article 120 of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies (LFCIFC).

The confidentiality of the communications will be ensured and the same cannot be used as grounds for any disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings, or the adoption of discriminating practices, which are forbidden by law.

During 2020, the inbox received 17 (seventeen) messages addressed to the Audit Committee but not all were included within the scope of participation of irregularities. However, they were all investigated and handled.

The Bank makes and presents to Banco de Portugal an annual report describing the specific, independent and autonomous means used to receive, investigate and file the participations of serious irregularities related with its administration, accounting organization and internal supervision and of serious signs of infractions of duties foreseen in the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies and in the Regulations (EU) 575/2013, of 26 June.

The Bank also sets forth the principle of participation of irregularities in its Code of Conduct and in its Code of Good Conduct for the Prevention and Fight against Harassment and for the Promotion of Equality and Non-Discrimination, which are available on its website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/

The Bank's Code of Conduct establishes the fundamental principles and rules to be observed in the exercise of the activity developed by the entities that form Group Banco Comercial Português and the principles underlying the conduct, good practices and observance of the institutional values by the universe of people that form the Group.



In its Code of Conduct and in the Code of Good Conduct for the Prevention and Fight against Harassment and for the Promotion of Equality and Non-Discrimination, the Bank aims at regulating a behaviour of excellence by the members of the corporate bodies, of employees and of the service providers of Group Banco Comercial Português, establishing therein behavioural rules targeted at the consolidation of a brand of reference and prestige that its intends to preserve and perfect.

The Bank and its employees guide their actions on principles of respect for people's rights, of preservation of social and environmental sustainability, and of culture and institutional values, committing themselves to behave in an upstanding and honest manner in all relations they establish among themselves, with customers, or any other person or entity with whom they relate.

The Code of Conduct and the Code of Good Conduct for the Prevention and Fight against Harassment and for the Promotion of Equality and Non-Discrimination, also set forth the main rules concerning values, behaviour standards and corporate responsibility to be observed by all companies part of Group BCP and describe the measures aiming at preventing discriminating behaviours and harassment at work, which are better detailed in a specific document denominated Code of Conduct related with Equality, Harassment and Non-Discrimination, currently in effect.

The awareness of the Code of Conduct and of the Code of Good Conduct for the Prevention and Fight against Harassment and for the Promotion of Equality and Non-Discrimination by all their recipients is insured by the internal means of communication, by their permanent publication in a prominent location at the bank's internal communication system, via intranet, and by regular e-learning training sessions addressed to all their recipients.

The Bank's Audit Division, in its actions to supervise the Bank's functioning, guarantees the identification of irregular situations and issues recommendations to remedy the same.

The code of Conduct of Group BCP, states mandatorily that, the members of the management and supervisory bodies, as well as the employees, should avoid any situation that may give rise to conflicts of interest within the scope of their functions, so that they may act with full independence of mind, impartiality and exemption and that the members of the management and supervisory bodies cannot intervene in the appraisal and approval of operations, professional status of employees and procedures for the acquisition of goods and services in which there is a risk of conflicts of interest.

The Bank also disposes of a Group Code (GR0038) that defines the principles and the main processes adopted to identify and manage conflicts of interest that occur within the Group.

The Group Code above-mentioned implements in the Bank and in Group BCP, namely, the guidelines issued by the European Banking Authority (EBA/GL/2017/11), on internal governance, identifies the control procedure to enable an efficient and prudent management of situations of conflict of interests at an institutional or personal level, including the segregation of functions, the information barriers and the specific process of transactions with the so called "related parties", in order to simultaneously defend and protect the interests of all stakeholders and the interests of the Bank and of the Group.

The Group Code also formalizes the governance principles applicable within the scope of the provision of services and investment activities and ancillary services identified, respectively, in articles 290 and 291 of the Securities Code and formalizes the governance principles applicable internally, within the scope of the policy for the management of conflicts of interests.

The Compliance Office is responsible for the development of the approaches and methods that allow for the identification of real or potential conflicts of interest, in compliance with the Conflicts of Interest Policy. The Compliance Office, at least one a year, develops a global analysis to identify and assess the materiality of the situations of conflict of interests at an institutional levels and reports to the Executive Committee and to the Audit Committee the respective conclusions, identifying the measures required to correct the identified situations.

The Group Code on the prevention and management of conflicts of interests is available on the Bank's website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/Politicas-de-Compliance.aspx

In addition, the Regulations of the Board of Directors in its article 14 (4) determines, in the event that some of its members considers as being prevented from voting due any incompatibility or conflict of interests, that he/she has the duty to previously inform the Chairperson of that impediment and dictate for the minutes of meeting a statement regarding such situation.

III. Internal control and risk management

50. Individuals, boards, or committees responsible for the internal audit and/or implementation of the internal control systems.

The Group's internal control is based upon a risk management system that identifies, evaluates, follows-up and controls the risks the Group and the bank are exposed to. The same is based on an information system and an efficient communication and on an effective monitoring process enabling to ensure the adequacy and efficiency of the internal control system.

Within that context, Banco Comercial Português, in accordance with the objectives defined in Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal, has specific areas to manage compliance and internal audit risks - the Risk Office, the Compliance Office and the Audit Division.

The coordinating-managers of these Divisions are those responsible, at Group level, for the conformity of the functions of the internal control system, through which the objectives outlined in Banco de Portugal Notice 3/2020 are achieved, namely:

- the efficiency of the performance and of the activity, ensuring that the established strategies, policies, processes systems and procedures are appropriate, duly updated, correctly applied and effectively observed;
- The identification, assessment, follow-up and control of risks which may influence the Group's strategy and goals;
- The achievement of the objectives established in the strategic planning, based on the efficient conduct of the operations, efficient use of the Group's resources and the safeguarding of its assets;
- The appropriate identification, assessment, monitoring and control of the risks to which the Group is or may become exposed in the future;
- The existence of complete, pertinent, reliable and timely financial and non-financial information;
- The adoption of sound accounting procedures;
- Compliance with the legislation, regulation and guidelines that are applicable to the Group's
 activity, issued by the competent authorities, as well as the compliance with the internal rules, as
 well as with the professional and ethical regulations and practices, and with the conduct and
 customer relations rules.

The Internal control system covers the entire Group, including the responsibilities and functions of the management and supervisory bodies, all of its activity segments, structural units, namely the internal control functions, outsourced activities and the product distribution channels.

In addition, the Executive Committee set up a Compliance and Operational Risks Commission. The competences concerning the internal control system of this specialized commission are, among other:

- Monitoring the making of the Internal Control Report as well as the evolution and resolution of the
 deficiencies identified within the scope of the assessment on the functioning of the Internal Control
 System;
- analyse and decide on proposals for improving and alter the processes (reinforcement of the internal control environment.

The divisions that are part of the internal control system have the technical and human resources that match the Bank's size and the degree of complexity and significance of the risks inherent to the several business and business support activities.

These Divisions are dimensioned to operate within the scope of an extensive volume of regulation - both external and internal - arising from regulations aimed at demarcating the banking activity within the limits of prudence, safety and control set by regulators and by the Bank's management body. Thus, when allocating resources to the mentioned areas, the Bank adopts the principle of proportionality, matching the mobilised resources to the size and granularity of the risks and other constraints of its activities, for the sake of effectiveness, business sustainability and scrupulous compliance with the established rules.

The number of employees placed in each one of the 3 areas specifically involved in the functions under analysis and whose functions are executed in accordance with the highest standards of independence, objectivity, impartiality, integrity, and professional competence, reached, on 31/12/2020, to:

· Risk Office: 67

• Compliance Office: 60

· Audit Division: 49

A) Risk Office

The primary function of the Risk Office is to support the Executive Committee in the development and implementation of risk management and internal control processes, so that the Bank may achieve an overall view of all risks to which its activity is exposed to or may be exposed to in the future, as described in greater detail in the chapter on Risk Management of the Management Report 2020.

The Risk Office is a crucial area of the second line of defence of the internal control system of Group BCP, assuming functions of supervision, making and implementing risk management policies and procedures, establishing, for example, limits to the assumption of risks and improving the respective appropriate execution and observance.

The head of the Risk Office is appointed by the Board of Directors after obtaining the opinions from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, from the Committee for Risk Assessment and from the Audit Committee, being its suitability for the exercise of the functions subject to an assessment and prior authorisation, prior to his/her entrance into functions, by the competent supervisory authority.

In the performance of his/her functions, the Risk Officer reports hierarchically to the Executive Committee and functionally to the Committee for Risk Assessment.

Within the scope of functional reporting, the Risk Officer regularly reports to the Executive Committee, to the Audit Committee and to the Board of Directors management information on the main risks faced by the Bank and by the Group.

The Risk Officer has direct access to the Chairpersons of the Board of Directors and of the Committee for Risk Assessment and Audit Committee.

The Committee for Risk Assessment and the Audit Committee issue an opinion of the annual work plan of the Risk Office, being also the recipient of the current status reports on the their making as well as on the performance shown by the resources allocated to the risk management function.

Risk Officer: Luís Miguel Manso Correia dos Santos

B) Compliance Office

The main mission of the Compliance Office is to develop the implementation of internal and external ruling that rule the Group's activity and watch out for their respective compliance by all the institutions of the Group, as well as of the relevant contractual commitments and ethical values of the organization, ensuring the existence of an internal control culture in order to to mitigate the risk of such institutions being sanctioned or imputed significant losses, in terms of both reputation and assets.

The Compliance Office, included in the Group's organizational structure, which is based on the "3 lines of defence model", carries out typical functions of the 2nd line of defence being responsible for the compliance function, observing the responsibilities defined by the Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal.

To the Compliance Office pertains, in particular:

- · exercising the functions attributed to it by the Portuguese law or by another source of law;
- exercising the functions attributed to it by the Bank's corporate bodies.

In the exercise of the above-mentioned competences, the performance of the Compliance Office is based on a risk approach at the level of business, customers and transactions.

The Compliance Officer informs the Chairperson of the Board of Directors is also informed, within the maximum period of two business days, of any failure reputed to be of high risk.

The regulations issued by the Compliance Office, within the scope of the competences attributed to it by law or other source of law, are mandatory, except if a decision to the contrary is made by the internal decision bodies competent for that purpose and through the written authorization from two Directors, being one of them the one responsible for the area involved. Are excluded from this scope, the regulations regarding the

duties of abstention, refusal and communication foreseen in Law 83/2017, of 18 August, that cannot be reversed.

While exercising the respective functions and within its powers, the Compliance Office is empowered to suspend any and all transactions or processes it deems to be against the rules in effect.

The Compliance Office is responsible for communicating to the administration body of all situations of non-compliance detected in the exercise of its functions that may cause the institution to undertake an administrative offence or any other illicit action and incur in significant asset or reputation losses It also makes and sends to the Board of Directors, at least every six months, a report identifying the situations of non-compliance that occurred and the recommendations and rulings issued to correct the identified compliance issues or deficiencies.

The Compliance Office shall actively intervene in the employee training policy, namely by providing training sessions on compliance to the entire Group, by maintaining a high level of intelligence on compliance-related matters, namely on anti-money laundering and counter terrorism financing - AML/CTF issues and by fostering a culture of internal control within the Group.

In order to guarantee the adequacy and independence of the compliance function, Banco Comercial Português, S.A.:

- Creates the compliance function and provides it with the necessary and sufficient responsibility and autonomy;
- Appoints, through its Board of Directors and following a proposal made by the Executive Committee
 and after getting a favourable prior opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations
 and from the Audit Committee, an individual responsible for the function, providing him/her with all
 the necessary powers for the performance of his/her functions in an independent manner,
 particularly regarding access to relevant information.

The Head of the Compliance Office (Compliance Officer):

- Is appointed by the Board of Directors after obtaining the opinions from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and from the Audit Committee, being his/her suitability for the exercise of the functions subject to an assessment and prior authorisation, before his/her entrance into functions, by the competent supervisory authority and reports to the Executive Committee, namely to the director responsible for the Compliance Office, reporting functionally to Audit Committee:
- Is responsible for the compliance with the rules on the prevention of money laundering and terrorism financing and may appoint a specific individual in charge of a direct monitoring of the operations and transactions related with this theme (AML Officer), who reports directly to him/her;
- Is also responsible for the follow-up and monitoring of the Compliance activities and policies at the Group's level;
- Does not have any responsibility whatsoever, functional or hierarchical, in the business areas;
- While performing his/her functions, the Compliance Officer sends to the management body (Executive Committee) and to the supervisory body (Audit Committee (every quarter, reports on his/ her activity, describing the deficiencies identified and reporting of situations of non-compliance. With the same periodicity, he/she sends to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and every six months to the Board of Directors, a report on the main compliance risks at the level of the Bank and of the Group.

The Audit Committee issues an opinion on the work plan carried out by the Compliance Office, and this Committee is also the recipient of a report on the works carried out by the compliance function, among which one may highlight those related with financial statements, conflicts of interests and detection of irregularities.

Compliance Officer: Pedro Manuel Francisco da Silva Dias

C) Audit Division

The Audit Division (AUD) is a component of the internal control system of Banco Comercial Português and its main mission is to ensure before the Bank's Stakeholders - particularly to the Audit Committee and the Board



of Directors - the effectiveness and adequacy of the organizational culture, of the risk management process, the internal control system and of the governance models used by the Bank and by the Group.

The exercise of the internal audit function is permanent and independent, and the function is performed through the adoption of internationally recognised and accepted internal audit principles, namely those defined by the Institute of Internal Auditors, being translated in the issue of recommendations focused on the strengthening of internal control and on the accomplishment of the Bank's strategic interests, ensuring that:

- The risks are duly identified and managed, and the implemented controls are correct and proportional to the materiality of the risks;
- The methods used to assess the capital and liquidity positions of the Bank are adequate and enable assessing their adequacy versus the degree of exposure to risk;
- The Bank's different governing bodies interact in an adequate and efficient and effective manner;
- The operations are recorded correctly, and the operational, financial and managerial information is appropriate, material, rigorous, reliable and provided in due time;
- The safeguarding and security of the interests and assets of the Bank and Group or which were entrusted to them are duly ensured;
- The Employees perform their duties in conformity with the internal policies, rules and procedures and with the legislation and other applicable regulations;
- The goods and services required for the Bank's activity are acquired economically, used efficiently and adequately protected;
- The programmes, plans and objectives defined by the management in the Annual Budget and in the Strategic Plan are followed;
- The legal and regulatory matters of significant impact on the organisation are recognised, clearly understood, and duly approached and integrated in the Bank's operative processes.

The activity of the Audit Division contributes to the pursuit of the objectives defined in Banco de Portugal Notice 3/2020, ensuring the compliance of the functions of the internal control system, guaranteeing the existence of the following:

- An adequate control environment;
- A solid risk management system;
- An efficient information and communication system;
- An effective monitoring process.

The head of the Audit Division is appointed by the Board of Directors after obtaining the opinions from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and from the Audit Committee, reporting hierarchically to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and functionally to the Audit Committee, being his/her suitability for the exercise of the functions subject to an assessment and prior authorisation, prior to his/her entrance into functions, by the competent supervisory authority. The head of the AUD reports hierarchically to the Chairperson of the Board of Directors and functionally to the Audit Committee. The Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is responsible for deciding on the remuneration conditions of the head of the AUD.

The Strategic Plan and the Annual Activities Plan of the Audit Division as well as eventual alteration proposals are approved by the Board of Directors and by the Audit Committee, after obtaining the prior opinion from the Executive Committee.

The Audit Committee presents regularly to the Executive Committee, to the Board of Directors and to its Chairperson, reports on the monitoring of the activity developed, in accordance with the periodicity defined at each moment, with information on the execution of the Activities Plan, main deficiencies detected and respective recommendations and status of the recommendations not yet implemented, as well as on the activities developed by the internal audit teams of the subsidiary companies abroad.

In addition and, at least once a year, the report on the follow-up of the activity, must include: (i) a global evaluation of the adequacy and efficiency of the Bank's organizational culture as a whole and of its governance and internal control systems, including of the numerous components of both systems; and (ii) a global assessment of the performance of the management and supervisory bodies and of its supporting

commissions, on the matters mentioned above; the Board of Directors must, in due, time issue an opinion on the same, after obtaining the opinion from Audit Committee and from the Executive Committee.

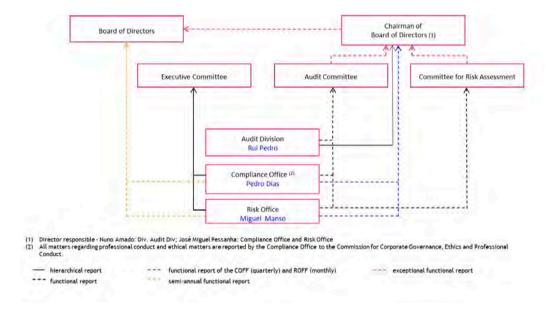
In addition, the Audit Division informs the Chairperson of the Board of Directors, the Chairperson of the Audit Committee and the Chairperson of the Executive Committee on themes under their responsibility that present material relevance for the accomplishment of the mission of those bodies, namely on any high-risk deficiency identified.

The Audit Division must also maintain and manage the Group's deficiencies database to ensure the conveyance, in due time, of complete, reliable information, updated in accordance with the guidelines in effect.

Head: Rui Manuel Pereira Pedro.

51. Details, even including organisational structure, of hierarchical and/or functional dependency in relation to other boards or committees of the company

Currently the hierarchical and/or functional dependence of the Audit Division, Compliance Office and Risk Office in relation to other corporate bodies or committees is presented in the table below:



52. Other functional areas responsible for risk control.

Alongside the control areas which constitute the risks management system - the Risk Office and the Compliance Office (as defined in Section III of Chapter IV of Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal) - and the area with duties of assessment of the adequacy and efficacy of the internal control system - the Audit Division (as per Section V of Chapter IV of the Notice 3/3030 of Banco de Portugal) - there is an information and communication system which supports decision-making and control processes, both at an internal and external level, for which the Accounting and Consolidation Division and the Research, Planning and Assets and Liabilities Management Division are responsible, which ensures the existence of substantive, current, timely and reliable information, enabling an overall and encompassing view of the financial situation, development of activity, compliance with the defined strategy and objectives, identification of the institution's risk profile, and performance and prospects of evolution of the markets.

The financial information and management process is assisted by the accounting and management support systems which record, classify, associate and archive, in a timely, systematic, reliable, complete and consistent manner, all the operations carried out by the institution and its subsidiaries, in accordance with the determinations and policies issued by the Executive Committee.

Hence, the Risk Office, the Compliance Office, the Accounting and Consolidation Division, the Research, Planning and Assets and Liabilities Management Division ensure the implementation of the procedures and means required to obtain all the relevant information for the information consolidation process at a Group level - both of accounting nature and relative to support to the management and risk monitoring and control - which should cover, namely:



- The definition of the contents and format of the information to be reported by the entities included in the consolidation perimeter, in accordance with the accounting policies and guidelines defined by the Executive Committee, as well as the dates when the reporting is required;
- The identification and control of the intra-Group operations;
- Assurance that the managerial information is consistent between the different entities, so that it is
 possible to measure and monitor the evolution and profitability of each business, verify compliance
 with the objectives that have been established, as well as evaluate and control the risks incurred by
 each entity, both in absolute and relative terms.

Still within the scope of the risks control environment, one must mention the role performed by several specialized offices which are first line structures directly reporting to the administration:

- The Office for the Validation and Monitoring of Models, which is the structure responsible for the monitoring and validation of the internal models for the assessment of risks and metrics used by the Bank and by the entities part of the Group in Portugal, functionally independent from the areas responsible for the internal models (model owners and developers) and from the Audit division, the mission of which is to ensure the quality and suitability of the risk management framework at the level of internal models, metrics and completeness of the records thereto related;
- Regulatory and Supervisory Monitoring Office whose mission is to assist the Executive Committee in
 issues deriving from the evolution shown by the regulatory framework and the practice of
 supervision and promote the coordination and / or participation, in articulation with other Divisions
 of the Bank, in transversal projects and / or with external entities, promoting the dissemination of
 knowledge and the involvement of the competent areas of the Bank, in order to achieve a
 specialized follow-up of the information and of interactions established with authorities, definition
 of a positioning and compliance with information duties towards supervisory and regulatory entities;
- The Personal Data Protection Office, whose head is the Data Protection Officer of the Bank who has
 the mission of controlling the conformity of policies and procedures of the Bank with the ones from
 the Legal Framework of Data Protection and other data protection requirements from the EU or
 from EU Member-States, including awareness and training of employees involved in personal data
 processing operations;
- The Credit Division, a division responsible for performing the functions of risk assessment and control, pursuant to its main competences: (i) appraise and issue opinions or decisions on credit proposals submitted by the Bank's business areas, as well as credit restructuring proposals submitted by the Bank's recovery areas, pursuant to the competences defined in internal regulations;; (ii) monitor and follow-up of the loan portfolio of Customers managed in the commercial areas, anticipating possible situations of default and promoting restructuring solutions whenever necessary and applicable; (iii) start up and/or participate in Bank-wide projects aimed at the improvement of credit and operating risk in the underlying internal processes/procedures, including opinions on products or services with credit risk; and (iv) develop, monitor, adjust or implement algorithms and automatic procedures to support the credit decision, detection of fraud, prevention of default, efficiency in collection and recovery:
- The Rating Division participates in the control of risks associated to loans, where its primary responsibility is the attribution of risk levels to Companies which are Bank Customers, assuring that they are appropriately assessed on an ongoing basis. In order to assure the sound pursuit of this responsibility, specialised competences in the assessment of particular segments were developed within the Rating Division, namely Small, Mid e Large Corporate, Real Estate promotion, Project Finance, State-owned companies and Funds. At the same time, the Rating Division systematically analyses the evolution of risk levels in order to assess the adequacy of the rating models used and identify matters for their fine-tuning.
- 53. Details and description of the major risks (economic, financial and legal) to which the company is exposed in pursuing its business activity.

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report 2020, in the chapter on Risk Management.

54. Description of the procedure for identification, assessment, monitoring, control and risk management

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report 2020, in the chapter on Risk Management.

55. Core details on the internal control and risk management systems implemented in the company regarding the procedure for reporting financial information

In the context of the Internal Control System and, more specifically, of the Risk Management System, the Board of Directors acquires adequate knowledge of the types of risks to which the institution is exposed and of the processes used to identify, assess, monitor and control these risks, as well as the legal obligations and duties to which the institution is subject, being responsible for ensuring that the Bank has effective internal control systems and promotes the development and maintenance of an appropriate and effective risk management system.

Hence, the administration body of Banco Comercial Português, namely through its Executive Committee (and respective specialised commissions), Audit Committee and Committee for Risk Assessment:

- Defines and reviews the overall and specific objectives with respect to risk profile or level of tolerance to risk and relative to the decision levels of the functional areas where these decisions are applicable;
- Approves policies and procedures which are specific, effective and adequate for the identification, assessment, monitoring and control of the risks to which the institution is exposed, ensuring their implementation and compliance;
- Verifies the compliance with the risk tolerance levels and risk management policies and procedures, assessing their efficacy and continuous adequacy to the institution's activity, so as to enable the detection and correction of any failures;
- Ensures that the risk management activities have sufficient independence, status and visibility and are subject to periodic reviews;
- Issues opinions on the reports prepared by the Risk Management and Compliance areas, namely, on the recommendations for the adoption of corrective measures;
- Ensures the effective implementation of its guidelines and recommendations so as to introduce corrections and/or improvements in the Risk Management System.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring the implementation and maintenance of information and reporting processes which are suitable to the institution's activity and risks, for defining the accounting policies to be adopted, for establishing the guidelines and for defining the decisions which, in the context of such policies, must be taken, in order to ensure the reliability of the financial reporting.

Therefore, and at a more operational level, it is responsible for approving the reporting or external disclosure outputs produced for this effect.

Regarding the Internal Control Report stipulated in Banco de Portugal's Notice 5/2008, in CMVM's Regulation 3/2008, and in article 245-A (1) (m) of the Securities Code, the responsibilities of the Board of Directors, through its Audit Committee - and of the Statutory Auditor are:

- On an individual basis: issue of a detailed opinion substantiated by an autonomous report of an
 external auditor different from the financial auditor, contracted for the purpose on an annual basis,
 on the efficacy/ adequacy of the Internal Control System, and issue of an opinion by the statutory
 auditor on the process of preparation and disclosure of individual financial information (Financial
 Reporting);
- On a consolidated basis: issue of an opinion by the Group's parent company, substantiated by an autonomous report of an external auditor different from the financial auditor, contracted for the purpose on an annual basis, on the efficacy/adequacy of the Control System, which should include a reflection on the coherence of the internal control systems of the branches/subsidiaries, including those abroad and off-shore establishments, where this opinion may be based on the respective opinions prepared for the effect by the supervisory bodies of each branch/subsidiary, and issue of an opinion by the statutory auditor on the process of preparation and disclosure of consolidated financial information (Financial Reporting).

These Reports were issued in 2020, with reference to May 2020.

On 15 July 2020, Banco de Portugal published the Notice 3/2020, that revoked the Notice 5/2008, on the adequacy and efficiency of the organisational culture and of the governance and internal control systems, which foresees the issue of an Annual Self-Assessment Report on these matters, which was, for the first time, delivered by the Bank to Banco de Portugal in February 2021, with reference to 31 January 2021. During the last quarter of 2020, the Bank made an initiatives plan, with the purpose of aligning the organisation and internal practices with Notice 3/2020 and comply with its reporting duties, as defined in Instruction 18/2020, that details the procedures to observe in the notice concerning the content of the Self-Assessment Reports.

IV.Investor Support

56. Department responsible for investor assistance, composition, functions, the information made available by said department and contact details.

Through the Investor Relations Division, the Bank establishes permanent dialogue with the financial world - Shareholders, Investors, Analysts and Rating Agencies, as well as with the financial markets in general and respective regulatory entities.

a) Composition of the Investor Relations Division

The Investor Relations Division is composed of a head and a staff of three employees who ensure the relation with the market.

b) Duties of the Investor Relations Division

The main duties of the Investor Relations Division are:

- promoting comprehensive, rigorous, transparent, efficient and available relations with investors and analysts, as well as with the financial markets in general and respective regulatory entities, namely with respect to the disclosure of privileged information and mandatory information, including the coordination and preparation of the Bank's report and accounts;
- monitoring the update of the evolution of the shareholder structure;
- representation of the Bank in conferences and other types of events targeting investors of debt or shares;
- collaboration with the commercial areas in the provision of institutional information and disclosure
 of the Group's activity;
- management of the relations established with Rating Agencies, including the preparation and sending of relevant information on a regular basis or related to important events.
- c) Type of information provided by the Investor Relations Division

During 2020, as in previous years, the Bank pursued broad activity related to communication with the market, adopting the recommendations of the CMVM (Portuguese stock market regulator) and the best international practices in terms of financial and institutional communication.

For purposes of compliance with the legal and regulatory obligations in terms of reporting, the Bank discloses quarterly information on the Bank's results and activity, holding press conferences and conference calls with Analysts and Investors involving the participation of members of the Board of Directors.

It also provides the Annual Report, Interim Half-year and Quarterly Reports, and publishes all the relevant and mandatory information through CMVM's information disclosure system.

In 2020 the Bank made more than 500 communications to the market, of which 50 regarding privileged information, participated in several events and attended 10 conferences (9 of which were virtual) and 5 roadshows (4 of which virtual), where it presented institutional papers and held one-to-one meetings with investors and meetings with more than 240 investors, figures that reveal the interest of investors in the Bank.

In order to deepen its relations with its shareholder base, the Bank maintained a telephone line to support shareholders, free of charge and available from 09:00 to 19:00 on business days.

The relationship with the Rating Agencies consisted, in 2020, in the holding of the following meetings:

- Annual meetings with S&P (27 March), with the DBRS (22 May), with Fitch Ratings (9 July) and with Moody's (10 September);
- 12 conference calls with the 4 above mentioned agencies that attribute rating to BCP, to debate the earnings disclosed every three months by BCP;
- 26 meetings with the above-mentioned rating agencies debated themes related with the impact of COVID-19 on BCP, the impact of the measures to support the economy announced by the Government on the Bank's activity, the quality of the assets and of capital, as well as other themes,



namely those related with the the clarification of announcements of privileged information and other materially relevant information;

 Meetings to revise the Credit Opinions, Press Releases and Rating Reports issued by the Rating Agencies in the course of the year.

All the information of relevant institutional nature disclosed to the public is available on the Bank's website, in Portuguese and English, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/Pages/Inv.aspx

d) Investor Relations Division contact information

Phone: + 351 21 113 10 84

Fax: + 351 21 113 69 82

Address: Av. Prof. Doutor Cavaco Silva, Edifício 1 Piso 0B, 2740-256 Porto Salvo, Portugal

e-mail: investors@millenniumbcp.pt

The company's website: www.millenniumbcp.pt

57. Market Liaison Officer

The Bank's representative for market relations is Bernardo Roquette de Aragão de Portugal Collaco.

58. Data on the extent and deadline for replying to the requests for information received throughout the year or pending from preceding years

During 2020, the Bank received, essentially via e-mail and telephone, a variety of requests for information from shareholders and investors. These requests were all handled and replied to, mostly within two business days. By the end of 2020, there were no outstanding requests for information relative to previous years.

V. Website

59. Address(es)

The Bank's website address is as follows: www.millenniumbcp.pt

60. Place where information on the firm, public company status, headquarters and other details referred to in Article 171 of the Commercial Companies Code is available.

The above information is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx

61. Place where the articles of association and regulations on the functioning of the boards and/or committees are available

The Bank's Articles of Association and the regulations of the governing bodies and specialised committees of the Board of Directors are available on the Bank's website at the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx

62. Place where information is available on the names of the corporate boards' members, the Market Liaison Officer, the Investor Assistance Office or comparable structure, respective functions and contact details.

The information on the identity of the members of the governing bodies is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/Pages/governacao.aspx

The information on the identity of the representative for market relations, the Investor Relations Division, respective duties and contact details are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/Pages/Inv.aspx

63. Place where the documents are available and relate to financial accounts reporting, which should be accessible for at least five years and the half-yearly calendar on company events that is published at the beginning of every six months, including, inter alia, general meetings, disclosure of annual, half-yearly and where applicable, quarterly financial statements.

The information on the financial statements relative to each financial year, semester and quarter of the last ten years (pursuant to article 245.1 of the Securities Code) is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/

The calendar of corporate events is published at the end of every year, relative to the following year, and covers the planned dates of the General Meeting and presentation of quarterly results (to the press, analysts and investors). The publication is available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/

64. Place where the notice convening the general meeting and all the preparatory and subsequent information related thereto is disclosed.

Whenever a General Meeting is convoked and on the date of the respective call notice, it is created in the website (www.millenniumbcp.pt), a temporary page to support the General Meeting of Shareholders containing all the preparatory information and supporting information for the General Meeting, together with an inbox - pmag@millenniumbcp.pt, to receive the shareholder's correspondence, namely a letter stating the intetion to participate in the meeting and proxy letters.

65. Place where the historical archive on the resolutions passed at the company's General Meetings, share capital and voting results relating to the preceding three years are available

The historical records, including the call notice, the share capital represented, the proposals submitted and results of the voting, relative to the last ten years are available on the Bank's website, on the page with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/investidores/

The Bank also discloses in the above-mentioned address and keeps it for 10 years, the historical records with the deliberations taken at the company's general meetings, the share capital represented and the results of the voting.

D. REMUNERATIONS

- I. Competence for determination
- 66. Details of the powers for establishing the remuneration of corporate boards, members of the executive committee or chief executive and directors of the company

The Remuneration and Welfare Board (CRP), pursuant to sub paragraphs a) and b) of article 14 of the Bank's Articles of Association and under the competence delegated, for the four-year period of 2018/2021, by the General Meeting, is the competent body to determine the remuneration of the governing bodies, including the members of the Executive Committee and the terms of the supplementary pensions due to retirement, old age or invalidity of executive directors.

The Remuneration and Welfare Board, together with the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations is also competent to submit, to the Bank's General Meeting, a statement on the remuneration policy for the Bank's governing bodies.

The Remunerations and Welfare Board is also competent to, in accordance with the provisions of its Regulations, in effect since 31.12.2020, analyse the regulations for the execution of the remuneration policy of the members of the corporate bodies which is sent, every year, by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and to execute a regular monitoring of the compliance with the Regulations of the Policy for the Remuneration of the members of the corporate bodies, informing the Board of Directors of its conclusions.

The Board of Directors, pursuant to article 7 (2.1.r) of its Regulations and as established in article 115-C (5) of the RGICSF, has exclusive competence to approve and review the Bank's remuneration policies and practices. In this duty, it is assisted by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations which formulates, and issues informed and independent judgements on the remuneration policy and practices and on the incentives created for purposes of risk, capital and liquidity management.

Addressed to the Remuneration and Welfare Board (RWB) and the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations (CNR), KPMG conducted an independent and specific audit, carried out in abidance by the International Standard on Related Services and by Art. 8 (4) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 153/2013 of 19 December 2012, on the remunerations that, during 2020, were paid to members of the different governing bodies and Coordinating Managers that report directly to the Board of Directors and to the Executive Committee.

In the Factual Conclusions Report issued pursuant to the validation of the remunerations established and received in 2020 by the holders of Bank's corporate offices and Coordinating Managers, KPMG concluded that the data reported to the RWB, CNR and Audit Committee was accurate and compliant and suited to the resolutions adopted by the corporate bodies with powers to do so.

II. Remuneration and Welfare Board

67. Composition of the remuneration committee, including details of individuals or legal persons recruited to provide services to said committee and a statement on the independence of each member and advisor

The remunerations commission, mentioned by article 399 of the Companies Code is elected by the General Meeting, adopts the denomination of Remunerations and Welfare Board being composed by three to five members.

Within the scope of its activities, the Remunerations and Welfare Board must take into consideration the long run interests of the shareholders, investors and of those interested in the institution and also the public interest and to prevent the decision-making of the management body from being overpowered by any person or small number of people jeopardizing the Bank's interests in general.

The Remuneration and Welfare Board was elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 30 May 2018, with the exception of Mr. Nuno Almeida Alves who was elected on 22 May 2019, to exercise functions in the four-year period 2018/2021. The Board has, currently, the following composition:

Chairman: Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia

Members: Ana Paula Alcobia Gray

Nuno Maria Pestana de Almeida Alves

During 2020, the Committee met two times and, due to the pandemic, one meeting was held through electronic means. Minutes were drawn and approved of all meetings held. It received the logistic and technical support from the Company Secretary, with the secretarial services being administered by the Company Secretary.

Attendance of the Remuneration and Welfare Board meetings by each of its members is shown in the following table:

Members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board	Attendance in Person	Attendance by Representation	Attendance by Electronic means	Total Attendance
Jorge Manuel Baptista Magalhães Correia	1	0	1	100%
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	1	0	1	100%
Nuno Maria Pestana de Almeida Alves	1	0	1	100%

The Regulations of the Remuneration and Welfare Board are available on the Bank's website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/Documents/Regimento_CRP_BCP.pdf

Traditionally, the members of the Remunerations and Welfare Board and the members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations attend the General Meetings of Shareholders held by the Bank. At the General Meeting held on 20 May 2020, held through electronic means, attended, in person, at the Bank's premises, the Chairperson of the Remunerations and Welfare Board, Mr. Jorge Magalhães Correia. The remaining members attended remotely, as well as all the members of the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations.

All the members of the Remuneration and Welfare Board exercising functions are independent regarding the executive members of the administration body., The Remunerations and Welfare Board, aiming at developing its competences in line with best international practices on remuneration issues, being able, in accordance with its Regulations, to use all the technical means it deems appropriate, including the use of external advisers paid by the Bank, contracted Mercer Portugal, an independent company and a leading worldwide company in human resources, for the provision of specialised technical advisory services, namely concerning the welfare regime of the directors exercising functions under an exclusive regime.

As neither this consultant nor any of its senior staff have privileged relations with the Board of Directors or any of its members, it is deemed that its engagement for the provision of the service cannot whatsoever affect the independence of this consultant in relation to the Bank or its Board of Directors.

In 2020, the Bank paid the amount of 50.000,00 euros to the member, Nuno Maria Pestana de Almeida, an amount established by the General Meeting held on 22 May 2019, when he was elected.

68. Knowledge and experience in remuneration policy issues by members of the Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remunerations and Welfare Board exercised, in the past, top positions in banking and financial companies or large listed companies, a fact that gives them professional experience, knowledge and the adequate profile in what concerns the remunerations policy, as may be seen in the respective curricula, namely in Annex II.

III. Structure of remunerations

69. Description of the remuneration policy for the management and supervisory bodies

The Remuneration and Welfare Board, after hearing the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations, submitted to the General Meeting of 20 May 2020, with a binding character, the Remuneration Policy of the members of the management and supervisory bodies, including the Executive Committee, which was approved by 95.20% of the votes cast, being the meeting attended by shareholders or their representatives holding 61.31% of the share capital. The most relevant aspects are transcribed below.

An updated Policy, due alterations introduced by Law 50/2020 and by Notice 3/2020 of Banco de Portugal, will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting to be held on 20 May 2021.

"1. Basic Principles

The Remuneration Policy of the Members of Management and Supervision Bodies (MMSB) of Banco Comercial Português S.A. is based on a set of principles aiming to ensure:

 a) A governance model able of promoting the alignment of the interests of all stakeholders, namely in what concerns the sustainability of short, medium- and long-term earnings and a prudent management of risk;

- b) a competitive fixed remuneration enabling to attract and retain competent professionals and a variable remuneration intended to stimulate individual and collective performance, as well as reward the results achieved, in line with the current and future bank's risk appetite;
- the attribution of benefits, namely in what concerns the retirement complement, aligned with market practices;
- d) the compliance with the applicable regulations and guidelines in terms of procedures and remuneration policy;
- e) Behaviours and commercial practices in line with the interests and needs of the Group's Customers.

For that purpose, it pertains to the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations (CNR), the definition and annual revision of the principles defining the remuneration policy of the MMSB and submit such policy, for approval, at the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank.

It is the responsibility of the Committee for Risk Assessment (CRA) to examine if the incentives established in the Bank's policy for the remuneration of MMSB take into consideration the risk, capital, liquidity and expectations concerning income at any given time.

Whenever the CNR does not have, at least, a member of the Committee for Risk Assessment in its composition, the latter must indicate a representative to participate in the meetings of the CNR having the remuneration issue in the Agenda.

For the making of the proposal on the Remuneration Policy and supervision of its implementation, the CNR must consult the RWB and get contributions and support from different areas of the BCP, especially from the following ones:

- a) The Risk area, an area which should be involved to ensure that limits are not exceeded in terms of risk, total equity, and liquidity of the institution, contributing for the definition of the measures for implementing the variable remuneration based on risk, namely ex ante and ex post measures and verify if the variable remuneration structure is in line with the Group's risk profile and culture;
- b) The Human Resources Division, which should contribute to the preparation and evaluation of the Policy for the Remuneration of Employees, namely regarding the structure and levels of remuneration and estimation of the amounts of AVR to attribute, taking into account strategic and budgetary goals, employee profile, retention strategies and market conditions;
- c) The Compliance area, which must analyse in what extent the principles and practices of the Remuneration Policy may affect the Group BCP's capacity to comply with legislation, regulations, rulings, internal requirements and the respect for the company's culture, reporting to the RWB and to CNR any anomalous situation which may prove able of jeopardizing or compromise that compliance;
- d) The Internal Audit Division, which must develop annual independent mechanisms for the validation / revision of the design of the Remuneration Policy and for its implementation, calculation and respective effects

In the independent analysis for the implementation of the Remuneration Policy, the CNR, with the support from the Internal Audit, will verify the implementation and compliance with the remuneration policies and procedures adopted and will communicate its conclusions to the RWB.

While making the proposal for the Remuneration Policy, the RWB must also follow clear and transparent procedures, which are documented; the documents regarding the making of the proposal and making of decisions must be kept by means of minutes of meetings, reports and other relevant documents.

The CNR may hire independent and qualified experts and external consultants for support, to assist one or more of its members in the performance of its functions and that contribute and support the performance of its duties.

It is considered essential that the fixed remuneration represents a sufficiently high portion of the total remuneration to ensure the adequate balance between the fixed and variable components of the total remuneration.

The variable remuneration is in line with the strategy defined for the Bank and with the Bank's objectives, values, and long-term interests. This way, the Bank guarantees a sustainable performance, adjusted to its risk profile.



In accordance with these principles, the attribution of a variable remuneration is linked with the performance and on the sustainable growth of the Bank's income and adequacy of its capital ratios, as well as on the market conditions and on the possible risks, able of affecting the business. This way, the Bank is able to guarantee a model that is financially sustainable and does not jeopardizes the institution, its depositors, employees, shareholders and remaining stakeholders.

The remuneration earned by the Director responsible for Risk and Compliance translates the need to guarantee a greater independence versus the Bank's performance; therefore the Bank must privilege qualitative indicators as well as quantitative indicators related with the compliance with the behavioural and prudential rules in the calculation of the variable remuneration.

Are also foreseen reduction (malus) and reversion (clawback) mechanisms, in the whole or only in a portion of the variable remuneration in order to be able to comply with the legal and regulatory requirements and also observe the recommendations and guidelines issued by the competent entities. The ability to totally or partially reduce (malus) the payment of a deferred remuneration, the payment of which is not yet an acquired right, as well as to, partially or totally retain the payment of a variable remuneration, the payment of which is an acquired right, (claw-back), is limited to extremely significant events, duly identified and wherein the individuals involved had a direct participation.

The application of the claw-back mechanism must be supplementary to the reduction (malus) mechanism, i.e. in case of occurrence of an extremely significant event, the application of the reduction mechanism (malus) shall be a priority and only when the latter is deemed used up and insufficient or other criteria for the application of this mechanism are in effect, resulting from the applicable legal framework and EBA guidelines, should one consider using this mechanism.

Article 1

(Object)

This Policy establishes the rules for the attribution of the annual fixed remuneration, of the annual variable remuneration, long term variable remuneration and other benefits able of being attributed to the members of the corporate bodies of the Company, including the Retirement Regimea.

Article 2

(Definitions)

The following expressions and acronyms, when capitalized, shall have the following meaning:

- i) BCP, Bank or Company Banco Comercial Português, S.A.
- ii) CEO Chairperson of the Executive Committee
- iii) CNR Committe for Nominations and Remunerations
- iv) CRO Chief Risk Officer
- v) RWB The Remuneration and Welfare Board
- vi) Autonomous Document Document stating, in the first part, the specific amounts of the remuneration of the different members of the corporate bodies approved by the RWB, and in the second part, the calculation formulas, indicators or indexes to use in the calculations, being the latter approved by means of a joint resolution issued by CNR and RWB.
- vii) Group or Group BCP includes the Company and all the companies in a control or group relationship with the Company, Millenniumbcp Prestação de Serviços ACE, Fundação Millenniumbcp and Clube Millenniumbcp
- viii) AVR Evaluation Period -period of time from 1 January to 31 December, respectively of 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2021.
- ix) LTVR Evaluation Period period of time from 1 January 2018 until 31 December 2021.
- x) AVR Attribution Price corresponds to the average of closing prices of the shares of the Company recorded during the two months prior to the beginning of each AVR evaluation period.
- xi) LTVR Attribution Price corresponds to the average of closing prices of the shares of the Company recorded during the two months prior to the beginning of each LTVR evaluation period.

- xii) PSI20 Portuguese stock index PSI20 Index composed of the companies chosen at each moment by the competent bodies of Euronext Lisbon Sociedade Gestora de Mercados Regulamentados, S.A.
- xiii) Retirement supplement the Retirement Supplement regime due to old age or disability to be paid by the company, foreseen in article 17 of the Company's articles of association.
- xiv) AFR annual fixed remuneration.
- xv) AVR annual variable remuneration.
- xvi) Target AVR Annual variable remuneration corresponding to 100% compliance with the quantitative and qualitative objectives mentioned in the applicable annexes.
- xvii) LTVR long-term variable remuneration.
- xviii) Target LTVR Long-term variable remuneration corresponding to 100% compliance with the objectives mentioned in the applicable annexes.
- xix) Stoxx Europe 600 Banks Index (SX7P) Index of shares composed by large European Banks.
- xx) TSR total shareholder return , estimated by means of the following equation the data of which are obtained through an independent and recognized market information platform (ex: Bloomberg or Reuters): [(Average of the closing prices of the shares for the two months prior to the end of the evaluation period Average of the closing prices of the shares for the two months prior to the beginning of the evaluation period) + Dividends per share paid to the shareholders in that period] / Average of the closing prices of the shares for the two months prior to the beginning of the evaluation period, adjusting stock prices to reflect the effects of share capital increases, incorporation of reserves or similar transactions. The dividends to consider are those that, in relation to the date of approval, have been more recently approved.
- xxi) Member Member of the Executive Committee.
- xxii) VC Vice-Chairperson of the Executive Committee.

Chapter I

Members of the Company's Corporate Bodies

Article 3

(Annual Fixed Remuneration, Variable Remuneration and Benefits)

- 1. The establishment of the remunerations and benefits of the Members of the Corporate Bodies is made by the RWB and, since they are defined for the term-of-office may, for situations recognized as exceptional, be revised by the RWB in the course of the same.
- 2. The members of the Executive Committee and the non-executive Directors exercising functions under an exclusive regime, are also entitled to the benefits foreseen in article 12.

Chapter II

Members of the Board of the General Meeting

Article 4

(Annual Fixed Remuneration)

- 1. The members of the Board of the General Meeting of the Company are entitled to an annual fixed remuneration established by the RWB, paid in four quarterly payments and to corporate bodies health insurances subscribed by the bank and at each moment in effect.
- 2. The remuneration set forth in 1. at any given moment is mentioned in the Autonomous Document.

Chapter III

Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors

Article 5

(Annual Fixed Remuneration)



- 1. The non-executive members of the Board of Directors of the Company are entitled to an annual fixed remuneration divided into 12 monthly payments and to the health insurance subscribed by the Bank at each moment for its Employees and Executive Directors.
- 2. The remuneration set forth in 1. at any given moment is mentioned in the Autonomous Document.
- 3. The RWB may, pursuant to a request made by the Director, resolve not to attribute remuneration to non-executive member(s) of the Board of Directors who is/are related with shareholders holders of a qualified stake.

Chapter IV

Executive Members of the Board of Directors

Article 6

(Annual Fixed Remuneration)

- 1. The members of the Executive Committee are entitled to a annual fixed remuneration paid in 14 monthly instalments, described in the Autonomous Document.
- 2. The retirement pension supplement due to old age and disability mentioned in article 13 does not have a discretionary nature; therefore, it is a fixed remuneration.

Article 7

(Variable Remuneration)

- 1. The members of the Executive Committee may also earn a variable remuneration composed by a component attributed by the RWB by reference to the financial year to which it concerns (AVR) and by a long-term component (LTVR) attributed by reference to the entire term-of-office.
- 2. The attribution and establishment of the AVR and of the LTVR pertains to the RWB and depends on the favourable opinion issued by the CNR, on the compliance with the rules herein established and on the compliance with the remaining requirements of the Autonomous Document.
- 3. The variable remuneration, both the annual and long-term components, may not be attributed under exceptional conditions, namely if, after an opinion issued by the Audit Committee, the Committee for Risk Assessment, it is found that:
 - i) there is not a strong base of own funds;
 - ii) its attribution could unduly limit the Company's ability to strengthen its own capital; or
 - iii) the attribution of the same does not observe the applicable legislation, regulations and guidelines.
- 4. The addition of the components of the annual and pluri-annual variable remuneration of the several directors due in each year, cannot exceed, in its whole, 2the amount set forth in the Bank's articles of Association.
- 5. The attribution of the variable remuneration is subject to the positive performance of own funds under a prudential perspective (value of capital for purposes of the estimation of the CET1 of the Group), and may, by decision made by the RWB after listening to the CNR and the Committee for Risk Assessment, not be considered extraordinary operations that, for their size and/or impact, affect the capital.
- 6. No guaranteed variable remuneration shall be granted, except when hiring a new executive director and only in the first year of activity and it will only be granted by the RWB if, pursuant to an opinion from the Audit Committee and the Committee for Risk Assessment, the institution has a solid and strong capital base.
- 7. Only for purposes of estimating the attributable variable remuneration, the amounts corresponding to the pension supplementary regimes are not considered AFR.
- 8. The variable component of the remuneration is associated with the performance. Therefore, its total value may vary from zero, if the degree of accomplishment of the goals is under the defined threshold, and a maximum that can, in each year and in compliance with the conditions established in this document and with the law, exceed twice the AFR.

- 9. The AVR will be paid 50% in cash and 50% in BCP shares in the deferred portion and in the non-deferred portion.
- 10. Except if expressly requested by the beneficiary Director, the number of shares to deliver in compliance with the provisions of the previous paragraph will be the one corresponding to the amount to pay in shares, net of income tax.
- 11. Each beneficiary cannot, in any case whatsoever, receive a variable remuneration that, after the number of share is converted (evaluated at the attribution price) reach a total exceeding 200% the respective AFR, either in an year when there is only AVR or in years when there are AVR and LTVR.
- 12. Whenever the variable remuneration, calculated in accordance with the previous number, exceeds the component of the value of the AFR, the amount exceeding the AFR shall only be due in the extent that the same is inferior to 200% of the respective AFR and can only be paid after being approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders (in accordance with the provisions of article 115-F of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies), pursuant a proposal made by the RWB, after listening to the CNR, the Committee for Risk Assessment, the Risk Officer and the Compliance Officer.
- 13. The definition of the quantitative indicators is made by the CNR, after listening to the Committee for Risk Assessment and is made based on the Bank's strategic goals, being also considered as a integral component of the process for the definition of the key-risk indicators so as to ensure an alignment of the risk profile of the executive members of the board of directors with the level of risk able of being tolerated by the Bank.
- 14. The variable remuneration of the CRO privileges qualitative and quantitative indicators related with the compliance with the prudential and behavioural rules, as well as the performance shown by the Bank's risk profile.
- 15. As foreseen in no. 15 of article 115-E of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies, no relevant hedging mechanisms may be used with the purpose of attenuating the effects of alignment with the risk inherent to the types of remuneration, and no variable remuneration can be paid by means of special purpose vehicles or other methods with an equivalent effect.

(Annual Variable Remuneration)

- 1. The AVR considers the following values (without damaging the provisions of article 7 (10 and 11):
 - i) Target AVR 42% of the respective total AFR (corresponding to 60% of the addition of the Target AVR with the Target LTVR);
 - ii) Maximum AVR attributable 63% of the respective AFR.
- 2. The CNR, after listening to the RWB, the Committee for Risk Assessment and the Audit Committee may through a duly grounded written document to be recorded in a minutes of meeting apply an adjustment factor of the percentages provided for in the preceding paragraph, with a minimum of 25% and a maximum of +25%, namely to cover possible risks, current and future ones, cost of own funds and of liquidity required by the BCP Group, as well as to translate exceptional performances by the Bank.
- 3. When the adjustment factor implies a positive or negative variation equal or greater than 12.5%t, that is, 50%, of the one indicated in no. 2 above, it will have to be justified in writing.
- 4. The computation of the AVR amount is based on the results of the performance evaluation throughout the AVR Evaluation Period in question and results from the sum of two autonomous and independent components:
 - i) 80% of the amount is based on the evaluation of the level of compliance with the quantitative objectives (corporate KPIs);
 - ii) 20% of the amount is based on the evaluation of performance of each director regarding the qualitative objectives.
- 5. The corporate KPIs are established, each year, by the CNR, after listening to the RWB, based on the Business Plan or Budget for the respective period, previously approved by the Board of Directors, which will be part of the Autonomous Document.



- 6. The KPIs mentioned in the preceding paragraph should be in line with the goals of the activity plan and take into account the risk appetite defined by the Bank and the capital and liquidity plans, being defined KPIs for the global performance of the Bank and differentiated KPIs for each director, adjusted to his/her areas of responsibility.
- 7. The values of the corporate KPIs defined for each year will be mentioned in the Autonomous Document.
- 8. The calculation of the amounts of the AVR shall be made by the Bank's Division in charge of Planning and Management Control and shall be audited by the Internal Audit Division and, pursuant to a resolution adopted by the RWB, those estimations may be validated by an external independent entity.
- 9. The attribution of the AVR depends on the performance recorded for each corporate KPI, being calculated as follows (without damaging the provisions of article 7 (10 and 11):
 - i) If the performance recorded falls under 80% of the established KPI, no AVR shall be attributed for that quantitative objective;
 - ii) If the performance recorded is between 80% and 90% of the KPI established, shall be attributed the amount placed in the interval 70% and 80% of the target AVR of that objective as per the Autonomous Document;
 - iii) If the performance recorded is between 90% and 110%, the KPI established, shall be attributed the amount placed in the interval 80% and 120% of the target AVR of that objective, as per the Autonomous Document;
 - iv) If the performance recorded is between 110% and 150%, the KPI established, shall be attributed the amount placed in the interval 120% and 150% of the AVR target of that objective, as per the Autonomous Document;
 - v) If the performance recorded attains 150% of the objective or more, shall be attributed the amount corresponding to 150% of the AVR ta target of that objective, as per the Autonomous Document.
- 10. The attribution of the AVR corresponds to the performance regarding the corporate KPIs of BCP, defined for each director, as mentioned in the Autonomous Document and is dependent on the verification of a weighted average equal to or greater than 80% of KPIs defined concerning the Bank's global performance.
- 11. The AVR attributed to each executive member due to the corporate KPIs, results from the following equation: percentage of the target AVR based on the performance in accordance with the provisos of number $8 \times 80\%$.
- 12. The qualitative evaluation of the members of the Executive Committee will pertain to the CNR, after listening to the non-executive Chairperson and Vice-Chairpersons of the Board of Directors and the Chairperson of the Executive Committee, who will only issue an opinion concerning the remaining members of the Executive Committee.
- 13. The annual weighted evaluation of the qualitative objectives will be able of being measured and estimated in accordance with a table/questionnaire approved by the CNR, after listening to the RWB, the Compliance Officer and the person in charge of Human Resources.
- 14. The global performance of the qualitative objectives is a result of the weighted average of the objectives mentioned in the Autonomous Document (rounded to the unit), with the weight mentioned in number 3 ii) of this article and in accordance with the following parameters:
 - i) If the global performance recorded is lower than level 2 ("Somewhat Lower than Expected"), no excess regarding the AVR will be estimated, as such;
 - ii) If the performance recorded is between level 2 ("Lower than Expected") and level 3 ("Meets the Expectations"), shall be attributed the amount placed in the interval 60% and 100% of the target AVR for that objective, as per the Autonomous Document;
 - iii) If the performance recorded is between level 3 ("Meets the Expectations") and level 4 ("Above Expectations"), shall be attributed the amount placed in the interval 100% and 130% of the target AVR for that objective, as per the Autonomous Document;

- 15. The non-deferred component of the AVR is paid in the month following the date of approval of the Earnings by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ("AVR Payment Date").
- 16. Without damaging the provisions of article 7 (10 and 11), the AVR shall be deferred in 40% throughout a five-year period being paid a fifth each year, on the AVR Payment Date, being the payment made 50% in cash and 50% in Company shares in the deferred component and in the non-deferred part. If the AVR equals or exceeds two thirds of the AFR of each member, 60% of that amount must be paid in a deferred manner.
- 17. The number of shares to attribute to each executive director results from the quotient between the value of the AVR, estimated after the assessment of the performance and the "Price of attribution of the AVR".
- 18. The shares of the Company attributed as AVR, in accordance with 16 above, are subject to a retention policy for a period of one year commencing on the AVR Payment Date; therefore, the executive director will not be able to sell them, except for the provisos of the following number, during the 12 months following their delivery.
- 19. The executive director may sell or encumber the shares in the amount necessary to cover the totality of taxes and contributions to pay due to the attribution of the shares. As an alternative, the director will be able to choose the "sell-to-cover" regime, through which the number of shares that will be delivered to him/her will already be deducted from the number of shares which must be sold in order to pay taxes and contributions corresponding to the total value of the shares attributed.
- 20. If the member of the Executive Committee is not elected for a new term-of-office, the unavailability regime foreseen in article 17 above will continue to be in effect.
- 21. If the member of the Executive Committee leaves office, for any reason other than removal with just cause, after the end of the evaluation period but before the payment of the AVR, the AVR corresponding to that evaluation period will be paid in full, corresponding to that evaluation period, in compliance with the deferment periods and composition (cash or shares).
- 22. The payment of the AVR corresponding to the evaluation period during which the termination of functions of the member of the Executive Committee occurs, shall not be due, except in situations of termination of functions by agreement, retirement, death, disability or any other cause for the cessation of the term of office due to a cause not imputable to the Executive Director, namely the alteration of the control of the Company, among other, following a takeover bid or other fact outside the Executive's Director will, in which case there will be a proposal for a *pro rata temporis* attribution of AVR, after a resolution adopted by the RWB after listening to the CNR being that the maximum amount of the indemnity must take into account the average of the AVR of the last 3 years or of a lesser number of years in case the director was in office for a period of time inferior to 3 years.
- 23. In case a new non-executive director initiate his/her functions in the middle of the term, he/she will be entitled to a "po-rata temporis" of the AVR and of the LTVR.

(Long-Term Variable Remuneration)

- 1. The long-term variable remuneration (LTVR) is exclusively paid by means of the attribution of shares of the Company taking into consideration the following benchmark values ("Target") and maximum limits (without damaging the provisions of article 7 (10 and 11):
 - i) Target LTVR 28% of the respective total AFR (corresponding to 40% of the addition of the Target AVR with the Target LTVR);;
 - ii) Maximum value of LTVR 42% of the respective AFR of the LTVR evaluation period.
- 2. The CNR, after listening to the RWB, the Committee for Risk Assessment and the Audit Committee may apply an adjustment factor of the percentages provided for in the preceding paragraph, with a minimum of -25% and a maximum of +25%, namely to cover possible risks, current and future ones, cost of own funds and of liquidity required by the BCP Group, as well as to translate exceptional performances by the Bank.
- 3. When the adjustment factor implies a positive or negative variation equal or greater than 12.5%t, that is, 50%, of the one indicated in no. 2 above, it will have to be justified in writing.



- 4. The estimation of the number of shares corresponding to the LTVR to attribute is based on the results of the performance evaluation made during the LTVR evaluation period, being assessed in accordance with the Autonomous Document.
- 5. The attribution of LTVR regarding the performance foreseen in the previous paragraph depends on the degree of compliance with the objectives as of 31 December 2021 set forth in the Autonomous Document.
- 6. The performance evaluation components are of a quantitative nature and are established by the CNR, after listening to the RWB, being described in the Autonomous Document.
- 7. In case there is an operation altering the perimeter of BCP with relevant impact and the Board of Directors approves the alteration of the objectives of the Strategic Plan, the evaluation components must be revised accordingly by the CNR, after getting the opinion from the RWB.
- 8. The LTVR should be paid in the month following the date of approval of the financial statements by the General Meeting of Shareholders ("LTVR Payment Date"), by attributing shares of the Company in accordance with the terms and conditions foreseen in the Policy.
- 9. Without damaging the provisions of article 7 (10 and 11), the LTVR shall be deferred in 40% throughout a 3-year period and paid on the LTVR Payment Date, a third each year. If the LTVR, in relation to each member, is equal or above two thirds of the AFRs due in the LTVR evaluation period, the amount deferred will correspond to 60%.
- 10. The number of shares to attribute to each executive director results from the quotient between the value of the LTVR, estimated after the assessment of the performance and the Price of attribution of the LTVR.
- 11. The payment of the LTVR requires the full exercise of the term-of-office for which the executive director was appointed, except in situations of termination of functions by agreement, retirement, death, disability or any other cause for an early cessation of the term of office due to a cause not imputable to the Executive Director, namely the alteration of the control of the Company, among other, following a takeover bid, in which case there will be a pro rata temporis attribution of LTRV, after a resolution adopted by the RWB, after listening to the CNR, at the end of the Plan's term.
- 12. If the member of the Executive Committee leaves office, for any reason other than removal with just cause, after the end of the evaluation period but before the payment of the LTVR, the same will be paid in full, corresponding to that evaluation period, in compliance with the deferment periods and composition (cash or shares) foreseen in the applicable regulations.
- 13. The shares of the Company attributed as LTVR are subject to a retention policy for a period of one year commencing from the date the LTVR is paid so that during the 12 months following their delivery, the director is unable to sell them, except in the cases mentioned in the following number.
- 14. The executive director may sell or encumber the shares in the amount necessary to cover the totality of taxes and contributions to pay due to the attribution of the shares. As an alternative, the director will be able to choose the "sell-to-cover" regime, through which the number of shares that will be delivered to him/her will already be deducted from the number of shares which must be sold in order to pay taxes and contributions corresponding to the total value of the shares attributed.
- 15. If the member of the Executive Committee is not elected for a new term-of-office, the unavailability regime foreseen in article 13 above will continue to be in effect.
- 16. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 9, the computation of the final amount of the LTVR will consider the amount of the AVR and the limitations foreseen in article 7 (10 and 11).

(Termination of functions before the end of the term-of-office)

- 1. The Director who terminates functions before the end of the term-of office for reasons other than due to renunciation or dismissal with just cause, will be entitled to a compensation to be estimated by the CNR and resolved by the RWB, after listening to the Committee for Risk Assessment.
- 2. The compensation to attribute in compliance with the provisions of the previous paragraph cannot be qualified as a fixed remuneration and its payment must be subject to the signing of a non-competition

commitment for a period of time corresponding to the end of the term-of-office under way on the date of the removal.

3. The amounts to be attributed in compliance with the provisions of number one cannot exceed the global fixed remuneration that would be due until the end of the term-of-office plus, in the case of non-executive directors, of an amount corresponding to the average of the AVR attributed to him/her during the years he/she was in office in the term-of-office when he/she ceased to exercise functions.

Article 11

(Malus and clawback clauses)

- 1. The entire variable remuneration, regardless of the establishment, or not, of acquired rights, is subject to reduction or reversion mechanisms whenever it is proven that the Executive Director participated in or was responsible for a performance that resulted into significant losses for the Group or ceased to comply with the suitability and good repute criteria until the date of the last payment of the variable remuneration in the case of the reduction mechanism and up to 3 years after payment of the deferred remuneration in the case of the reversion mechanism.
- 2. The ability to totally or partially reduce (malus) the payment of a deferred remuneration, the payment of which is not yet an acquired right, as well as the refund of variable remuneration, paid or whose payment already constitutes an acquired right, (claw-back), is limited to significant events, duly identified and wherein the individuals involved had, with malicious intent or gross negligence, an active participation.
- 3. The reduction or reversion of the variable remuneration should always be related with the performance or the risk and should respond to the effective results of risks or alterations in the continuing risks faced by the Group, the Bank or by the areas of the responsibility of the executive director in question and should not be based on the amount of dividends paid or on the shares price performance.
- 4. The application of the claw-back mechanism must be supplementary to the reduction (malus) mechanism, i.e. in case of occurrence of a significant event, the application of the reduction mechanism (malus) shall be a priority and only when the latter is deemed used up, is insufficient, or while it is assessed if the Director significantly contributed for the negative financial performance of the Group and also in case of fraud or offences with malicious intent or serious negligence which caused significant losses, should one consider using the reversion mechanism (claw-back).
- 5. In any circumstance and concerning the application of malus or claw-back mechanisms, the guidelines from EBA (European Banking Authority) that are in effect at the time will always have to be observed and complied with.
- 6. The occurrence of the situations described in this article is supervised by the CNR and the application of those mechanisms shall be made after a consultation made to the RWB, the Committee for Risk Assessment, the Audit Committee and the Chairperson of the Board of Directors.

Article 12

(Benefits)

The members of the Executive Committee and the non-executive directors exercising functions under an exclusive regime, are entitled to the following benefits:

- i. Health insurance, credit card and mobile phone, in line with what is attributed to the remaining bank employees.
- ii. Retirement Supplement.

Article 13

(Supplemental retirement pension for disability and old age)

- 1. The directors shall benefit from the social security regime applicable in each case.
- 2. The directors are also entitled to a Retirement Supplement formed by capitalization insurance contracts of which each director will be the beneficiary.

- M
- 3. Pursuant to an agreement established with each director, the capitalization insurance contract may be replaced by contributions to pension funds with a defined contribution.
- 4. The amount of the contributions of the Bank, within the scope of the two previous paragraphs, shall be established on a yearly basis by RWB, after listening to the CNR's opinion.
- 5. The Bank's annual contribution for the plan set forth in the previous paragraph is equal to the value, before applying any income tax deductions for individuals, corresponding to 20% of the annual gross fixed remuneration defined at any given time by the RWB.
- 6. The Bank shall not bear any additional expenses with the retirement and disability pensions after the termination of each director's functions.
- 7. The right to the supplement shall only become effective if the beneficiary retires due to old age or disability, under the terms of the social security regime applicable to him/her.
- 8. At the time of the retirement, the beneficiary may choose to redeem the capital if and to the extent that the contract underlying the alternative chosen by him/her, so allows.
- 9. In case of death before retirement, the right to receive the accrued capital shall remain effective pursuant to the applicable provisions established by the contract or by law.

(Pension discretionary benefits)

It is not envisaged the attribution of pension discretionary benefits, based on the Bank's performance or on the individual performance or on any other factors with a discretionary nature. However, the General Meeting of Shareholders may approve the attribution of an extraordinary contribution in accordance with article 13 (6) above.

Article 15

(Remuneration earned due to the performance of other functions related with BCP)

- 1. Considering that the remuneration of the executive members of the Board of Directors, as well as the one of the non-executive directors exercising functions under an exclusive regime is intended to directly compensate the activities they carry out directly at the Bank or in related companies (namely companies in a control or group relation with BCP) or in corporate bodies to which they have been appointed by indication or in representation of the Bank, the net value of the remunerations received annually for such duties by each member of the Board of Directors exercising functions under an exclusive regime will be deducted from their respective AFR.
- 2. It is the obligation and responsibility of each member of the Board of Directors to inform the Bank of any additional compensation they may have received, for the purposes of complying with the procedure established above.

Article 16

(Insurances)

- 1. The Directors must subscribe to a director bond in abidance by article 396 of the Companies Code.
- 2. In addition, the Bank subscribes to a Directors & Officers insurance policy following market practices.
- 70. Information on how remuneration is structured so as to enable the aligning of the interests of the members of the board of directors with the company's long-term interests and how it is based on the performance assessment and how it discourages excessive risk taking

On this issue, see item 69. - articles 7 and 8.

71. Reference, where applicable, to there being a variable remuneration component and information on any potential impact of the performance appraisal on this component.

On this issue, see item 69. - articles 7 to 9.

72. The deferred payment of the remuneration's variable component and specify the relevant deferral period.

On this issue, please see item 69. - article 8 (16).

73. The criteria whereon the allocation of variable remuneration on shares is based, and also on maintaining company shares that the executive directors have had access to, on the possible share contracts, including hedging or risk transfer contracts, the corresponding limit and its relation to the total annual remuneration value

On this issue, please see item 69. - article 8.(8 to 14 and 17 to 19).

74. The criteria whereon the allocation of variable remuneration on options is based and details of the deferral period and the exercise price.

During the financial year to which this report relates to, the Bank did not attribute a variable remuneration on options to the executive members of the Board of Directors.

75. The key factors and grounds for any annual bonus scheme and any additional non-financial benefits

The remuneration conditions of the employees are described in items 69. and 77. - A and B. Apart from the health insurance, under a regime identical to the totality of the Bank's Employees, of which all directors benefit from, and the right of the executive directors or those under an exclusive regime to use car and phone, the Bank's directors do not receive other non-financial benefits.

Some directors with employment ties to the Bank have been granted mortgage loans prior to the respective election, under the conditions foreseen in the Work Collective Agreement of Group BCP, as mentioned in note 51 to the consolidated financial statements, that also identify the limits and conditions of the respective private credit cards.

76. Key characteristics of the supplementary pensions or early retirement schemes for directors and state date when said schemes were approved at the general meeting, on an individual basis.

The arrangement for retirement due to old age or invalidity of members of the Executive Committee is defined in article 17 of the Articles of Association and in the document approved at the General Meeting held on 21 April 2016, transcribed below.

- "1. The directors shall benefit from the social security regime applicable in each case.
- 2. The directors are also entitled to a Retirement Supplement formed by capitalization insurance contracts of which each director will be the beneficiary.
- 3. Pursuant to an agreement established with each director, the capitalization insurance contract may be replaced by contributions to pension funds with a defined contribution.
- 4. The amount of the contributions of the Bank, within the scope of the two previous paragraphs, is established on a yearly basis by the Remunerations and Welfare Board, after obtaining the opinion from the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations.
- 5. The Bank's annual contribution for the plan set forth in the previous paragraph is equal to the value, before applying any income tax deductions for individuals, corresponding to 20% of the annual gross fixed remuneration defined at any given time by the Remunerations and Welfare Board.
- 6. The Bank shall not bear any additional expenses with the retirement and disability pensions after the termination of each director's functions.
- 7. The right to the supplement shall only become effective if the beneficiary retires due to old age or disability, under the terms of the social security regime applicable to him/her.
- 8. At the time of the retirement, the beneficiary may choose to redeem the capital if and to the extent that the contract underlying the alternative chosen by him/her, so allows.
- 9. In case of death before retirement, the right to receive the accrued capital shall remain effective pursuant to the applicable provisions established by the contract or by law."



The attribution of pension discretionary benefits based on the Bank's performance or on the individual performance or on any other factors with a discretionary nature is not envisaged. However, the General Meeting of Shareholders may approve the attribution of an extraordinary contribution.

The costs with the retirement supplements paid the the 2020 financial year are described in the following table:

Chairman and Executive Members of the Board of Directors	Position	Retirement Supplement (€)	Income tax withheld from Retirement Supplement (€)	Amount transferred to the Pension Fund (€)
Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado	Chairman of the Board of Directors	138,000.00	62,232.00	75,768.00
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	Vice-Chairman of the BofD and Chairman of the EC	129,999.96	58,366.00	71,633.96
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Braganca	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	103,999.98	44,926.00	59,073.98
Joao Nuno de Oliveira Jorge Palma	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	103,999.98	45,962.00	58,037.98
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	Member of the Executive Committee	91,000.00	41,036.00	49,964.00
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha	Member of the Executive Committee	91,000.00	41,036.00	49,964.00
Maria José Henriques Barreto Matos de Campos	Member of the Executive Committee	91,000.00	18,200.00	72,800.00
	Total	748,999.92	311,758.00	437,241.92

The Retirement Regulations of the Executive Directors is available on the Bank's website at:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/pt/Institucional/governacao/

IV. Disclosure of remunerations

77. Details on the amount relating to the annual remuneration paid as a whole and individually to members of the company's board of directors, including fixed and variable remuneration and as regards the latter, reference to the different components that gave rise to same, as well as quantitative information on the remuneration paid to the different categories of employees, foreseen in article 115-C (2) of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies

In the financial year of 2020, the amount of the fixed remuneration paid as a whole and individually to members of the company's board of directors (executive and non-executive) is shown in the following table:

A - Annual Fixed Remuneration

			al Fixed Remune			
Non-Executive Members of the Board of Directors	Position	A Paid Directly by BCP (€)	B Paid Through Other Companies (a) (€)	A + B Remuneration of the Corporate Bodies set BCP (€)	Income tax withheld (€)	Note:
Nuno Manuel da Silva Amado	Chairman of the Board of Directors	656,283.96	33,716.04	690,000.00	295,989.00	
Jorge Manuel Baptista Miagalhaes Correia	Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors	110,000.04	0.00	110,000.04	43,224.00	
Ana Paula Alcobia Gray	Member of the Board of Directors	125,000.04	0.00	125,000.04	42,240.00	
Jose Manuel Alves Elias da Costa	Member of the Board of Directors	139,763.84	0.00	139,763.84	48,725.00	Resumed his duties, which were suspended, from 15/01/2020
Julia Gu	Member of the Board of Directors	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	No longer receiving remunerations, at her request, as of May 2018
Lingjiang Xu	Member of the Board of Directors	125,000.04	0.00	125,000.04	50,364.00	
Teofilo Cesar Ferreira da Fonseca	Member of the Board of Directors	155,000.04	0.00	155,000.04	63,384.00	
	Sub-total	1,311,047.96	33,716.04	1,344,764.00	543,926.00	
Members of the Audit Committee						
Cidália Maria Mota Lopes	Chairwoman of the Audit Committee	155,000.04	0.00	155,000.04	63,384.00	
Fernando da Costa Lima	Member of the Audit Committee	125,000.04	0.00	125,000.04	50,364.00	
Valter Rui Dias de Barros	Member of the Audit Committee	135,000.00	0.00	135,000.00	33,744.00	
Wan Sin Long	Member of the Audit Committee	150,000.00	0.00	150,000.00	37,500.00	
	Sub-total	565,000.08	0.00	565,000.08	184,992.00	
Members of the Executive Committee						
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	Vice-Chairman of the BofD and Chairman of the EC	621,778.37	28,221.61	649,999.98	279,174.00	
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Braganca	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	474,194.30	45,805.74	520,000.04	204,844.00	
João Nuno Oliveira Jorge Palma	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	520,000.04	0.00	520,000.04	229,841.00	
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	Member of the Executive Committee	455,000.00	0.00	455,000.00	205,208.00	
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha	Member of the Executive Committee	421,281.72	33,718.28	455,000.00	190,000.00	
Maria José Henriques Barreto Matos de Campos	Member of the Executive Committee	455,000.00	0.00	455,000.00	91,000.00	
	Sub-total	2,947,254.43	107,745.63	3,055,000.06	1,200,067.00	
	Total values of BCP's Corporate Bodies	4,823,302.47	141,461.67	4,964,764.14	1,928,985.00	

⁽a) - the amounts indicated are net amounts, as laid down in the Regulations for the Execution of the Remuneration Policy of the members of Management and Supervision Bodies.



In the 2020 financial year, the amount of variable remuneration attributed to the executive members of the Board of Directors (Executive Committee) of the Bank is shown in the following table:

B - Annual Variable Remuneration

				Annual Va	riable Remunerati	on (AVR)		
		AV	R attributed in 20)20	AVR (de	ferred) attribute	d in 2019	_
Executive Members of the Board of Directors (Executive Committee)	Position	Amount Attributed ^(a) (€)	Payment made in Cash (€)	Payment made in Shares (€)	Payment made in Cash (€)	No. Shares ^(b) made available (quantity)	Payment made in Shares ^(c) (€)	Income tax withheld of the AVR (Cash + Shares) (€)
Miguel Maya Dias Pinheiro	Vice-Chairman of the BofD and Chairman of the EC	260.000,00	0,00	0,00	18.851,00	73.236	8.414,82	12.242,00
Miguel de Campos Pereira de Bragança	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	205.000,00	0,00	0,00	17.072,59	66.327	7.620,98	10.667,00
João Nuno Oliveira Jorge Palma	Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee	205.000,00	0,00	0,00	17.072,59	66.327	7.620,97	10.914,00
Rui Manuel da Silva Teixeira	Member of the Executive Committee	185.000,00	0,00	0,00	15.075,67	58.569	6.729,57	9.834,00
José Miguel Bensliman Schorcht da Silva Pessanha	Member of the Executive Committee	192.000,00	0,00	0,00	15.075,67	58.569	6.729,57	9.834,00
Maria José Henriques Barreto Matos de Campos	Member of the Executive Committee	185.000,00	0,00	0,00	6.281,50	24.404	2.804,02	1.817,00
	Total	1.232.000,00	0,00	0,00	89.429,02	347.432	39.919,93	55.308,00

- (a) The RWB approved that the portion of the AVR attributed that should be paid in 2020, be deferred for payment in the year in which the payment of dividends to shareholders is resumed, and that the portions that, by nature, would be deferred, be paid in the year in which they are due, provided that the payment of dividends to shareholders has been resumed in the meantime.
- (b) Average closing price from 1 November 2017 to 31 December 2017 of BCP shares: € 0.2574.
- (c) Closing price of BCP shares on 23-06-2020: € 0.1149.

78. Any amounts paid, for any reason whatsoever, by other companies in a control or group relationship, or are subject to a common control.

Considering the provisions in the remuneration policy for members of the Board of Directors transcribed above in item 69, which establish that the net value of the remunerations earned annually by each Executive Director, on account of duties performed in companies or governing bodies to which they have been appointed through indication or in representation of the Bank, shall be deducted from the values of the respective annual fixed remuneration, please see the table above of item 77-A which quantifies these deductions.

79. Remuneration paid in the form of profit sharing and/or bonus payments and the reasons for said bonuses or profit sharing being awarded.

During the financial year to which this Report refers, no remuneration in the form of profit-sharing and/or bonuses was paid.

80. Compensation paid or owed to former executive directors concerning contract termination during the financial year.

During the financial year to which this Report refers, no indemnity was paid or owed to former directors relative to their termination of office during the year.

81. Details of the annual remuneration paid, as a whole and individually, to the members of the company's supervisory board for the purposes of Law No. 28/2009 of 19 June

Due to the governance model adopted by the Bank, the supervisory body - the Audit Committee - is part of the Board of Directors.

Please see the table of item 77. A - Annual Fixed Remuneration.

- 82. Details of the remuneration in the reference year of the chairperson of the general meeting of shareholders and to other employees, as per the requirements of article 47 of the Notice of Banco de Portugal 3/2020
- A) Remuneration of the elected members of the Board of the General Meeting

The Remuneration and Welfare Board took into consideration, for the term of office that began in May 2020, the market practices concerning the major listed companies based in Portugal and similar in size to BCP, having established the annual remuneration of the Chairperson of the Board of the General Meeting at 42,000 Euros and the one of the Vice-Chairperson at 27,600 euros.

- B) Quantitative information concerning the remuneration paid by the Bank to the different categories of employees foreseen in article 115-C (2) of the Legal Framework for Credit Institutions and Financial Companies
 - i) Responsible for the assumption of risks (19 employees)

In 2020, the amount of the remuneration paid by the Bank to those responsible for the assumption of risks, is stated in the following table:

KFH - People responsible for risk taking Remunerations (Euros) 1,941,144.04 Fixed Remuneration Annual Variable monetary Remuneration 56,042.50 Annual Variable Remuneration in shares 34,172.19 Sub-total 2,031,358.73 Mandatory Social Expenses Social Security 447,089.04 SAMS / Médis 32,630.41 Supplementary Pension Plan 1,283.80 Sub-total 481,003.25

ii) Responsible for control functions (12 employees)

Remuneration Costs + Mandatory Social Expenses

In 2020, the amount of the remuneration paid by the Bank to those responsible for the control functions, is stated in the following table:

2,512,361.98

			(Euros)
Fixed Ren	nuneration		1,079,450.6
Annual Va	riable monetary Remuneration		44,841.0
Annual Va	riable Remuneration in shares		18,346.5
		Sub-total	1,142,638.2
Mandatory Socia	l Expenses		
Social Sec	urity		245,280.0
	dis		21,700.9
SAMS / Mé			
	ntary Pension Plan		0.0

iii) Senior management, composed of first line managers who were not included in the previous paragraphs (43 employees)

In 2020, the amount of the remuneration paid by the Bank to the first line employees, not included in the categories indicated in i. and ii., is stated in the following table:

KFH - Top Management, composed of the first line managers who have not been integrated in the previous items

	Euros
	5,942,540.76
	267,884.49
	194,186.3
Sub-total	6,404,611.64
	1,446,635.17
	78,008.93
	11,923.3
	Sub-total

iv Employees whose total remuneration places them in the same remuneration bracket that is foreseen for the members of the management and supervisory bodies or of any of the categories indicated in i to iii above and whose professional activities have a material impact on the Bank's risk profile

There aren't employees in this category.

C Remuneration policy of the employees and subsidiary companies operating in Portugal

The remuneration policy of the Employees and subsidiary companies operating in Portugal was approved by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2020 and appears in the Group Code GR0042 - Framework of the Remuneration Policies and is available at the Bank's website, with the following address:

https://ind.millenniumbcp.pt/en/Institucional/governacao/

V. Agreements with remunerative implications

83. The envisaged contractual restraints for compensation payable for the unfair dismissal of directors and the relevance thereof to the remunerations' variable component.

This issue is ruled by the provisos of article 403 (5) of the Companies Code. herein transcribed: "If a dismissal is not grounded on a fair cause, the director will be entitled to a compensation for damages, in accordance with the agreement established with him/her or as generally permitted by law. That compensation cannot exceed the amount of remunerations he/she would presumably receive until the end of the period of time for which he/she was elected."

Similar to the provision above, the article 10 of the Policy for the Remuneration of the Management and Supervisory Bodies, states that the Director who terminates functions before the end of the term-of office for reasons other than due to renunciation or dismissal with just cause, will be entitled to a compensation to be estimated by the Committee for Nominations and Remunerations and resolved by the Remunerations and Welfare Board, after listening to the Committee for Risk Assessment. The compensation due for a removal from office without a just cause cannot be quantified as a fixed remuneration and its payment must be subject to the subscription of a non-competition commitment for a period of time corresponding to the end of the term-of-office underway on the date of the removal.

Apart from those herein mentioned, no contractual conditions or limitations have been established for compensation payable for dismissal without fair cause

On these issues, see items 71 and 72.

84. Reference to the existence and description, with indication of the amounts involved, of agreements between the company and members of the management board and directors, in observance of number 3 of article 248-B of the Securities Code, which establish compensation in the case of resignation, dismissal without fair grounds or termination of the work relation following a change in the control of the company (article 245-A/1/l))

There are no agreements between the Company and members of the management board, directors, pursuant to number 3 of article 248-B of the Securities Code, or any other employee who reports directly to the management which establish indemnities in the event of resignation, dismissal without fair cause or termination of employment relations following a change in the control of the company, exception made those determined by the general applicable law and by article 10 of the Policy for the Remuneration of the Management and Supervisory Bodies.

VI. Plans for the attribution of shares or stock options

85. to 88.

There are no plans with these features; hence, this chapter VI does not apply to the Bank.

E. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

I. Control mechanisms and procedures

89. Mechanisms implemented by the Company for the purpose of controlling transactions with related parties

The members of the governing bodies as well as the holders of qualifying stakes and entities related to them are identified and marked with special alerts in the Bank's customer databases and computer records.

The internal rules on granting credit foresees specific procedures for the progression of the proposals regarding these entities, in particular, their approval by the Board of Directors and the issue of a prior opinion of the Audit Committee pursuant to an opinion issued by the Compliance Office and by the Risk Office relative to the compliance of the proposed transactions with the internal rules, legal and regulatory provisions, and all other applicable conditions, namely risk-related ones.

Proposals relative to this particular group are submitted to the Audit Committee by the Executive Committee, which, in turn, receives the proposals from the Credit Commission.

This commission's functions are to assess and decide on credit granting to Customers of Banco Comercial Português, in accordance with the competences established by an internal regulation ('Credit Granting, Monitoring and Recovery'). Moreover, this commission also issues advisory opinions on credit proposals from Group subsidiary companies abroad.

The Credit Commission is composed of the totality of the members of the Executive Committee and may function with a minimum of three directors and one of them should be responsible for the proponent area. Apart from these, the Risk Officer, the Compliance Officer, the Heads of the proponent areas, the 'Level 3' credit managers, the subsidiary entities' Credit Commission members (whenever there are proposals originated in those entities) and the Heads of commercial areas are also part of the Credit Commission. The Heads of the following Divisions are also members of this commission: Credit; Specialised Monitoring; Legal Advisory and Litigation; Investment Banking; Specialised and Real Estate Business; Rating and Specialised Recovery.

The Director responsible for Risk, the Risk Officer, the Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit are not entitled to vote but have the right to veto.

The Board of Director, in accordance with its competences, conferred to it by its Regulations, reserved for itself the necessary and sufficient powers for the following acts:

- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, the agreements established between the Bank and holders of stakes above 2% of the Bank's share capital or entities that are in a controlling or group relationship with them or members of the management and supervision body, directly or through third parties, provided that any one of the following conditions applies: (i) the object of the agreement is not encompassed in the Bank's business; (ii) o the material engagement limit for assets and services exceeds the total amount of €100,000/year per group of suppliers part of the same economic group or client group, for the same type of assets or services; (iii) no special advantage is given to the party to the agreement in question;
- Approve, after obtaining a prior opinion from the Audit Committee, credit operations, regardless of their form, to: (i) members of the corporate bodies (ii) shareholders with stakes over 2% of the Bank's share capital, computed under the terms of art. 20 of the Securities Code, and to (iii) natural or legal persons related to either of them.

In what regards credit transactions, the Service Order OS0016 sets forth that the Bank is not allowed to grant loans, directly or indirectly, in any form or of any kind (including acting as guarantor) to the members of its management and supervision bodies or to companies or legal persons directly or indirectly controlled by them

In accordance with the above-mentioned Service Order, the granting of any type of credit (including the provision of guarantees) to:

- entities wherein the members of the Bank's management and supervision bodies are managers or have a qualifying holding that does not ensure a controlling position, directly or indirectly;
- shareholders holding more than 2% of the Bank's share capital and to related entities;

Is subject to the following special procedures:

- Approval by a majority of at least two thirds of the members of the Board of Directors and the members related to the entities involved in the operation are not allowed to vote;
- The documentation on these operations to be sent by the Credit Division to the Executive Committee to be assessed and afterwards sent to the Board of Directors must contain opinions issued by the Bank's Compliance Office and Risk Office on the compliance of the proposed operations with the applicable internal regulations, legal and statutory provisos and all other conditions applicable to them and an opinion issued by the Risk Office assessing the operation's inherent risks;
- The documentation regarding each loan application to be sent to the Board of Directors for final appraisal must include a prior favourable opinion issued by the Audit Committee.

The operations involving related parties are approved at a Meeting of the Board of Director by a majority of, at least, two thirds of the members.

All the members of the Audit Committee are part of the Board of Directors and, as such, participate at the Meeting and in the adoption of the resolution. Therefore, this Committee takes cognizance in loco of the decision made by the Board of Directors, not being justified, for being redundant, any other communication to the Audit Committee.

When an operation with a related party is being debated, the Chairwoman of the Audit Committee, qualified as independent member of the Board of Director, or in her absence a member appointed for that purpose, informs the Board with detail on the contents of the prior opinion issued by the Audit Committee.

Lastly and also in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the members of the Board of Directors and o the supervisory bodies cannot take part in the analysis and in the decision-making process of credit granting operations to companies mentioned in the previous paragraph of which they are managers or wherein they hold stakes and any of these situation requires the approval by, at least, a majority of two thirds of the remaining members of the administration body and a favourable opinion from the Audit Committee.

90. Details of transactions that were subject to control in the referred year.

In 2020, twenty opinions on credit operations, including reviews and extension of limits and 5 on other contracting of products or services with entities related with members of the management and supervisory bodies and shareholders with stakes greater than 2% of the Banks' share capital and entities related to them. were subject to control by the Audit Committee and approval by the Board of Directors.

91. A description of the procedures and criteria applicable to the supervisory body when same provides preliminary assessment of the business deals to be carried out between the company and the holders of qualifying holdings or entity-relationships with the former, as envisaged in Article 20 of the Securities Code

Any business to be conducted between the Company and owners of qualifying holdings or entities which are in any relationship with them, are the object of appraisal and exclusive deliberation by the Board of Directors, supported by analyses and technical opinions issued by the Audit Committee, which in turn take into account approvals given by the Credit Division, in the case of credit operations, or by the Procurement Division and/or other areas involved in the contract, in the case of contracts for the supply of products and services. All the operations, regardless of the respective amount and pursuant to the requirements of Item 10, require a prior opinion from the Compliance Office on the compliance of the proposed operations with the applicable internal regulations, legal and statutory provisos and all other conditions applicable to them and an opinion issued by the Risk Office assessing the operation's inherent risks.

II. Elements relative to business

92. Details of the place where the financial statements including information on business dealings with related parties are available, in accordance with IAS 24, or alternatively a copy of said data

On this issue, see the information provided in the Annual Report for 2020, in appraisal 51 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.